

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

FOR

DONNELLY - SUGARLOAF

1355 KINGS HIGHWAY

**TOWN OF CHESTER
ORANGE COUNTY, NEW YORK**

PREPARED BY
**ENGINEERING
& SURVEYING
PROPERTIES**
*Achieving Successful Results
with Innovative Designs*
71 Clinton Street
Montgomery, NY 12549

JANUARY 2022



This page is left intentionally blank

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION	PAGE
1.0 INTRODUCTION	3
1.1 PURPOSE.....	3
1.2 SCOPE.....	3
2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION.....	3
3.0 TOPOGRAPHY AND SOILS	4
4.0 METHODOLOGY.....	4
5.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANNING	5
5.1 INITIAL SITE PLANNING.....	5
5.1.1 EXISTING CONDITIONS.....	6
5.1.2 PROPOSED CONDITIONS	7
5.2 WATER QUALITY VOLUME.....	8
5.3 RUNOFF REDUCTION VOLUME.....	8
5.4 APPLICATION OF STANDARD SMP'S FOR THE REVISED WQ _v	11
5.5 VOLUME AND PEAK RATE CONTROL.....	12
5.5.1 CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME	12
5.5.2 PEAK RATE CONTROL.....	12
5.6 SOIL RESTORATION	13
6.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.....	15
7.0 LONG TERM MAINTENANCE OF WATER QUALITY FEATURES	17
8.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS.....	18

This page is left intentionally blank

TABLES

TABLE 1: EXISTING DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS	7
TABLE 2: PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS.....	7
TABLE 3: REQUIRED WATER QUALITY VOLUMES.....	8
TABLE 4: SPECIFIC REDUCTION FACTOR (S)*	11
TABLE 5: RUNOFF REDUCTION VOLUMES & REVISED WQV	11
TABLE 6: CALCULATED CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUMES (CPV)	12
TABLE 7: SUMMARY OF RESULTS AT THE DESIGN POINTS	13
TABLE 8: SOIL RESTORATION REQUIREMENTS	14

APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: FIGURES
APPENDIX 2: SOILS MAP AND CLASSIFICATIONS, SOILS TESTING RESULTS & RAINFALL DATA
APPENDIX 3: CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS
APPENDIX 4: TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS
APPENDIX 5: WATER QUALITY VOLUME CALCULATIONS & RUNOFF REDUCTION VOLUME CALCULATIONS
APPENDIX 6: HYDROGRAPH DIAGRAMS & SUMMARIES
APPENDIX 7: EXISTING 1-, 10-, 100-YEAR HYDROGRAPHS
APPENDIX 8: PROPOSED 1-, 10-, 100-YEAR HYDROGRAPHS
APPENDIX 9: RESERVOIR REPORTS
APPENDIX 10: CONSTRUCTION SITE INSPECTION FORM, NOTICE OF INTENT, AND MS4 ACCEPTANCE
APPENDIX 11: SYSTEM MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION PROCEEDURES, CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT & SPILL PREVENTION PLANS

This page is left intentionally blank

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Engineering & Surveying Properties, PC (EP) prepared this report summarizing the potential stormwater impact of the proposed development of the property, known as Donnelly Sugarloaf, on downstream properties and receiving waters.

1.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) is to:

- a. Maintain existing drainage patterns as much as possible and continue the conveyance of upland watershed runoff;
- b. Mitigate increases in stormwater runoff resulting from the proposed development without adversely affecting downstream conditions;
- c. Mitigate potential stormwater impacts and prevent soil erosion and sedimentation resulting from stormwater runoff.

1.2 SCOPE

The scope of the SWPPP for Donnelly Sugarloaf described herein is as follows:

- a) Describe and estimate existing stormwater runoff conditions;
- b) Describe and estimate proposed stormwater runoff conditions;
- c) Describe and evaluate stormwater management facilities planned as part of the proposed development.

2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Donnelly Sugarloaf project is a development of a project site on ± 2.31 acres located on the western side of Kings Highway and east of Creamery Pond in the hamlet of Sugarloaf which is within the Town of Chester, Orange County, New York. The project is defined as Town of Chester tax lot, Section 13 Block 3 Lots 2. A site location map is included as Figure 1 in Appendix 1.

As proposed, the Donnelly Sugarloaf project involves the construction of a $\pm 7,800$ square foot catering facility with attached residence on the northern edge of the parcel which will be added onto the existing structure on site. A detached 24'x40' accessory barn is proposed to be constructed in the southwest corner of the parcel. Access to the site will come via an existing driveway from Kings Highway which will be utilized as a one-way entrance and a separate existing driveway will be used as an exit. Associated parking

areas and infrastructure will be built/ expanded to serve the proposed project. Two stormwater management facilities will be constructed to mitigate stormwater runoff quality and quantity increases from the proposed expansion as well as a water quality basin.

3.0 TOPOGRAPHY AND SOILS

The existing topography in the Donnelly Sugarloaf project area is generally sloping across the site to the west, ranging from approximately 533 feet above mean sea level (AMSL) to 503 feet AMSL. The eastern portion of the project site is gently sloped (0%-10%) making up approximately 48% of the site. Moderate sloped areas (10%-15%) consist of approximately 12% of the site. The area of significant slope (15%-25%) on site represents 20% of the site area, with the remaining portion of the site (20%) consisting of severe slopes (>25%). The majority of the significant and severe slopes generally exist across the center of the project site sloping down towards Creamery Pond.

Soils information for the Donnelly Sugarloaf project area was assembled from data provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service printed in the Soil Survey of Orange County identifies the presence of Hoosic (HoB & HoC) and Alden (Ab) soil complexes within the areas of the proposed project site. These soils are considered to be a part of the “A” & “D” hydrologic soils group. The soils survey also shows small areas of water from Creamery Pond. A soil map is included as in Appendix 2.

4.0 METHODOLOGY

The methodology utilized for this analysis is based upon the U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service’s Technical Release No. 20 and Technical Release No. 55, as utilized by the software entitled Hydrology Studio.

Hydrology Studio is a Microsoft Windows based program for analyzing the hydrology and hydraulics of stormwater runoff. It utilizes the latest techniques to predict the stormwater flows from any given storm event.

Hydrology Studio has the capability of computing hydrographs (representing discharge rates characteristic of specific watershed conditions, precipitation and geologic factors), combining hydrographs, and routing flows through pipes, streams and ponds. A drainage

model can consist of four different components - subareas, combinations, reaches and reservoirs.

A subarea consists of a relatively homogeneous area of land, which produces a volume and rate of runoff unique to that watershed. A subarea combination is the hydrologic addition of two subareas in order to determine the peak runoff at a design point. A reach is a channelized conveyance structure which routes the runoff from one point to another. A reservoir consists of a natural or man-made impoundment which temporarily stores stormwater runoff and that empties in a manner determined by various hydraulic structures located at its outlet.

The SWPPP for the Donnelly Sugarloaf was based upon the New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual published by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) issued on January 2015. Criteria set forth by this manual, requires analysis and determination of the required Water Quality Volume (WQv), to provide extended detention of the 1-year storm event for Stream Channel Protection (Cpv), to control the peak discharge of the 10-year storm event also known as Overbank Flood Protection Criteria (Qp), and to control the peak discharge and safely pass the 100-year storm event otherwise known as Extreme Flood Control Criteria (Qf).

The SWPPP for Donnelly Sugarloaf was developed utilizing the “five step” process for Stormwater Site Planning and Practice Selection. The five steps consist of site planning, determination of the water quality treatment volume, runoff reduction volumes applied through the use of “green technologies”, application of standard stormwater management practices (SMP’s) for remaining water quality volumes, and application of volume and peak rate control methods as required. Each of the five “steps” is further discussed in detail within this report.

5.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANNING

5.1 INITIAL SITE PLANNING

Development of the proposed site plan within the “site planning” process was an iterative process with different conceptual layouts developed for the project site. The current proposed plan was developed after careful consideration of many planning techniques and potential environmental impacts. The proposed site plan

was devised to protect and preserve natural features, maintain natural drainage patterns, and avoid to the greatest extent practical, the disturbance of erodible soils. The site plan with proposed watershed boundaries can be seen as Figure 3 in Appendix 1.

The hydrologic and hydraulic analysis was performed by delineating the tributary watershed to the design point and then dividing these tributary areas into relatively homogeneous subareas. The separation of the watershed into subareas was dictated by watershed conditions, methods of collection, conveyance and points of discharge. Watershed characteristics for each subarea were then assessed from topographical maps, soil surveys, site investigations and land use maps.

5.1.1 EXISTING CONDITIONS

The existing watershed within the site and areas contributory to the site's discharge location consists of two (2) distinct drainage areas with two (2) design points. The existing property generally slopes to the west and existing stormwater runoff from a majority of the site flow towards Creamery Pond on the western edge of the property. The remaining area is located along the eastern portion of the site and flows towards Kings Highway. Figure 2 in Appendix 1 identifies the subareas and their corresponding design points. The characteristics of each of the existing subareas of this watershed are detailed within Table 1 below.

The watershed was delineated and a contributory area, a curve number (CN) and time of concentration (Tc) was determined for the watershed. Calculations for the CN's and Tc's are included in Appendices 3 and 4, respectively. It should be noted that the total contributory area includes off-site areas where appropriate and therefore, the total drainage area size will differ from the project development area.

TABLE 1: EXISTING DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS

DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION	DRAINAGE AREA SIZE (Ac.)	CN	Tc (min)
EX – A	1.10	80	10.20
EX – B	1.71	54	9.60
TOTAL	2.81		

The watershed responses to the 1-, 10- and 100-year 24-hour storm events were computed and evaluated at the design point. The peak rates of runoff at each of the 1-, 10-, & 100-year storm events are presented in Table 9. Stormwater computations are attached at the end of this report in Appendices 7 & 8.

5.1.2 PROPOSED CONDITIONS

For this analysis, the existing watersheds was broken down into a post-development watershed consisting of two (2) subareas and one (1) stormwater facility while maintaining the two design points. The subareas under the proposed development are identified in Figure 3. The characteristics of each proposed subarea are detailed in Table 2 below. It should be noted that the total contributory area includes off-site area and therefore, the total drainage area size will differ from the project development area.

TABLE 2: PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS

DRAINAGE AREA DESIGNATION	DRAINAGE AREA SIZE (Ac.)	CN	Tc (min)
PR-A	0.75	86	13.20
PR-B1	0.98	85	10.80
PR-B2	0.54	84	6.00
PR-B3	0.53	54	13.20
TOTAL	2.81		

5.2 WATER QUALITY VOLUME

The second step of the stormwater site planning process is determination of the required water quality treatment volume (WQ_v). WQ_v is calculated using the 90% Rule as defined by NYSDEC Stormwater Management Design Manual. The 90% Rule is defined as:

$$WQ_v = [(P)(R_v)(A)] / 12$$

Where: P is the 90% Rainfall Event Number
 R_v is equal to 0.05 + 0.009*I
 I is the Impervious Cover in percent
 A is the subarea total acreage

The WQ_v was calculated for both watersheds encompassing the entire project site, as well as including additional off-site areas. The results of the WQ_v calculations are included in Table 3 below.

TABLE 3: REQUIRED WATER QUALITY VOLUMES

WQ _v (Ac-ft)	
SITE	0.133

5.3 RUNOFF REDUCTION VOLUME

Step three of the stormwater site planning process is the incorporation of “green infrastructure technologies” and standard SMP’s with runoff reduction volume (RR_v) capacity. The intended result of RR_v, is to treat 100% of the WQ_v and replicate pre-development hydrology, however if unattainable, provide the minimum RR_v required and provide additional treatment for the remaining WQ_v. Each of the following green technologies and standard SMP’s with RR_v capacity were analyzed for implementation along with an explanation of how they are used or unable to be used on this project. The location of the green technologies used can be seen in Figure 4.

Green Technologies

- Conservation of Natural Areas
 - The property is small, and proposed as almost fully developed therefore conservation of natural areas is not proposed.

- Sheet flow to Riparian Buffers / Filter Areas
 - As all areas suitable for a riparian buffer and filter areas are contributory offsite and would preclude any future development of adjacent properties, therefore the implementation of this practice is not proposed.
- Vegetated Open Swales
 - As all areas suitable for vegetated open swales have been accounted for in other green technologies, the implementation for this practice is not proposed.
- Tree Planting / Tree Box
 - The site design proposes a landscaping plan however this landscaping will be utilized for aesthetic purposes only and will not be designed to incorporate stormwater quality treatment.
- Disconnection of Rooftop runoff
 - Due to a lack of filter strips or grassed areas uphill of the stormwater conveyance paths, the rooftop runoff from the proposed buildings will be directly connected to catch basins.
- Stream Daylighting
 - There are no culverted/piped streams on-site that can be day-lighted therefore this technology is not applicable to this project.
- Rain Gardens
 - Due to the fact that most of the tributary roof areas or pavement drainage areas consist of areas greater than 1,000 sq.ft., rain gardens could not be utilized as a green technology on this project.
- Green Roof
 - As all the areas of the proposed development, including all new rooftop areas, have been accounted for in other green technologies, the implementation of this practice is not proposed.
- Stormwater Planters
 - Stormwater planters are suitable for small runoff areas such as rooftops or plaza and courtyards. This project is utilizing other

technologies for treatment of rooftop runoff; therefore, the green technology of stormwater planters was not implemented.

- Rain Tanks/Cistern
 - Rain Tanks and cisterns are well-suited to treat rooftop runoff, however as previously stated, the rooftop disconnect technology was included in the design for this project.
- Porous Pavement
 - Porous pavement was not considered as areas eligible for porous pavement have already been considered under a different runoff reduction practice and soil type “D” is not desirable for this practice.
- Soil Restoration
 - Soil restoration measures must be applied to all areas of disturbance that will be re-established as non-impervious cover to recover the original properties and porosity of the soil to the greatest extent practical. Soil restoration techniques and requirements are discussed further in Section 5.6 of this report.

Standard SMP's with RR_v Capacity

- Infiltration Practice
 - The use of infiltration practices is proposed as the soils were found to be very porous and allow for significant infiltration rates.
- Bio-Retention Practice
 - A bio-retention facility has not been considered due to the lack of area to incorporate into the design and therefore is not proposed.
- Dry Swale (Open Channel Practice)
 - Dry swales were not utilized for this project as all areas of proposed development have been accounted in other green technologies.

The RR_v for each of the green technologies used has been calculated for the point of analysis. The total RR_v was calculated and compared to the WQ_v for the design point. The minimum RR_v is based upon the hydrological soil group (HSG)

classification within the watershed and is defined a Specific Reduction Factor (S). The reduction factors for each HSG are shown below in Table 4.

TABLE 4: SPECIFIC REDUCTION FACTOR (S)*

HSG	S
A	0.55
B	0.40
C	0.30
D	0.20

* Watersheds with multiple HSG's shall utilize a weighted average

RR_{v MIN} was calculated for each watershed in accordance with the following formula:

$$RR_{v \text{ MIN}} = [(P)(0.95)(S)(I)] / 12$$

The total calculated RR_v provided is compared to the RR_{v MIN} to ensure that the green technologies proposed are providing the minimum reduction of the WQ_v as required. The RR_{v MIN} and the total RR_v provided along with the revised WQ_v are shown below in Table 5. The revised WQ_v is calculated using the 90% rule as noted in Section 5.2 above, however, the contributory area and impervious area are reduced through the application of green technologies that have been utilized. The calculations for the required and adjusted water quality volumes along with the runoff reduction volumes calculations are shown in Appendix 5.

TABLE 5: RUNOFF REDUCTION VOLUMES & REVISED WQV

RR _{v MIN}	Total RR _v (Provided)	Revised WQ _v
0.064	0.074	0.051

5.4 APPLICATION OF STANDARD SMP'S FOR THE REVISED WQ_v

Continuing with the stormwater site planning process, step four is to ensure treatment for the remaining WQ_v is provided. The Design volume of Basin (WQ_v Provided) accounts to 0.096 ac-ft as shown on the calculations page 2 of 2 in Appendix 5. The RR_v provided (0.086 ac-ft) is greater than the RR_{v min}. (0.022 ac-ft) but in accordance with NYSDEC guidelines only 90% of the required WQ_v can be accounted as RR_v, so the remainder of WQ_v is accounted for within the

infiltration chambers since they are considered standard SMPs with RRv capacity. In addition, the entire 1 year runoff volume is infiltrated therefore meeting the RRv requirements.

5.5 VOLUME AND PEAK RATE CONTROL

The fifth and final step of the stormwater site planning process is to apply volume and peak rate control as necessary through the use of standard stormwater management practices. In preparing the SWPPP, it was determined that on-site stormwater facility of an underground storage system will be necessary to mitigate the potential increase in peak stormwater runoff rates from the proposed site improvements.

5.5.1 CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME

The required volume control consists of Channel Protection Volume (C_{pv}) which is designed to protect downstream channels from erosion. The C_{pv} is achieved through providing extended detention of the 1-year storm event for any volume not previously reduced through runoff reduction volume reduction (RR_v), for a period of 24 hours. The calculated 1-year storm event runoff volume along with the required C_{pv} volume provided are shown in Table 6. However, as the total 1-year storm runoff from all paved areas are infiltrated back into the ground, no additional C_{pv} is required.

TABLE 6: CALCULATED CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUMES (CPV)

Basin	1-Yr Runoff Volume (Ac-ft)	RR _v Provided (Ac-ft)	C _{p_v} Required (Ac-ft)	C _{p_v} Provided (Ac-ft)
Underground Detention	0.000	0.074	0.000	0.000

5.5.2 PEAK RATE CONTROL

The peak discharge rate is controlled utilizing the storage volume available in the stormwater pond and controlling discharge through an overflow weir. The watershed responses to the 1-, 10- and 100-year - 24-hour storm events were computed and evaluated at the aforementioned design points. The peak rates of runoff realized at the design points are presented in Table 9 below. Stormwater computations are attached at the end of this report.

The total peak runoff rates at the design point for the existing condition as well as the final proposed condition have been calculated and shown below in Table 9. The peak runoff rates have been reduced in the proposed conditions during the 1-, 10- and 100-year design storms for all drainage areas on site.

TABLE 7: SUMMARY OF RESULTS AT THE DESIGN POINTS

Criteria		Design Point A	Design Point B
1 – YEAR (Cpv)	Existing (cfs)	1.03	0.024
	Proposed (cfs)	1.01	0.022
	Reduction (cfs)	-0.03	-0.002
	Reduction (%)	-2.8%	-8.3%
10 – YEAR (Qp)	Existing (cfs)	2.89	1.11
	Proposed (cfs)	2.38	0.94
	Reduction (cfs)	-0.51	-0.17
	Reduction (%)	-17.7%	-15.1%
100 – YEAR (Qf)	Existing (cfs)	6.40	5.26
	Proposed (cfs)	4.80	4.61
	Reduction (cfs)	-1.60	-0.65
	Reduction (%)	-24.9%	-12.4%

Since the runoff rates have been decreased in the post-development condition, there will be no adverse impact to the downstream receiving waters. Therefore, the SWPPP designed for the Donnelly Sugarloaf will accomplish the intent of its design.

5.6 SOIL RESTORATION

Soil restoration is intended to recover the original properties and porosity of the soil to the greatest extent practicable. Soil restoration measures shall be applied to any disturbed area within the project prior to establishment of permanent vegetation and installation of landscaping. Any proposed impervious areas do not require soil restoration measures. Soil restoration measures such as tilling allows for compacted soil to gather oxygen and create temporary and even permanent air voids and when combined with the incorporation of organic material, greatly

improves the soils characteristics to temporarily store water and subsequent runoff reduction through infiltration and evapotranspiration.

Various soil disturbance activities related to construction of land development within various soil types and the associated minimum required soil restoration techniques are shown in Table 9.

TABLE 8: SOIL RESTORATION REQUIREMENTS

Type of Soil Disturbance	Soil Restoration Requirement		Comments / Examples
No Soil Disturbance	Restoration not permitted		Preservation of Natural Features
Minimal Soil Disturbance	Restoration not required		Clearing and Grubbing
Areas where topsoil is stripped only – NO change in grade.	HSG A & B	HSG C & D	Protect Areas from any ongoing construction activities.
	Apply 6" of topsoil	Aerate* and apply 6" of topsoil	
Areas of cut or fill	HSG A & B	HSG C & D	
	Aerate* and apply 6" of topsoil	Apply full Soil Restoration*	
Heavy traffic areas on site (especially in a zone 5'-25' around buildings, but not within the 5' perimeter around the foundation walls)	Apply full Soil Restoration** (de-compaction and compost enhancement)		
Areas where Runoff Reduction and/or Infiltration Practices are applied.	Restoration not required, but maybe applied to enhance the reduction specified for appropriate practices		Keep construction equipment from crossings these areas. To protect newly installed practice from any ongoing construction activities construct a single phase operation fence area.
Redevelopment projects	Soil restoration is required on redevelopment projects in areas where existing impervious area will be converted to pervious area		

* Aeration includes the use of machines such as tractor-drawn implements with coulters making a narrow slit in the soil, a roller with many spikes making indentations in the soil, or prongs which function like a mini-subsoiler.

** Per "Deep Ripping and De-compaction Guidelines", NYSDEC 2008

6.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

Soil erosion and sediment control measures have been detailed on the plans and outlined herein. The following are general measures that should be implemented:

- a. Damage to surface waters resulting from erosion and sedimentation shall be minimized by stabilizing disturbed areas and by removing sediment from construction site discharge.
- b. Following the completion of construction activities in any portion of the site, permanent vegetation shall be re-established on all exposed soils within 14 days. Also, in areas where construction will temporarily cease for 21 days or more, the site shall be stabilized within 7 days of the last construction activity. After completion of final rough grading, topsoil shall be spread to a depth of 6 inches or more and tested for nutrient and soil composition. The topsoil shall be amended as necessary to encourage successful growth of proposed vegetation.
- c. Site preparation activities shall be planned to minimize the area and duration of soil disturbance. The project is proposed to be built in a single phase while limiting the amount of disturbance at any one time. The plans approved for construction contains a detailed “Erosion & Settlement Control Plan” which depicts the limits of grading along with the required earth cut and fill locations (including stockpile (topsoil and excess material) locations if necessary). In addition, site specific phased erosion control measures required are shown on the approved plans for construction. In accordance with the NYSDEC GP-0-20-001 permit.
- d. Permanent traffic corridors shall be established and “routes of convenience” shall be avoided. Off-site sediment tracking shall be minimized through regularly scheduled sweeping and good housekeeping of construction vehicles.
- e. Additional measures shall be implemented for any site work occurring during the “winter months period” which generally consists of November 15th through April 1st. The additional measures shall be in accordance with the Standards

and Specifications for Winter Stabilization as detailed in the New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion Control, latest edition, as published by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

- f. A qualified professional shall inspect and log the erosion and sediment control measures once every seven days once earth disturbance has commenced and continue until the site has achieved final stabilization in accordance with the requirements. During times of possible inactivity (i.e. winter months), upon the site being temporarily stabilized, the professional shall perform inspections monthly. The professional shall make recommendations to the operator on how to maintain the integrity and function of all temporary erosion control measures throughout the duration of the development process. Any deficiencies in the measures shall be corrected as soon as possible by the operator.
- g. An up to date Construction Site Log Book which includes this SWPPP for “Donnelly Sugarloaf” shall be maintained on site at all times during construction. The Construction Site Log Book shall include at a minimum the following items:
 - SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges (Permit No. GP- 0-20-001)
 - A copy of the Final (or updated if revised) SWPPP
 - A copy of the Final (or updated if revised) Site Plans
 - A copy of the Notice of Intent (NOI)
 - A copy of the MS4 Signoff (if applicable)
 - A copy of the 5 acre waiver from the MS4 (if applicable)
 - A copy of the Acknowledgement of the NOI from the NYSDEC
 - Owner & Contractor Certifications
 - Copies of all erosion & sediment control inspections
- h. .

In particular, the following measures will be implemented:

- a. Pre-Construction Installation: Prior to any disturbance on site, silt fence shall be installed in accordance with the approved plans in the area of the first phase. Prior to commencement of any subsequent phase, silt fence shall be installed in the proper phase in accordance with the approved plans. Siltation barriers

shall be maintained in good condition and reinforced, extended, repaired or replaced as necessary.

- b. In no case shall erodible materials be stockpiled within 25 feet of any ditch, stream or other surface water body.
- c. Permanent vegetative cover: Immediately following the completion of construction activity in any portion of the site, permanent vegetation shall be established on all exposed soils by properly seeding at a coverage rate as noted on the approved plans and covered with straw. Water shall be applied to newly seeded areas as needed until grass cover is well established.
- d. Washouts shall be immediately repaired, reseeded and protected from further erosion. All accumulated sediment shall be removed and contained in appropriate spoil areas. To effectively control wind erosion, water shall be applied to all exposed soils as necessary

7.0 LONG TERM MAINTENANCE OF WATER QUALITY FEATURES

Upon completion of the project, the ownership and maintenance of the stormwater facilities shall be of private ownership. The responsible entity shall be responsible to ensure that the facilities operate and function as designed through proper maintenance as follows.

- a. Regular inspection and maintenance of the proposed facility is required to ensure its long-term water quality and quantity reduction functions. Maintenance requirements for the underground storage facility are as follows:
 - i. The isolator row of the underground chamber units shall be inspected every 6 months and cleaned at a minimum of once every 2 years and if sediment accumulation reaches a depth greater than 4”.
 - ii. All catch basins, outlet manholes and end sections shall be inspected annually for debris and operability. Any deficiencies shall be repaired or removed immediately.

- iii. Catch basins shall be vacuum cleaned once every three years or if determined necessary upon visual inspection.

8.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

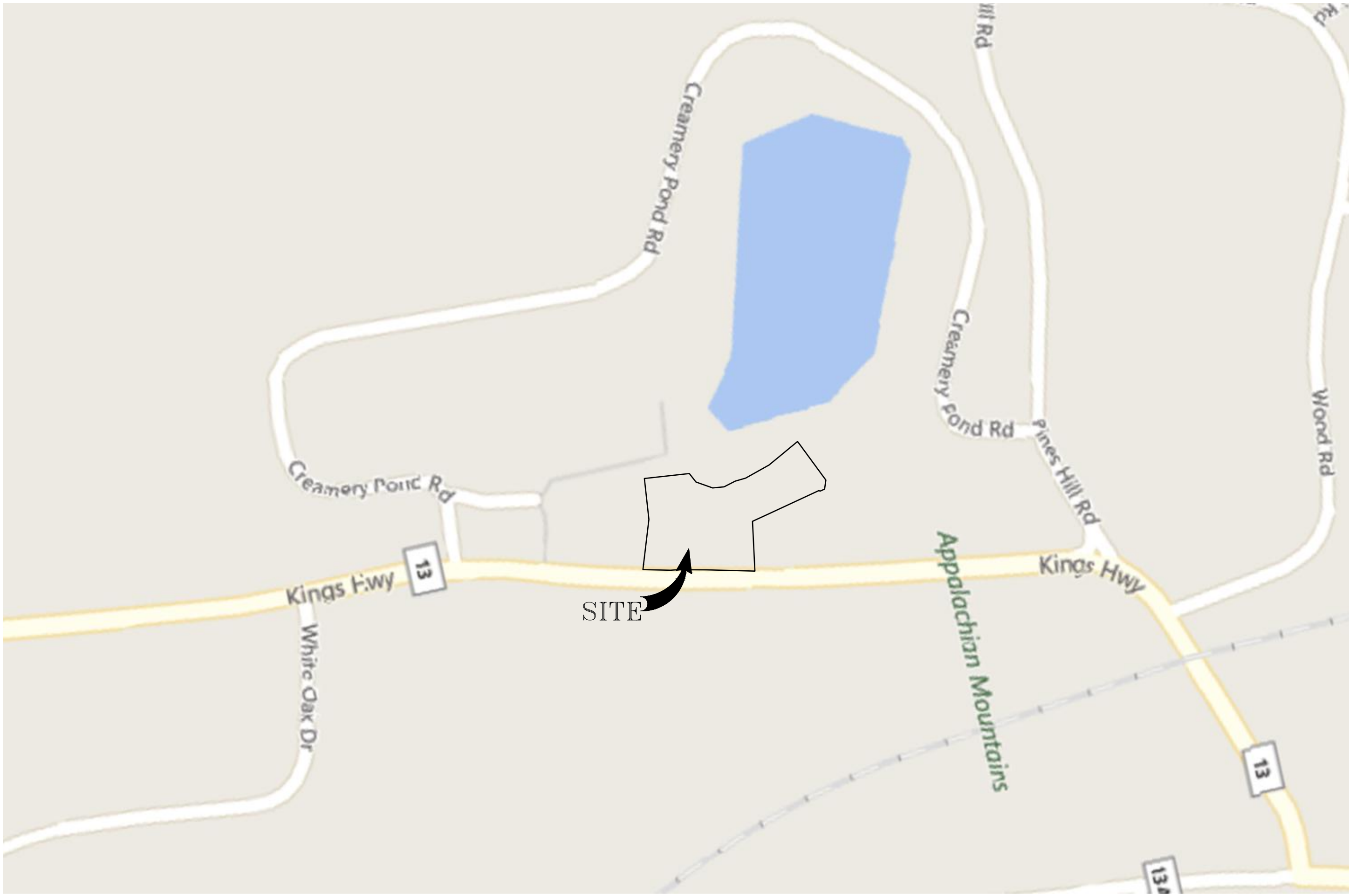
Based on the analysis of the pre-development and post-development stormwater conditions, and the implementation of stormwater quality and sediment and erosion control measures, the potential stormwater impacts of the “Monarch Woods Senior Community” project will be mitigated to the greatest extent practical.

- a. Prevent increases in flooding and flood damage through the reduction of the rate of runoff from all areas.
- b. Reduce the erosion potential from the development through the reduction of the rate of runoff from the project site and through the implementation of the soil and erosion control measures outlined on the project plans and as highlighted herein.
- c. Decreases non-point source pollution and water quality degradation through the use of multiple “green technologies” including sheet flow to filter strips, vegetated open swales, tree plantings, roof top connections, soil restoration.
- d. Those portions of the site which do not direct runoff into a stormwater management practice, will sheet flow through proposed lawn areas and through existing vegetative cover prior to discharging from the site.
- e. All criteria set forth in the New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual have been met.
- f. Post-development peak discharge rates will be reduced below pre-development peak discharge rates or their impacts minimized.
- g. Sediment and erosion control measures are designed to minimize erosion loss and downstream sediment deposits.

APPENDIX 1

FIGURES

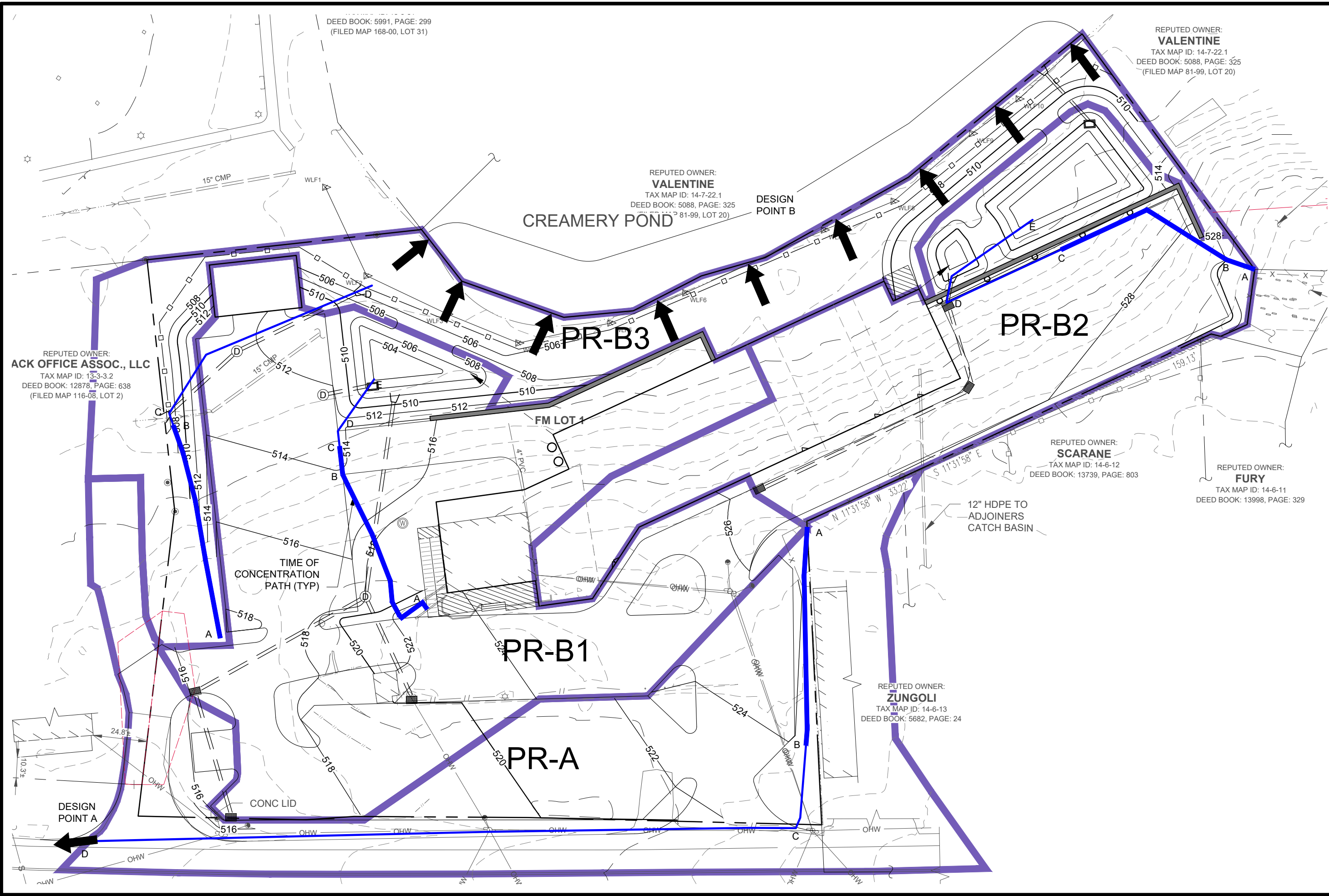
This page is left intentionally blank



LOCATION MAP	DONNELLY - SUGARLOAF 1355 KINGS HIGHWAY TOWN OF CHESTER ORANGE COUNTY, NEW YORK	DATE: 12/22/20	JOB #	1246.01	<div><div>ENGINEERING & SURVEYING</div><div>PROPERTIES</div><div>Achieving Successful Results with Innovative Designs</div></div>	<div><div>MONTGOMERY OFFICE 71 CLINTON STREET MONTGOMERY, NY 12549 Ph: (845) 452-7727 WWW.EP-PC.COM</div><div></div></div>
			SHEET #			
			SCALE: 1" = 40'			

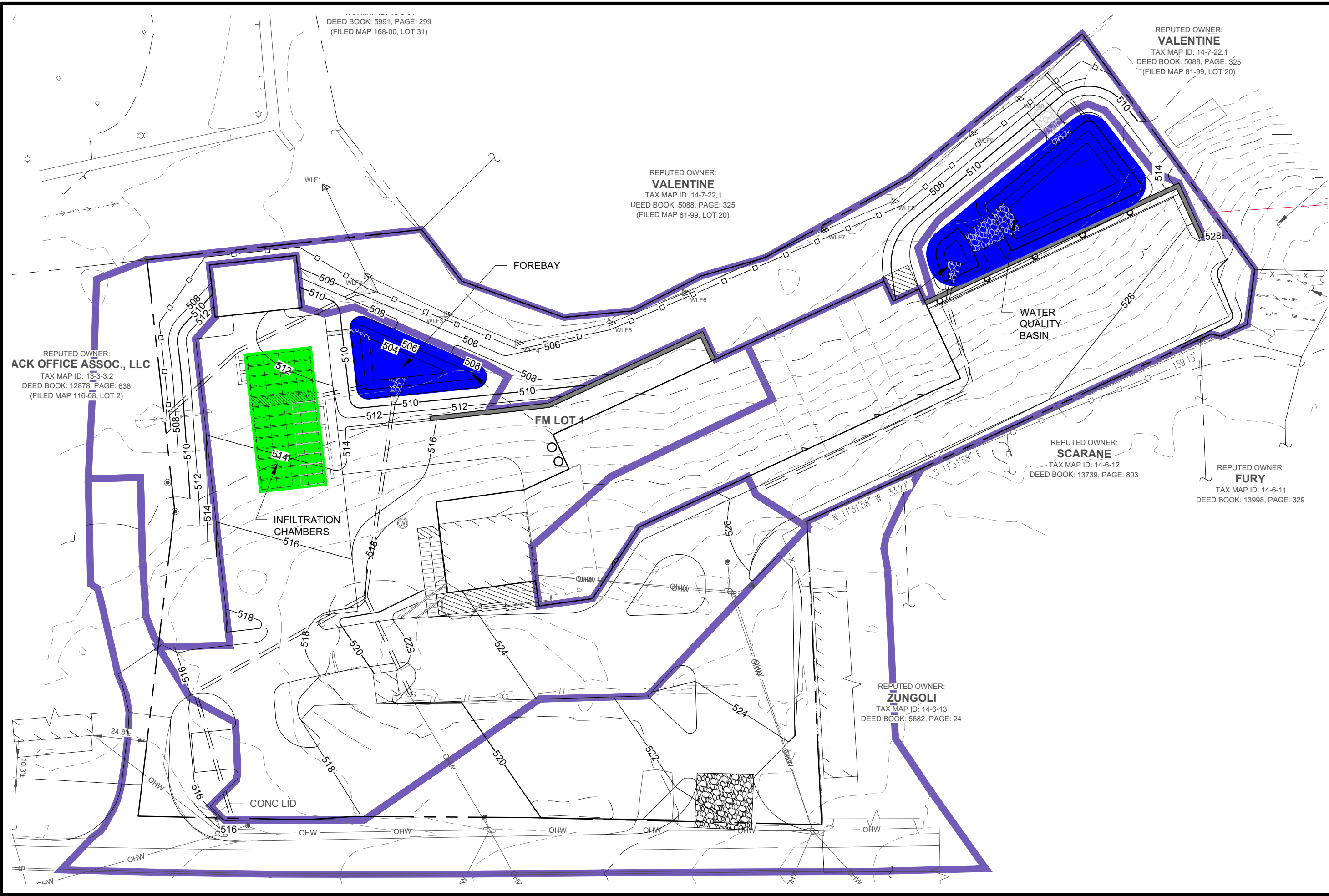
EXISTING CONDITIONS

Drawing Name: Z:\1246.01 - Donnelly - Sugarloaf\SWM.dwg Date Printed: Jan 14, 2022, 11:26am



PROPOSED CONDITIONS	DONNELLY - SUGARLOAF 1355 KINGS HIGHWAY TOWN OF CHESTER ORANGE COUNTY, NEW YORK		MONTGOMERY OFFICE 71 CLINTON STREET MONTGOMERY, NY 12549 Ph: (845) 457-7727 WWW.EP-PC.COM	
	DATE:	01/10/22	JOB #	1246.01
	SCALE:	1" = 40'	SHEET #	F-3

Drawing Name: Z:\1246.01 - Donnelly - Sugarloaf\SWM.dwg Date Printed: Jan 14, 2022, 11:24am



GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE	DONNELLY - SUGARLOAF 1355 KINGS HIGHWAY TOWN OF CHESTER ORANGE COUNTY, NEW YORK		MONTGOMERY OFFICE 71 CLINTON STREET MONTGOMERY, NY 12549 Ph: (845) 457-7727 WWW.EP-PC.COM	
	DATE:	01/10/22	JOB #	1246.01
	SCALE:	1" = 40'	SHEET #	F-4

APPENDIX 2

SOILS MAP AND

CLASSIFICATIONS, SOILS

TESTING RESULTS & RAINFALL

DATA

This page is left intentionally blank

INFILTRATION TEST RESULTS

WO. NO.
1246.01

DATE
04/20/21

REVISED

SHEET
1

OF
1

PROJECT TITLE

Donnelly - Sugarloaf

LOCATION

Town of Chester

CALCULATED BY
MP

APPROVED BY
RW

REF DRAWING(S)

Test Hole Number	Test Hole Depth	Test Hole Diameter	Time	Infiltration Test Runs (Water drop in inches over One Hour)				Average Drop
1	24"	6"	Start:	10:20 AM	11:20 AM	12:20 PM	1:20 AM	23.0
			Finish:	11:20 AM	12:20 PM	1:20 AM	2:20 AM	
			Drop:	24.00	24.00	24.00	20.00	

Comments: _____

2	24"	6"	Start:	10:50 AM	11:25 AM	12:18 PM	1:18 AM	23.0
			Finish:	11:25 AM	12:18 PM	1:18 AM	2:18 AM	
			Drop:	24.00	24.00	24.00	20.00	

Comments: _____

3	24"	6"	Start:	9:25 AM	10:25 AM	11:30 AM	12:25 PM	24.0
			Finish:	10:25 AM	11:20 AM	12:25 PM	1:25 AM	
			Drop:	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	

Comments: _____

4	24"	6"	Start:	9:45 AM	10:30 AM	11:30 AM	12:30 PM	24.0
			Finish:	10:30 AM	11:30 AM	12:30 PM	1:30 AM	
			Drop:	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	

Comments: _____

			Start:					
			Finish:					
			Drop:					

Comments: _____

			Start:					
			Finish:					
			Drop:					

Comments: _____

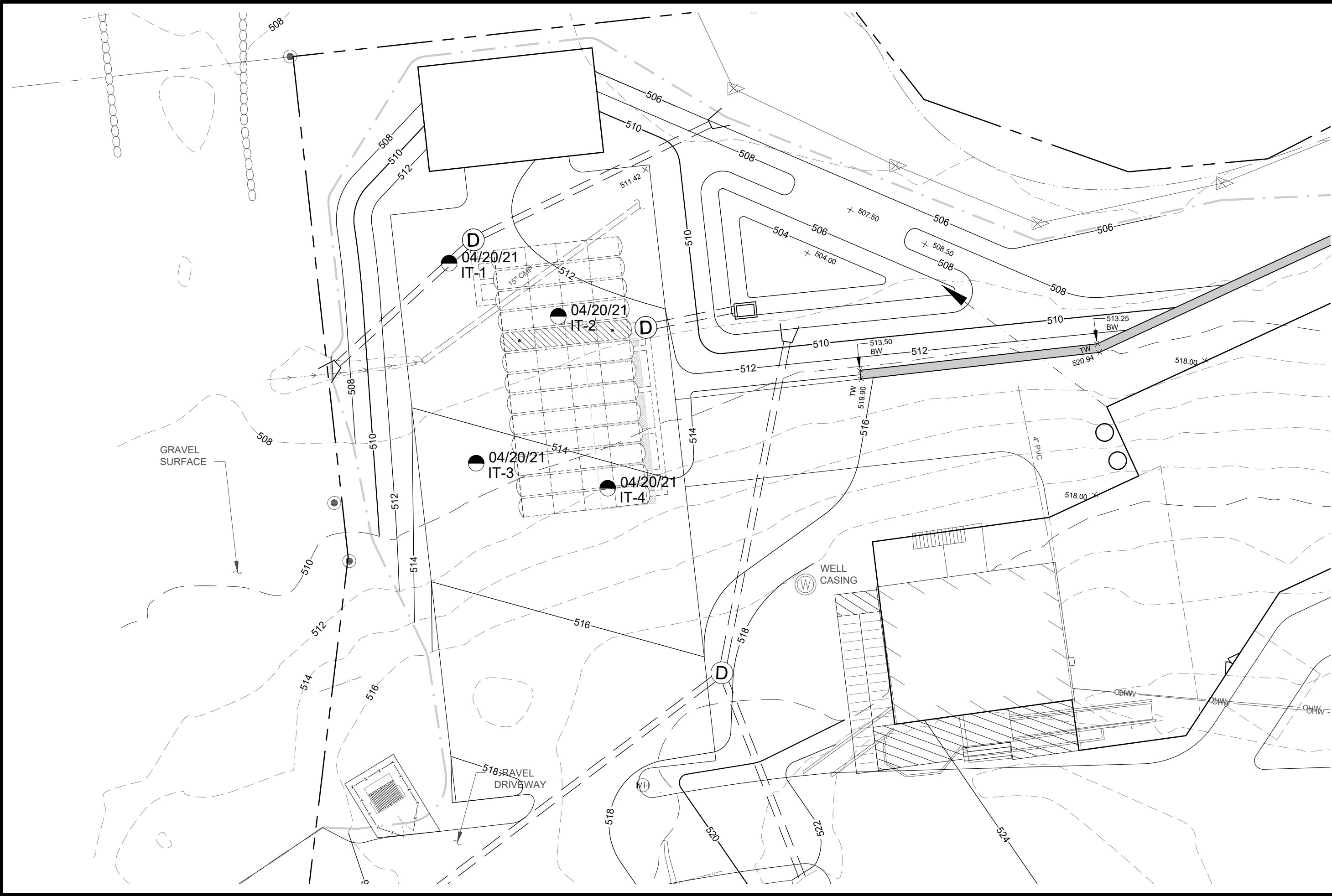
			Start:					
			Finish:					
			Drop:					

Comments: _____

			Start:					
			Finish:					
			Drop:					

Comments: _____

This page is left intentionally blank



INFLTRATION TESTING LOCATIONS	DONNELLY - SUGARLOAF 1355 KINGS HIGHWAY TOWN OF CHESTER ORANGE COUNTY, NEW YORK		DATE: 01/19/22	JOB # 1246.01	 Achieving Successful Results with Innovative Designs	MONTGOMERY OFFICE 71 CLINTON STREET MONTGOMERY, NY 12549 Ph: (845) 457-7727 WWW.EP-PC.COM
			SCALE: 1" = 20'	SHEET #		
				T-1		

Extreme Precipitation Tables

Northeast Regional Climate Center

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

Smoothing	Yes
State	New York
Location	
Longitude	74.288 degrees West
Latitude	41.317 degrees North
Elevation	0 feet
Date/Time	Wed, 08 Jan 2020 14:48:20 -0500

Extreme Precipitation Estimates

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.33	0.51	0.63	0.82	1.03	1.28	1yr	0.89	1.20	1.46	1.79	2.19	2.66	3.07	1yr	2.35	2.95	3.39	4.09	4.73	1yr
2yr	0.40	0.62	0.76	1.00	1.25	1.55	2yr	1.08	1.45	1.77	2.17	2.65	3.22	3.67	2yr	2.85	3.53	4.04	4.76	5.42	2yr
5yr	0.46	0.72	0.90	1.20	1.54	1.94	5yr	1.33	1.79	2.23	2.74	3.33	4.03	4.64	5yr	3.57	4.46	5.09	5.88	6.65	5yr
10yr	0.52	0.81	1.03	1.39	1.81	2.29	10yr	1.56	2.10	2.65	3.26	3.97	4.79	5.54	10yr	4.24	5.33	6.07	6.91	7.77	10yr
25yr	0.60	0.95	1.21	1.68	2.24	2.87	25yr	1.93	2.60	3.32	4.10	5.00	6.02	7.02	25yr	5.33	6.75	7.66	8.55	9.56	25yr
50yr	0.68	1.09	1.39	1.95	2.63	3.40	50yr	2.27	3.06	3.95	4.88	5.94	7.16	8.40	50yr	6.33	8.08	9.13	10.05	11.19	50yr
100yr	0.77	1.24	1.60	2.27	3.09	4.03	100yr	2.67	3.60	4.69	5.82	7.08	8.51	10.06	100yr	7.54	9.67	10.90	11.82	13.11	100yr
200yr	0.87	1.42	1.84	2.63	3.64	4.77	200yr	3.14	4.23	5.58	6.93	8.44	10.14	12.05	200yr	8.97	11.59	13.02	13.90	15.37	200yr
500yr	1.04	1.70	2.22	3.23	4.53	5.98	500yr	3.91	5.25	7.01	8.72	10.64	12.78	15.31	500yr	11.31	14.72	16.47	17.24	18.97	500yr

Lower Confidence Limits

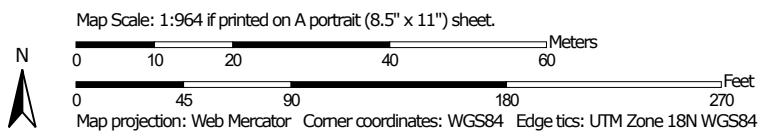
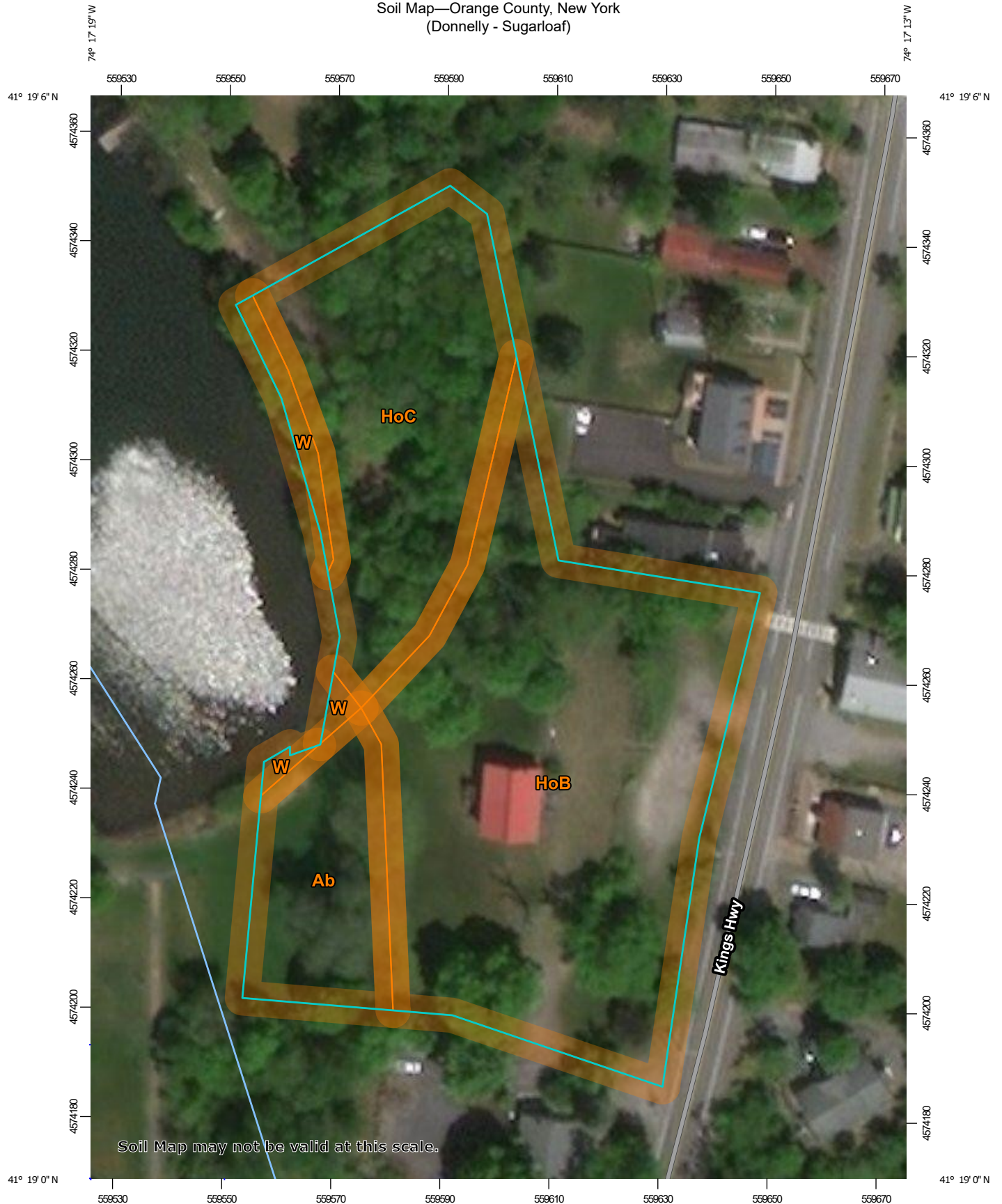
	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.30	0.46	0.56	0.76	0.93	1.11	1yr	0.80	1.09	1.23	1.56	2.03	2.28	2.59	1yr	2.02	2.49	2.80	3.81	4.31	1yr
2yr	0.38	0.59	0.72	0.98	1.21	1.45	2yr	1.04	1.42	1.64	2.11	2.62	3.12	3.55	2yr	2.76	3.41	3.91	4.64	5.28	2yr
5yr	0.43	0.66	0.81	1.12	1.42	1.68	5yr	1.23	1.64	1.92	2.46	3.07	3.73	4.29	5yr	3.30	4.13	4.76	5.48	6.23	5yr
10yr	0.47	0.72	0.89	1.24	1.61	1.89	10yr	1.39	1.84	2.15	2.75	3.48	4.26	4.90	10yr	3.77	4.71	5.50	6.21	7.01	10yr
25yr	0.53	0.81	1.01	1.44	1.89	2.18	25yr	1.63	2.13	2.51	3.23	4.07	5.03	5.88	25yr	4.45	5.65	6.65	7.34	8.16	25yr
50yr	0.59	0.89	1.11	1.60	2.15	2.44	50yr	1.85	2.39	2.83	3.65	4.61	5.66	6.77	50yr	5.01	6.51	7.69	8.36	9.20	50yr
100yr	0.65	0.98	1.23	1.78	2.44	2.73	100yr	2.11	2.67	3.19	4.12	5.23	6.36	7.81	100yr	5.63	7.51	8.91	9.50	10.32	100yr
200yr	0.73	1.09	1.39	2.01	2.80	3.06	200yr	2.42	2.99	3.60	4.69	5.95	7.18	9.02	200yr	6.35	8.68	10.35	10.82	11.57	200yr
500yr	0.85	1.26	1.62	2.36	3.35	3.56	500yr	2.89	3.48	4.24	5.58	7.08	8.38	10.94	500yr	7.42	10.52	12.64	12.87	13.52	500yr

Upper Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.36	0.55	0.68	0.91	1.12	1.35	1yr	0.97	1.32	1.56	1.97	2.42	2.86	3.32	1yr	2.53	3.19	3.67	4.31	5.10	1yr
2yr	0.41	0.63	0.78	1.05	1.30	1.55	2yr	1.12	1.52	1.77	2.26	2.80	3.36	3.82	2yr	2.97	3.67	4.22	4.93	5.65	2yr
5yr	0.50	0.78	0.96	1.32	1.68	1.99	5yr	1.45	1.95	2.27	2.91	3.63	4.36	4.95	5yr	3.86	4.76	5.45	6.30	7.08	5yr
10yr	0.59	0.91	1.13	1.58	2.04	2.44	10yr	1.76	2.39	2.76	3.55	4.44	5.37	6.14	10yr	4.75	5.91	6.67	7.58	8.47	10yr
25yr	0.75	1.13	1.41	2.02	2.65	3.19	25yr	2.29	3.12	3.62	4.65	5.78	7.08	8.06	25yr	6.26	7.75	8.71	9.70	10.78	25yr
50yr	0.88	1.34	1.67	2.41	3.24	3.81	50yr	2.80	3.73	4.42	5.68	7.05	8.76	9.91	50yr	7.75	9.53	10.65	11.70	12.94	50yr
100yr	1.05	1.59	1.99	2.87	3.94	4.65	100yr	3.40	4.54	5.39	6.93	8.60	10.85	12.19	100yr	9.60	11.72	13.03	14.11	15.56	100yr
200yr	1.25	1.88	2.38	3.44	4.80	5.67	200yr	4.14	5.54	6.58	8.46	10.49	13.48	15.00	200yr	11.93	14.42	15.95	17.01	18.73	200yr
500yr	1.58	2.34	3.02	4.38	6.23	7.36	500yr	5.38	7.20	8.57	11.02	13.63	17.96	19.69	500yr	15.89	18.93	20.82	21.80	23.96	500yr

This page is left intentionally blank

Soil Map—Orange County, New York (Donnelly - Sugarloaf)



**Natural Resources
Conservation Service**


Web Soil Survey
National Cooperative Soil Survey

1/7/2020
Page 1 of 3

Soil Map—Orange County, New York
(Donnelly - Sugarloaf)

MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

 Soil Map Unit Polygons

 Soil Map Unit Lines

 Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features



Blowout



Borrow Pit



Clay Spot



Closed Depression



Gravel Pit



Gravelly Spot



Landfill



Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp



Mine or Quarry



Miscellaneous Water



Perennial Water



Rock Outcrop



Saline Spot



Sandy Spot



Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Slide or Slip



Sodic Spot



Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot



Other



Special Line Features

Water Features



Streams and Canals

Transportation



Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads



Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Orange County, New York

Survey Area Data: Version 20, Sep 16, 2019

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Oct 7, 2013—Feb 26, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Ab	Alden silt loam	0.3	12.4%
HoB	Hoosic gravelly sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	1.3	56.8%
HoC	Hoosic gravelly sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	0.7	28.4%
W	Water	0.1	2.4%
Totals for Area of Interest		2.3	100.0%

This page is left intentionally blank

APPENDIX 3

CURVE NUMBER

CALCULATIONS

This page is left intentionally blank



CURVE NUMBER (CN) WORKSHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 1	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf	LOCATION Town of Chester
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW
REF DRAWING(S)	

1. Runoff curve number (CN)

Existing

Proposed

Subarea: **EX-A**

Soil Name & Hydrologic Group	Cover Description (cover type, treatment & conditions)	CN	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
	Impervious Areas			
D	Paved Parking Lots, Roofs & Driveways	98	0.55	53.90
A	Lawn - Poor Condition	68	0.44	29.92
D	Lawn - Poor Condition	89	0.00	
A	Woods - Fair Condition	36	0.11	3.96
D	Woods - Fair Condition	79	0.00	
		TOTAL =	1.10	87.78

$$\text{CN (weighted)} = \frac{\text{total product}}{\text{total area}} = \frac{87.78}{1.1}$$

$$\text{CN (weighted)} = 79.800 \quad \text{Use CN} = \mathbf{80}$$

2. Runoff

$$S = 2.50$$

Frequency yr
Rainfall, P in
Runoff, Q in

Storm #1	Storm #2	Storm #3

(Use P and CN with table 2-1, fig 2-1, or eqns. 2-3 and 2-4)



CURVE NUMBER (CN) WORKSHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 2	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf	LOCATION Town of Chester
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW
REF DRAWING(S)	

1. Runoff curve number (CN)

Existing

Proposed

Subarea: **EX-B**

Soil Name & Hydrologic Group	Cover Description (cover type, treatment & conditions)	CN	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
	Impervious Areas			
D	Paved Parking Lots, Roofs & Driveways	98	0.04	3.92
A	Lawn - Poor Condition	68	0.34	23.12
D	Lawn - Poor Condition	89	0.20	17.80
A	Woods - Fair Condition	36	0.99	35.64
D	Woods - Fair Condition	79	0.14	11.06
TOTAL =			1.71	91.54

$$\text{CN (weighted)} = \frac{\text{total product}}{\text{total area}} = \frac{91.54}{1.71}$$

$$\text{CN (weighted)} = 53.532 \quad \text{Use CN} = \mathbf{54}$$

2. Runoff

$$S = 8.52$$

Frequency yr
Rainfall, P in
Runoff, Q in

Storm #1	Storm #2	Storm #3

(Use P and CN with table 2-1, fig 2-1, or eqns. 2-3 and 2-4)



CURVE NUMBER (CN) WORKSHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 3	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf	LOCATION Town of Chester
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW
REF DRAWING(S)	

1. Runoff curve number (CN)

Existing ☐ Proposed ☒ Subarea: **PR-A**

Soil Name & Hydrologic Group	Cover Description (cover type, treatment & conditions)	CN	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
	Impervious Areas			
	Paved Parking Lots, Roofs & Driveways	98	0.60	58.80
A	Lawn - Good Condition	39	0.15	5.85
D	Lawn - Good Condition	80	0.00	
A	Woods - Fair Condition	36	0.00	
D	Woods - Fair Condition	79	0.00	
TOTAL =			0.75	64.65

$$\text{CN (weighted)} = \frac{\text{total product}}{\text{total area}} = \frac{64.65}{0.75}$$

CN (weighted) = 86.200 Use CN= **86**

2. Runoff

S = 1.63

Frequency yr
 Rainfall, P in
 Runoff, Q in

Storm #1	Storm #2	Storm #3

(Use P and CN with table 2-1, fig 2-1, or eqns. 2-3 and 2-4)



CURVE NUMBER (CN) WORKSHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 4	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf	LOCATION Town of Chester
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW
REF DRAWING(S)	

1. Runoff curve number (CN)

Existing ☐ Proposed ☒ Subarea: **PR-B1**

Soil Name & Hydrologic Group	Cover Description (cover type, treatment & conditions)	CN	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
	Impervious Areas			
	Paved Parking Lots, Roofs & Driveways	98	0.73	71.54
A	Lawn - Good Condition	39	0.20	7.80
D	Lawn - Good Condition	80	0.05	4.00
A	Woods - Fair Condition	36	0.00	
D	Woods - Fair Condition	79	0.00	
TOTAL =			0.98	83.34

$$\text{CN (weighted)} = \frac{\text{total product}}{\text{total area}} = \frac{83.34}{0.98}$$

$$\text{CN (weighted)} = 85.041 \quad \text{Use CN} = \mathbf{85}$$

2. Runoff

$$S = 1.76$$

Frequency yr
Rainfall, P in
Runoff, Q in

Storm #1	Storm #2	Storm #3

(Use P and CN with table 2-1, fig 2-1, or eqns. 2-3 and 2-4)



CURVE NUMBER (CN) WORKSHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 5	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf	LOCATION Town of Chester
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW
REF DRAWING(S)	

1. Runoff curve number (CN)

Existing ☐ Proposed ☒ Subarea: **PR-B2**

Soil Name & Hydrologic Group	Cover Description (cover type, treatment & conditions)	CN	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
	Impervious Areas			
	Paved Parking Lots, Roofs & Driveways	98	0.41	40.18
A	Lawn - Good Condition	39	0.13	5.07
D	Lawn - Good Condition	80	0.00	
A	Woods - Fair Condition	36	0.00	
D	Woods - Fair Condition	79	0.00	
TOTAL =			0.54	45.25

$$\text{CN (weighted)} = \frac{\text{total product}}{\text{total area}} = \frac{45.25}{0.54}$$

CN (weighted) = 83.796 Use CN= **84**

2. Runoff

S = 1.90

Frequency yr
Rainfall, P in
Runoff, Q in

Storm #1	Storm #2	Storm #3

(Use P and CN with table 2-1, fig 2-1, or eqns. 2-3 and 2-4)



CURVE NUMBER (CN) WORKSHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 6	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf	LOCATION Town of Chester
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW
REF DRAWING(S)	

1. Runoff curve number (CN)

Existing ☐ Proposed ☒ Subarea: **PR-B3**

Soil Name & Hydrologic Group	Cover Description (cover type, treatment & conditions)	CN	Area (acres)	Product of CN x Area
	Impervious Areas			
	Paved Parking Lots, Roofs & Driveways	98	0.00	
A	Lawn - Good Condition	39	0.29	11.31
D	Lawn - Good Condition	80	0.14	11.20
A	Woods - Fair Condition	36	0.04	1.44
D	Woods - Fair Condition	79	0.06	4.74
TOTAL =			0.53	28.69

$$\text{CN (weighted)} = \frac{\text{total product}}{\text{total area}} = \frac{28.69}{0.53}$$

CN (weighted) = 54.132 Use CN= **54**

2. Runoff

S = 8.52

Frequency yr
Rainfall, P in
Runoff, Q in

Storm #1	Storm #2	Storm #3

(Use P and CN with table 2-1, fig 2-1, or eqns. 2-3 and 2-4)

APPENDIX 4

TIME OF CONCENTRATION

CALCULATIONS

This page is left intentionally blank

**TIME OF CONCENTRATION
(T_c) WORKSHEET**

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 1	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf		LOCATION Town of Chester
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW	REF DRAWING(S) DWG LAST REV. 1/8/20

Existing Proposed Area: **EX-A**

1. Sheet Flow

Surface Description (table 3-1)
Manning's roughness coeff., 'n' (table 3-1)
Flow length, L (total L ≤ 300 ft)
Two-year 24-hour rainfall, P₂
Land Slope, s

$$T_t = \frac{0.007 (nL)^{0.8}}{P_2^{0.5} s^{0.4}}$$

Segment
ID

A-B	B-C	C-D		
Paved	Grass: D	Paved		
0.01	0.24	0.01		
4	83	13		
ft				
3.22	3.22	3.22		
in				
0.036	0.036	0.036		
ft/ft				
0.001	0.161	0.003		0.166
hr				

2. Shallow Concentrated Flow

Surface description (paved or unpaved)
Flow length, L
Watercourse slope, s
Average velocity, V (figure 3-1)

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

D-E	E-F			
Unpaved	Unpaved			
61.5	46.4			
ft				
0.110	0.040			
ft/ft				
5.351	3.227			
ft/s				
0.003	0.004			0.007
hr				

3. Channel Flow

Cross sectional flow area, a
Wetted perimeter, p_w
Hydraulic radius, r = a/p_w
Channel slope, s
Manning's roughness coefficient, n

$$V = \frac{1.49 r^{2/3} s^{1/2}}{n}$$

Flow Length, L

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

ft ²				
ft				
ft				
ft/ft				
ft/s				
ft				
hr				

Total T_c For Watershed or Subarea (Add Steps 6, 11, and 19) hr =

0.17

min =

10.20

**TIME OF CONCENTRATION
(T_c) WORKSHEET**

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 2	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf		LOCATION Town of Chester
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW	REF DRAWING(S) DWG LAST REV. 1/8/20

Existing Proposed Area: **EX-B**

1. Sheet Flow

Surface Description (table 3-1)
Manning's roughness coeff., 'n' (table 3-1)
Flow length, L (total L ≤ 300 ft)
Two-year 24-hour rainfall, P₂
Land Slope, s

$$T_t = \frac{0.007 (nL)^{0.8}}{P_2^{0.5} s^{0.4}}$$

Segment
ID

A-B	B-C			
Grass: D	Grass: D			
0.24	0.24			
62	62			
3.22	3.22			
0.090	0.200			
0.089	0.064			0.153

2. Shallow Concentrated Flow

Surface description (paved or unpaved)
Flow length, L
Watercourse slope, s
Average velocity, V (figure 3-1)

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

C-D				
Unpaved				
102.8				
0.044				
3.384				
0.008				0.008

3. Channel Flow

Cross sectional flow area, a
Wetted perimeter, p_w
Hydraulic radius, r = a/p_w
Channel slope, s
Manning's roughness coefficient, n

$$V = \frac{1.49 r^{2/3} s^{1/2}}{n}$$

Flow Length, L

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

ft ²				
ft				
ft				
ft/ft				
ft/s				
ft				
hr				

Total T_c For Watershed or Subarea (Add Steps 6, 11, and 19) hr =

0.16

min =

9.60

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_c) WORKSHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 3	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf		LOCATION Town of Chester		
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW	REF DRAWING(S) DWG LAST REV. 1/8/20		

Existing Proposed Area: **PR-A**

1. Sheet Flow

Surface Description (table 3-1)
Manning's roughness coeff., 'n' (table 3-1)
Flow length, L (total L ≤ 300 ft)
Two-year 24-hour rainfall, P₂
Land Slope, s

$$T_t = \frac{0.007 (nL)^{0.8}}{P_2^{0.5} s^{0.4}}$$

Segment
ID

A-B					
Grass: D					
0.24					
ft	100				
in	3.50				
ft/ft	0.030				
hr	0.193				0.193

2. Shallow Concentrated Flow

Surface description (paved or unpaved)
Flow length, L
Watercourse slope, s
Average velocity, V (figure 3-1)

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

B-C	C-D				
Unpaved	Unpaved				
ft	38.4	323.7			
ft/ft	0.033	0.050			
ft/s	2.931	3.608			
hr	0.004	0.025			0.029

3. Channel Flow

Cross sectional flow area, a
Wetted perimeter, p_w
Hydraulic radius, r = a/p_w
Channel slope, s
Manning's roughness coefficient, n

$$V = \frac{1.49 r^{2/3} s^{1/2}}{n}$$

Flow Length, L

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

ft ²					
ft					
ft					
ft/ft					
ft/s					
ft					
hr					

Total T_c For Watershed or Subarea (Add Steps 6, 11, and 19) hr =

0.22

min =

13.20

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_c) WORKSHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 4	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf		LOCATION Town of Chester		
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW	REF DRAWING(S) DWG LAST REV. 1/8/20		

Existing Proposed Area: **PR-B1**

1. Sheet Flow

Surface Description (table 3-1)
Manning's roughness coeff., 'n' (table 3-1)
Flow length, L (total L ≤ 300 ft)
Two-year 24-hour rainfall, P₂
Land Slope, s

$$T_t = \frac{0.007 (nL)^{0.8}}{P_2^{0.5} s^{0.4}}$$

Segment
ID

A-B	B-C			
Grass: D	Paved			
0.24	0.01			
87	13			
3.50	3.50			
0.030	0.050			
0.173	0.003			0.176

2. Shallow Concentrated Flow

Surface description (paved or unpaved)
Flow length, L
Watercourse slope, s
Average velocity, V (figure 3-1)

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

C-D	D-E			
Unpaved	Unpaved			
7.0	29.0			
0.010	1.000			
1.613	16.135			
0.001	0.000			0.002

3. Channel Flow

Cross sectional flow area, a
Wetted perimeter, p_w
Hydraulic radius, r = a/p_w
Channel slope, s
Manning's roughness coefficient, n

$$V = \frac{1.49 r^{2/3} s^{1/2}}{n}$$

Flow Length, L

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

Total T_c For Watershed or Subarea (Add Steps 6, 11, and 19) hr =

0.18

min =

10.80

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_c) WORKSHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 5	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf		LOCATION Town of Chester		
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW	REF DRAWING(S) DWG LAST REV. 1/8/20		

Existing Proposed Area: **PR-B2**

1. Sheet Flow

Surface Description (table 3-1)
Manning's roughness coeff., 'n' (table 3-1)
Flow length, L (total L ≤ 300 ft)
Two-year 24-hour rainfall, P₂
Land Slope, s

$$T_t = \frac{0.007 (nL)^{0.8}}{P_2^{0.5} s^{0.4}}$$

Segment
ID

A-B	B-C			
Grass: D	Paved			
0.24	0.01			
13	87			
3.50	3.50			
0.200	0.020			
0.018	0.017			0.035

2. Shallow Concentrated Flow

Surface description (paved or unpaved)
Flow length, L
Watercourse slope, s
Average velocity, V (figure 3-1)

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

C-D	D-E			
Paved	Unpaved			
58.0	57.0			
0.020	0.500			
2.875	11.409			
0.006	0.001			0.007

3. Channel Flow

Cross sectional flow area, a
Wetted perimeter, p_w
Hydraulic radius, r = a/p_w
Channel slope, s
Manning's roughness coefficient, n

$$V = \frac{1.49 r^{2/3} s^{1/2}}{n}$$

Flow Length, L

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

ft ²				
ft				
ft				
ft/ft				
ft/s				
ft				
hr				

Total T_c For Watershed or Subarea (Add Steps 6, 11, and 19) hr =

0.04

min =

2.40

USE MINIMUM TC OF 6 MINUTES

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_c) WORKSHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 6	OF 6
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf		LOCATION Town of Chester		
CALCULATED BY MP	APPROVED BY RW	REF DRAWING(S) DWG LAST REV. 1/8/20		

Existing Proposed Area: **PR-B3**

1. Sheet Flow

Surface Description (table 3-1)
Manning's roughness coeff., 'n' (table 3-1)
Flow length, L (total L ≤ 300 ft)
Two-year 24-hour rainfall, P₂
Land Slope, s

$$T_t = \frac{0.007 (nL)^{0.8}}{P_2^{0.5} s^{0.4}}$$

Segment
ID

A-B					
Woods: L					
0.40					
ft	100				
in	3.50				
ft/ft	0.060				
hr	0.221				0.221

2. Shallow Concentrated Flow

Surface description (paved or unpaved)
Flow length, L
Watercourse slope, s
Average velocity, V (figure 3-1)

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

B-C					
Unpaved					
ft	5.7				
ft/ft	0.020				
ft/s	2.282				
hr	0.001				0.001

3. Channel Flow

Cross sectional flow area, a
Wetted perimeter, p_w
Hydraulic radius, r = a/p_w
Channel slope, s
Manning's roughness coefficient, n

$$V = \frac{1.49 r^{2/3} s^{1/2}}{n}$$

Flow Length, L

$$T_t = \frac{L}{3600 V}$$

Segment
ID

C-D					
ft ²	0.75				
ft	12.00				
ft	0.06				
ft/ft	0.025				
	0.012				
ft/s	3.009				
ft					
hr	0.000				0.000

Total T_c For Watershed or Subarea (Add Steps 6, 11, and 19) hr =

0.22

min =

13.20


APPENDIX 5

WATER QUALITY VOLUME &

RUNOFF REDUCTION

VOLUME CALCULATIONS

This page is left intentionally blank

				WATER QUALITY VOLUME (WQ _v) CALCULATION SHEET				
				WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED -	SHEET 1	OF 2
PROJECT TITLE Donnelly - Sugarloaf				LOCATION Town of Chester				
CALCULATED BY MP		APPROVED BY RW		Stormwater Management Design Point Designation DP-B				
$WQ_v = (P * R_v * A) / (12)$								
Drainage Area			90% Rainfall Event # (P)	Total Drainage Area (A)	Total Impervious Area (I)	R _v (0.05 + 0.009*I%)	WQ _v Required (Ac-ft)	WQ _v Required (ft ³)
DP-B			1.40	2.31	1.14	0.494	0.133	5,793.5
HSG	Area (Ac.)	%	S	Minimum RR _v = (P * 0.95 * S * I) / (12)				
A	2.02	87%	0.55	P = 1.40				
B	0.00	0%	0.40	S = 0.51				
C	0.00	0%	0.30	I = 1.14				
D	0.29	13%	0.20	RR _v MIN	0.064	Ac-ft		
Green Technology			Implemented ?		Drainage Area Reduction	Contributing Drainage Area Reduction	Total Drainage Area Reduction	Total Impervious Area Reduction
			Yes	No				
Area Reduction Practices								
Conservation of Natural Areas			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Sheet Flow to Riparian Buffers or Filter Strips			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Tree Planting / Tree Box			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Subtotals							0.00	0.00
Revised WQ _v after Area Deductions			P	A	I	R _v	WQ _v	RR _v AREA
			1.40	2.31	1.14	0.494	0.133	0.000
Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff			Impervious Area Reduction:			0.00 Acres		
Revised WQ _v after Impervious Disconnect			P	A	I	R _v	WQ _v	RR _v IMP
			1.40	2.31	1.14	0.494	0.133	0.000
Source Control WQ _v Treatment Practices			Yes	No	WQ _v	RR _v SC *	(A) Reduction	(I) Reduction
Vegetated Open Swales			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Rain Garden			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Green Roof			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Stormwater Planters			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Rain Tanks / Cisterns			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Porous Pavement			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Standard SMP's with RR _v Capacity								
Infiltration			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.082	0.074	0.98	0.73
Bio-Retention			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Dry Swale (Open Channel)			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	-	-	-
Subtotals					0.082	0.074	0.98	0.73
Is The Total RR _v (RR _v AREA + RR _v IMP + RR _v SC)			0.074	≥ RR _v MIN ?		0.064	YES	
WQ _v Required by Standard Practices			P	A	I	R _v	WQ _v (Ac-ft)	WQ _v (ft ³)
			1.40	1.33	0.41	0.327	0.051	2,213.2

* For Source Control (if used) RR_v calculations see attached Green Technology RR_v Calculation Sheets

RUNOFF REDUCTION VOLUME (RRv) CALCULATION SHEET

WO. NO. 1246.01	DATE 01/14/22	REVISED	SHEET 2	OF 2
---------------------------	-------------------------	---------	-------------------	----------------

PROJECT TITLE
Donnelly - Sugarloaf

LOCATION
Town of Chester

CALCULATED BY
MP

APPROVED BY
RW

Stormwater Management Design Point Designation
DP-B

INFILTRATION PRACTICES

Requirement Checks

Yes

No

Notes:

Infiltration rate (k) $\geq 0.5"/_{hr}$



Pretreatment provided



Design Complies with Required
Elements of Practice



Infiltration designed to exfiltrate through
bottom of practice only?



Drainage Area (Ac.)

0.98

Impervious Area (Ac.)

0.73

Rainfall Event # (P)

1.40

Rv

0.720

WQv REQ'D

0.082

A_t (ft²)

Surface area of infiltration trench

d_t (ft)

depth of trench

n

0.400

porosity

V_t (ft³)

Design Volume of Trench (WQ_v Provided)

V_t > WQv REQ'D

A_b (ft²)

2,269.0

Surface area of infiltration basin

D_b (ft)

3

depth of basin

V_b (ft³)

6,807.0

Design Volume of basin (WQ_v Provided)

V_b (ac-ft)

0.156

Design Volume of basin (WQ_v Provided)

V_t > WQv REQ'D

YES

RRv

0.074

APPENDIX 6

HYDROGRAPH

SUMMARIES & DIAGRAMS

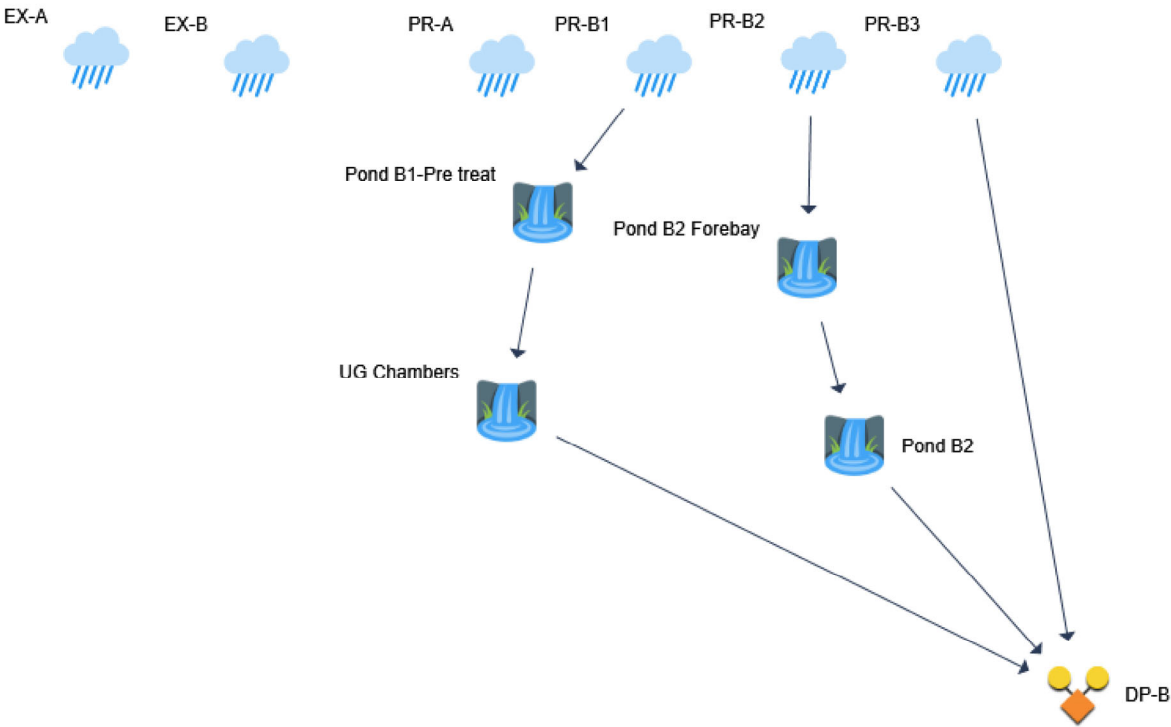
This page is left intentionally blank

Basin Model

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

01-14-2022



Hydrograph by Return Period

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Outflow (cfs)							
			1-yr	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr
1	NRCS Runoff	EX-A	1.034				2.886			6.401
2	NRCS Runoff	EX-B	0.024				1.109			5.261
3	NRCS Runoff	PR-A	1.005				2.376			4.804
4	NRCS Runoff	PR-B1	1.244				3.021			6.198
5	NRCS Runoff	PR-B2	0.760				1.879			3.890
6	NRCS Runoff	PR-B3	0.007				0.318			1.505
7	Pond Route	Pond B1-Pre treat	1.244				3.000			6.142
8	Pond Route	UG Chambers	0.000				0.665			3.334
9	Pond Route	Pond B2 Forebay	0.613				1.696			3.648
10	Pond Route	Pond B2	0.017				0.037			0.373
11	Junction	DP-B	0.022				0.939			4.606

APPENDIX 7

EXISTING 1-, 10-, 100-YEAR

DESIGN STORM

HYDROGRAPHS

This page is left intentionally blank

Hydrograph 1-yr Summary

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	EX-A	1.034	12.17	4,085	----		
2	NRCS Runoff	EX-B	0.024	12.53	599	----		
3	NRCS Runoff	PR-A	1.005	12.13	3,861	----		
4	NRCS Runoff	PR-B1	1.244	12.13	4,795	----		
5	NRCS Runoff	PR-B2	0.760	12.07	2,281	----		
6	NRCS Runoff	PR-B3	0.007	13.67	191	----		
7	Pond Route	Pond B1-Pre treat	1.244	12.17	4,575	4	507.06	2,276
8	Pond Route	UG Chambers	0.000	12.53	0.000	7	507.19	133
9	Pond Route	Pond B2 Forebay	0.613	12.13	1,784	5	511.04	8,170
10	Pond Route	Pond B2	0.017	18.10	1,255	9	508.46	1,710
11	Junction	DP-B	0.022	15.17	1,447	6, 8, 10		

Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

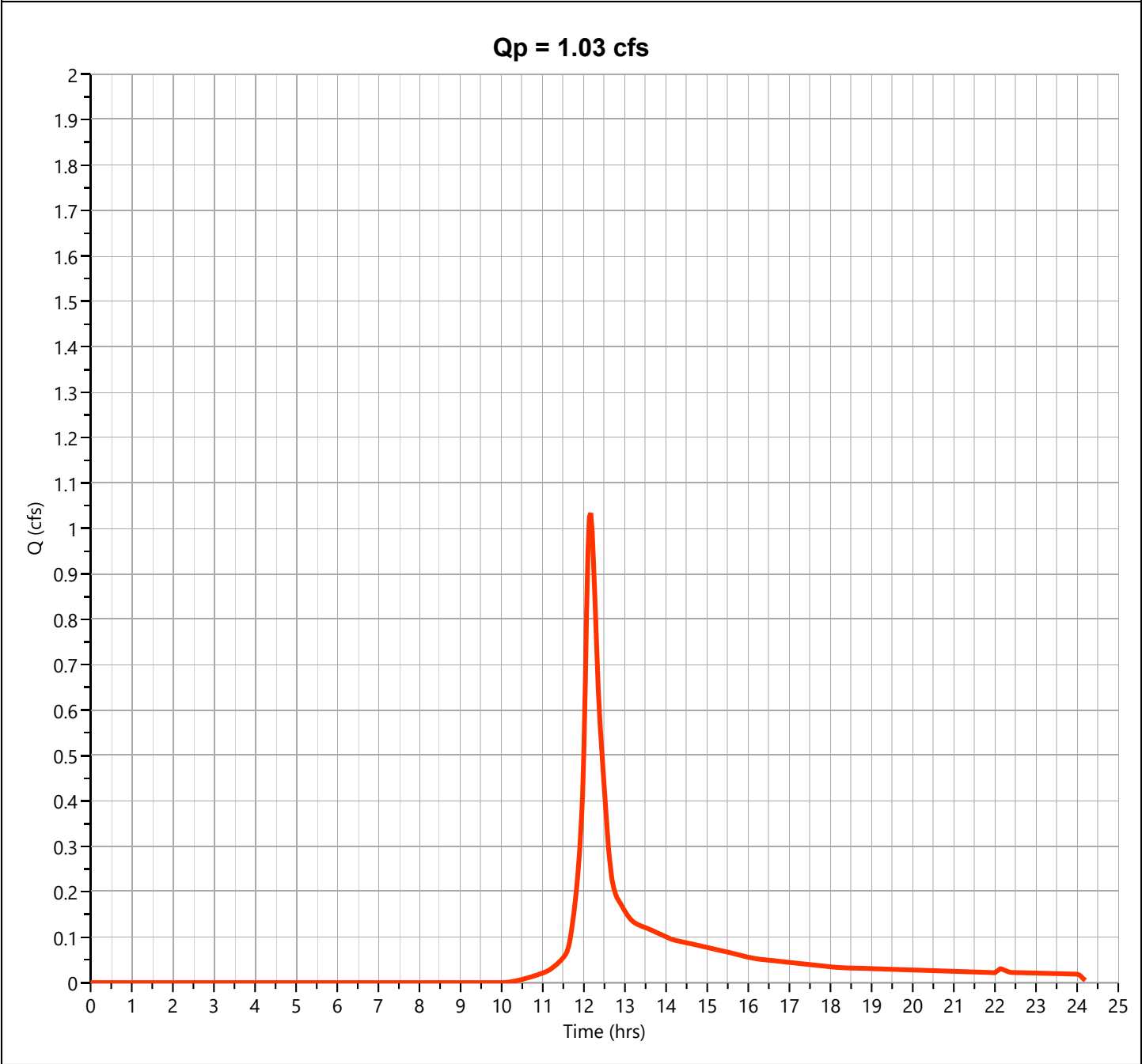
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

EX-A

Hyd. No. 1

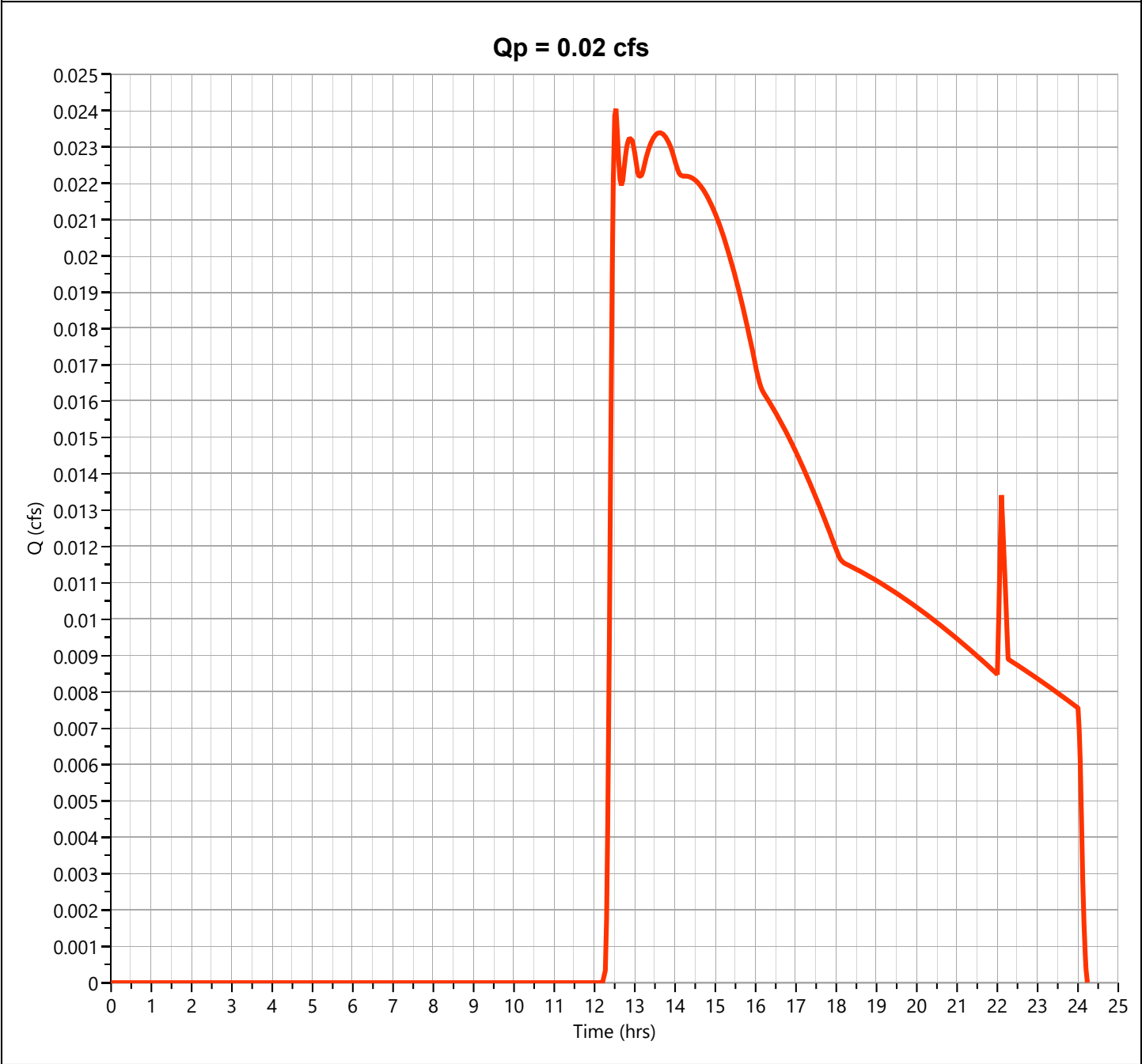
Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 1.034 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.17 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 4,085 cuft
Drainage Area	= 1.09 ac	Curve Number	= 80
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 10.2 min
Total Rainfall	= 2.66 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



EX-B

Hyd. No. 2

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 0.024 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.53 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 599 cuft
Drainage Area	= 1.71 ac	Curve Number	= 54
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 9.6 min
Total Rainfall	= 2.66 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph 10-yr Summary

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	EX-A	2.886	12.13	11,060	----		
2	NRCS Runoff	EX-B	1.109	12.13	5,094	----		
3	NRCS Runoff	PR-A	2.376	12.13	9,185	----		
4	NRCS Runoff	PR-B1	3.021	12.13	11,646	----		
5	NRCS Runoff	PR-B2	1.879	12.07	5,658	----		
6	NRCS Runoff	PR-B3	0.318	12.20	1,628	----		
7	Pond Route	Pond B1-Pre treat	3.000	12.17	11,425	4	507.15	2,369
8	Pond Route	UG Chambers	0.665	12.37	592	7	508.79	1,828
9	Pond Route	Pond B2 Forebay	1.696	12.10	5,160	5	511.11	8,345
10	Pond Route	Pond B2	0.037	17.90	4,632	9	510.07	4,312
11	Junction	DP-B	0.939	12.37	6,852	6, 8, 10		

Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

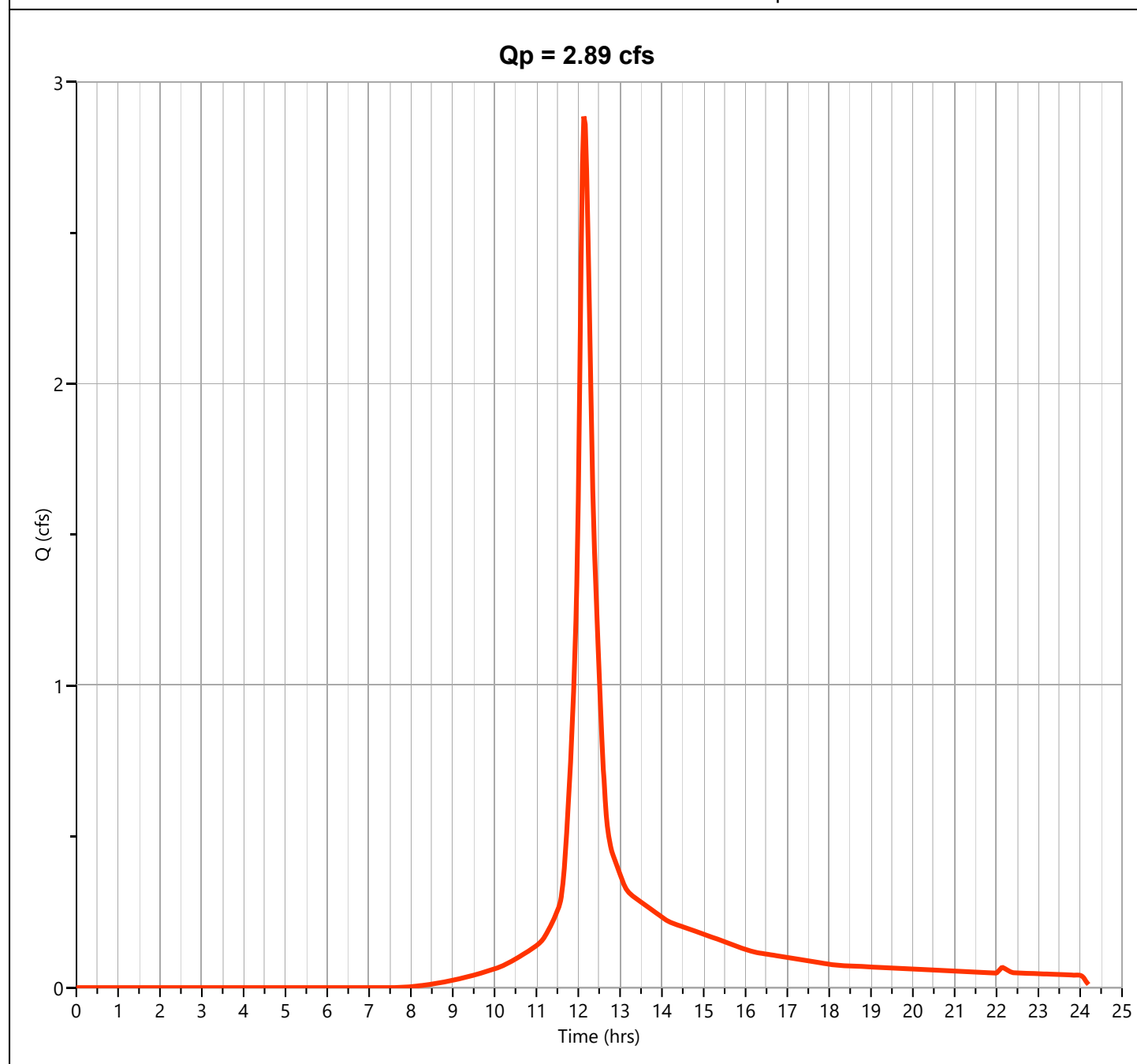
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

EX-A

Hyd. No. 1

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 2.886 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 11,060 cuft
Drainage Area	= 1.09 ac	Curve Number	= 80
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 10.2 min
Total Rainfall	= 4.79 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

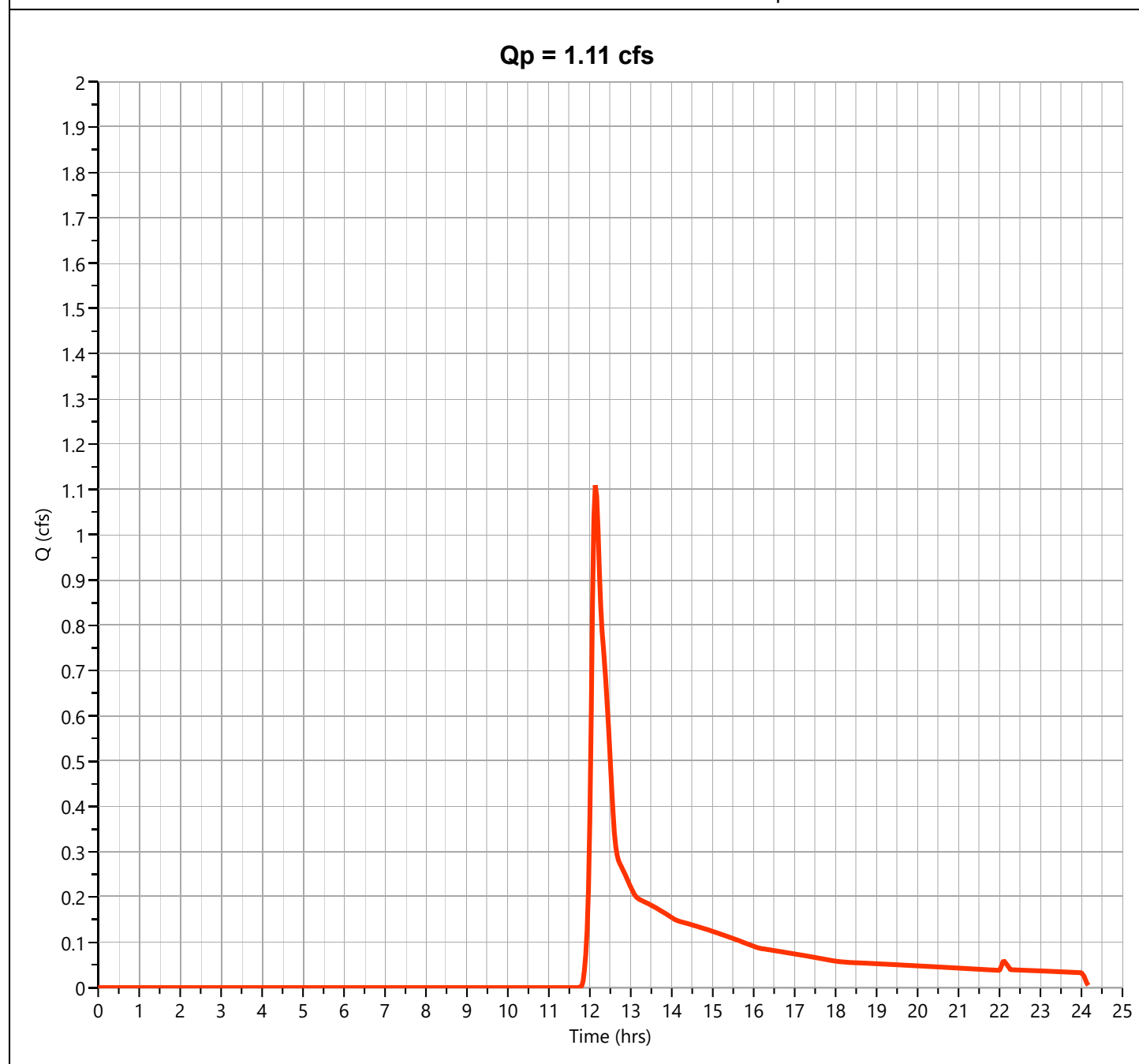
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

EX-B

Hyd. No. 2

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 1.109 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 5,094 cuft
Drainage Area	= 1.71 ac	Curve Number	= 54
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 9.6 min
Total Rainfall	= 4.79 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph 100-yr Summary

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	EX-A	6.401	12.13	24,909	----		
2	NRCS Runoff	EX-B	5.261	12.10	18,764	----		
3	NRCS Runoff	PR-A	4.804	12.13	19,166	----		
4	NRCS Runoff	PR-B1	6.198	12.13	24,602	----		
5	NRCS Runoff	PR-B2	3.890	12.07	12,103	----		
6	NRCS Runoff	PR-B3	1.505	12.17	5,998	----		
7	Pond Route	Pond B1-Pre treat	6.142	12.13	24,382	4	507.27	2,507
8	Pond Route	UG Chambers	3.334	12.30	6,004	7	510.14	3,510
9	Pond Route	Pond B2 Forebay	3.648	12.10	11,605	5	511.22	8,615
10	Pond Route	Pond B2	0.373	12.90	11,057	9	511.22	7,746
11	Junction	DP-B	4.606	12.23	23,059	6, 8, 10		

Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

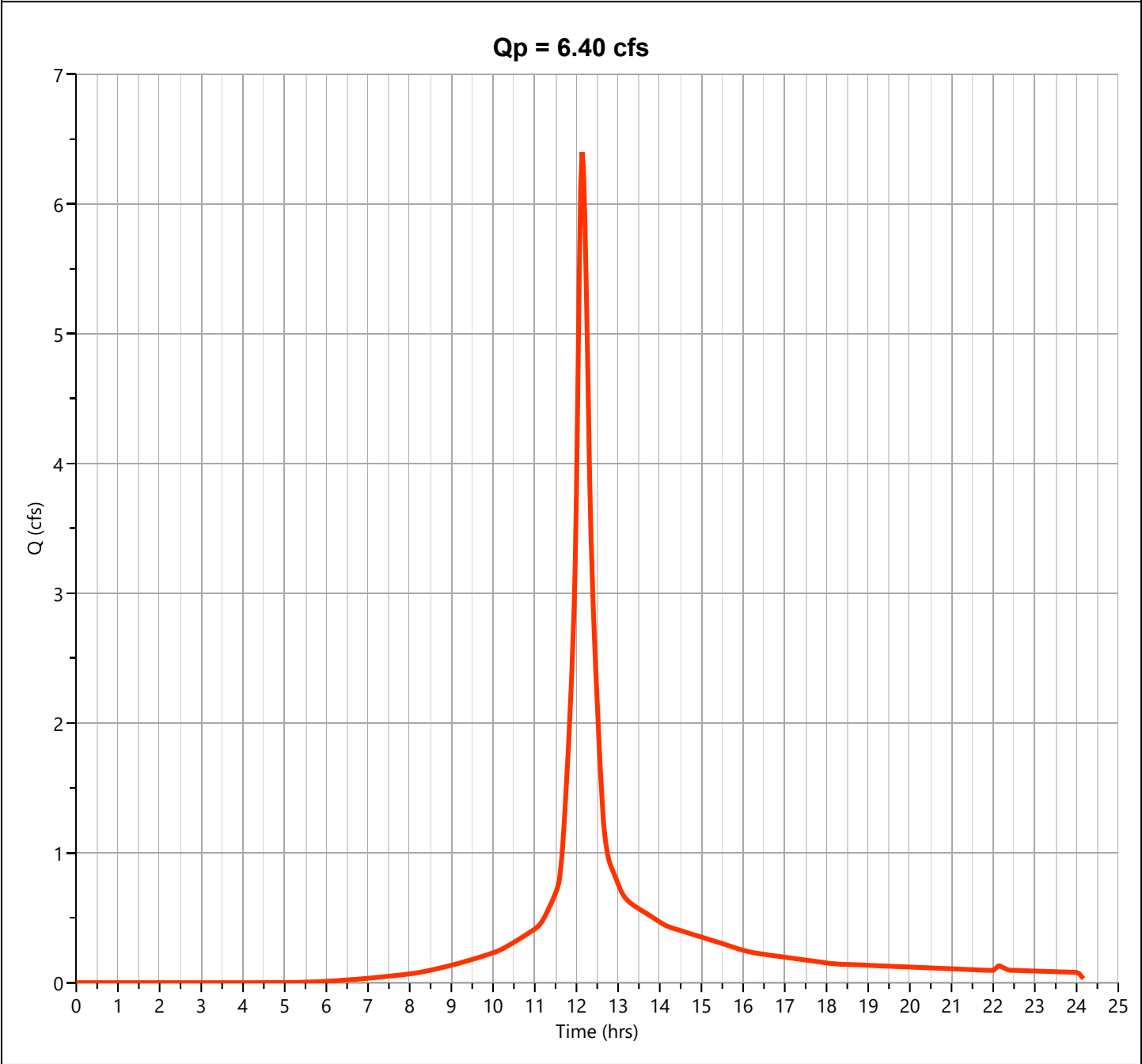
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

EX-A

Hyd. No. 1

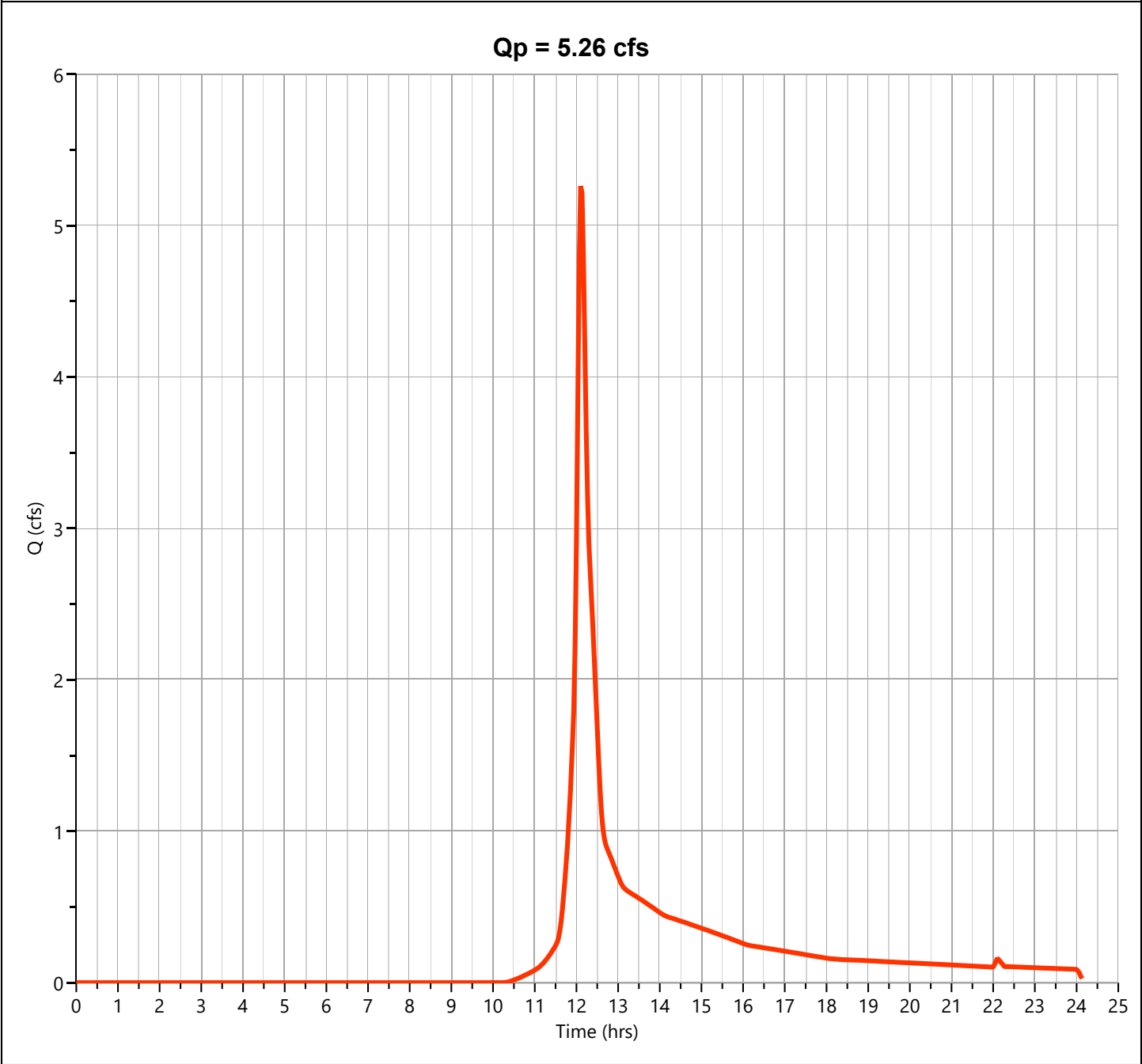
Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 6.401 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 24,909 cuft
Drainage Area	= 1.09 ac	Curve Number	= 80
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 10.2 min
Total Rainfall	= 8.51 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



EX-B

Hyd. No. 2

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 5.261 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.10 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 18,764 cuft
Drainage Area	= 1.71 ac	Curve Number	= 54
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 9.6 min
Total Rainfall	= 8.51 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



APPENDIX 8

PROPOSED 1-, 10-, 100-YEAR

DESIGN STORM

HYDROGRAPHS

This page is left intentionally blank

Hydrograph 1-yr Summary

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	EX-A	1.034	12.17	4,085	----		
2	NRCS Runoff	EX-B	0.024	12.53	599	----		
3	NRCS Runoff	PR-A	1.005	12.13	3,861	----		
4	NRCS Runoff	PR-B1	1.244	12.13	4,795	----		
5	NRCS Runoff	PR-B2	0.760	12.07	2,281	----		
6	NRCS Runoff	PR-B3	0.007	13.67	191	----		
7	Pond Route	Pond B1-Pre treat	1.244	12.17	4,575	4	507.06	2,276
8	Pond Route	UG Chambers	0.000	12.53	0.000	7	507.19	133
9	Pond Route	Pond B2 Forebay	0.613	12.13	1,784	5	511.04	8,170
10	Pond Route	Pond B2	0.017	18.10	1,255	9	508.46	1,710
11	Junction	DP-B	0.022	15.17	1,447	6, 8, 10		

Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

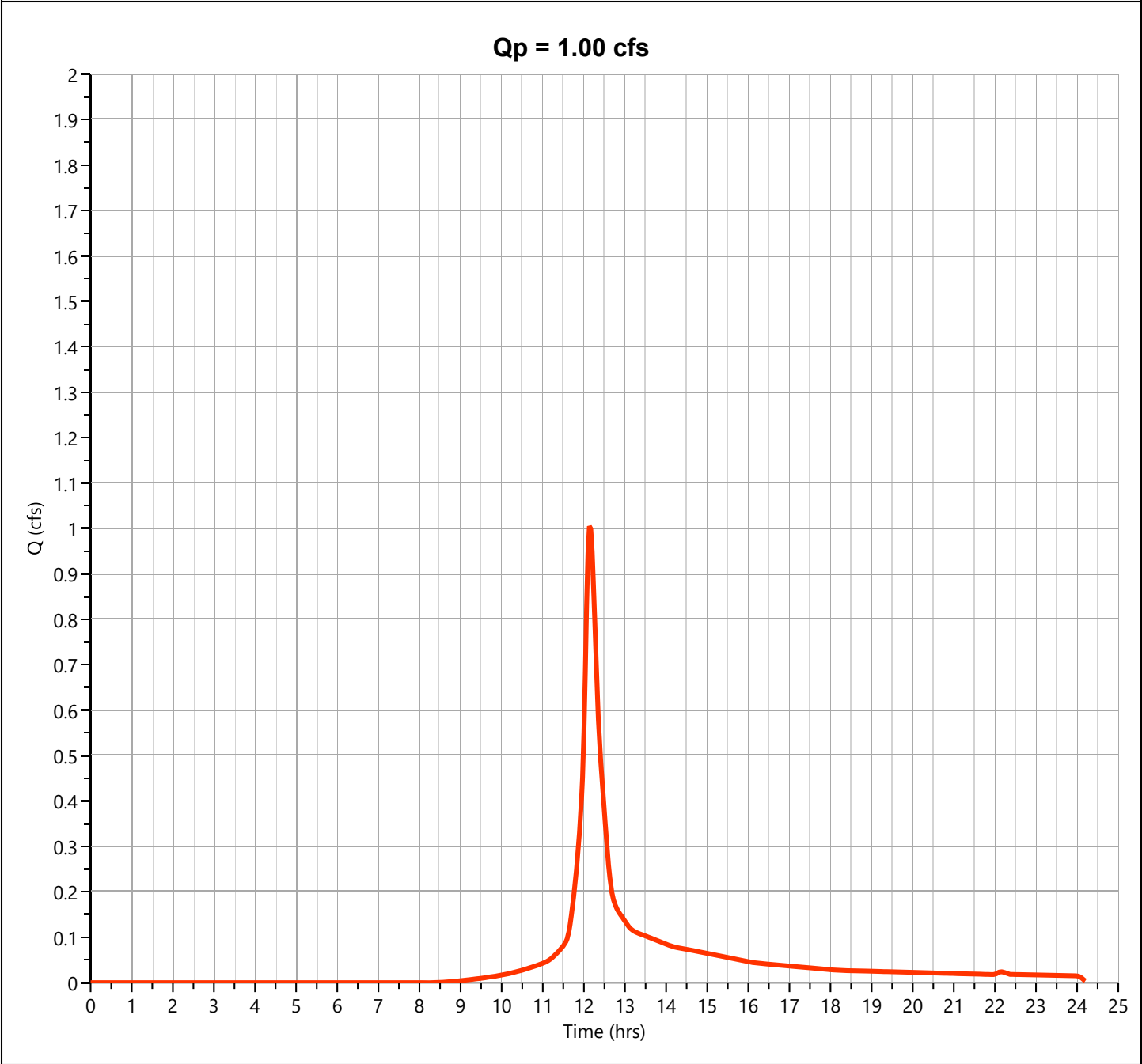
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-A

Hyd. No. 3

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 1.005 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 3,861 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.75 ac	Curve Number	= 86
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 13.2 min
Total Rainfall	= 2.66 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

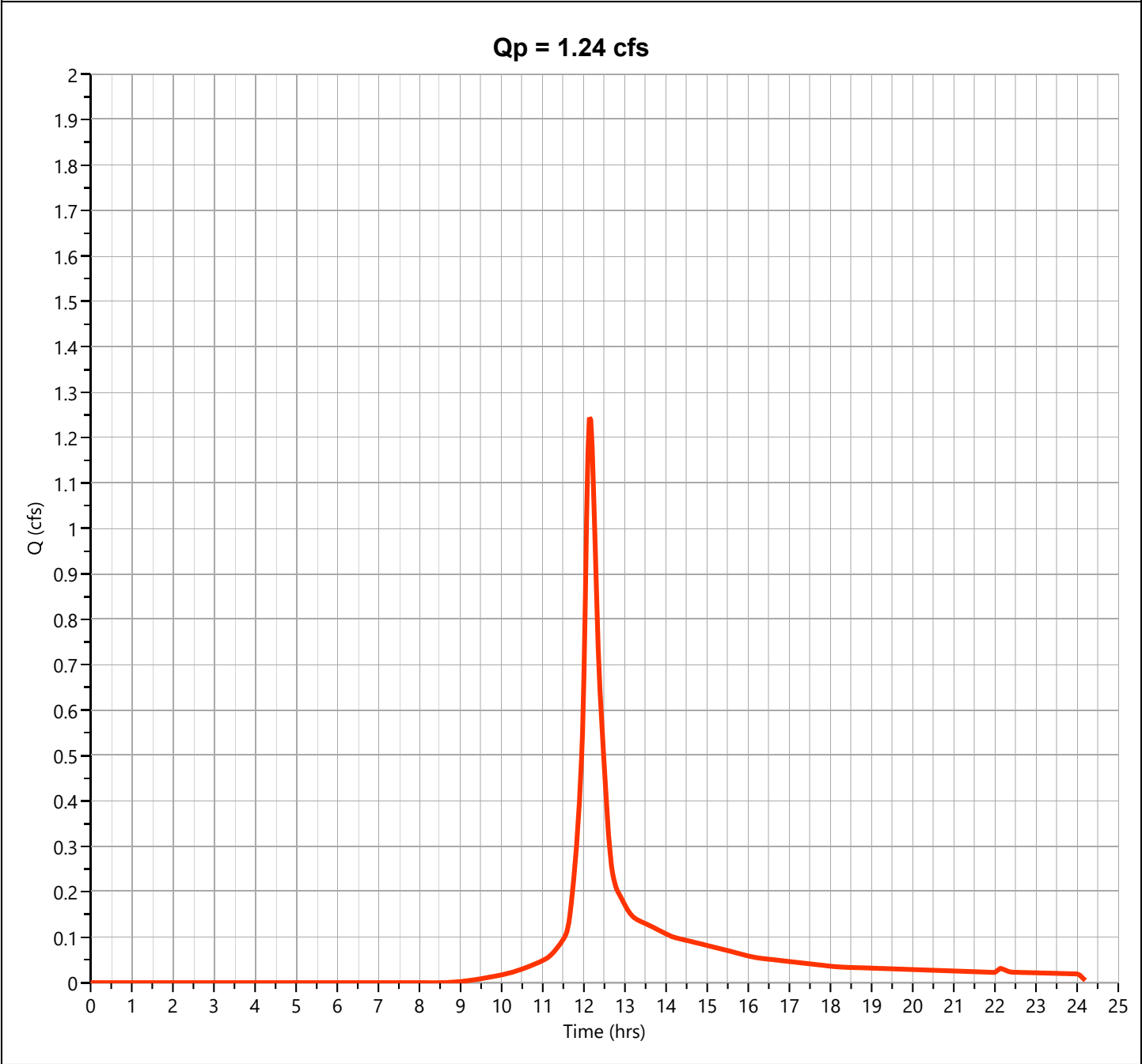
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-B1

Hyd. No. 4

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 1.244 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 4,795 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.98 ac	Curve Number	= 85
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 10.8 min
Total Rainfall	= 2.66 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

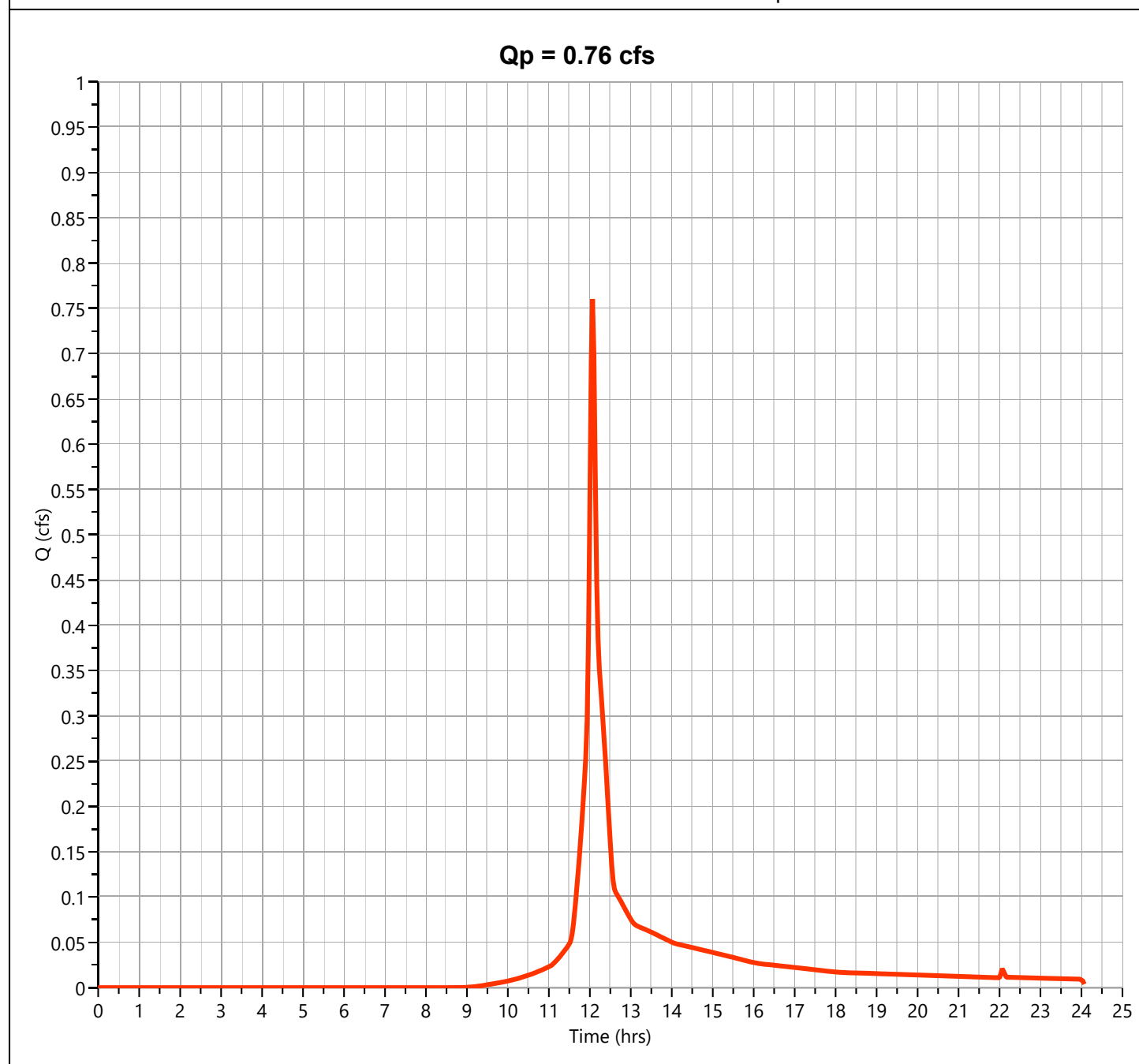
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-B2

Hyd. No. 5

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 0.760 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.07 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 2,281 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.54 ac	Curve Number	= 84
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 6.0 min
Total Rainfall	= 2.66 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

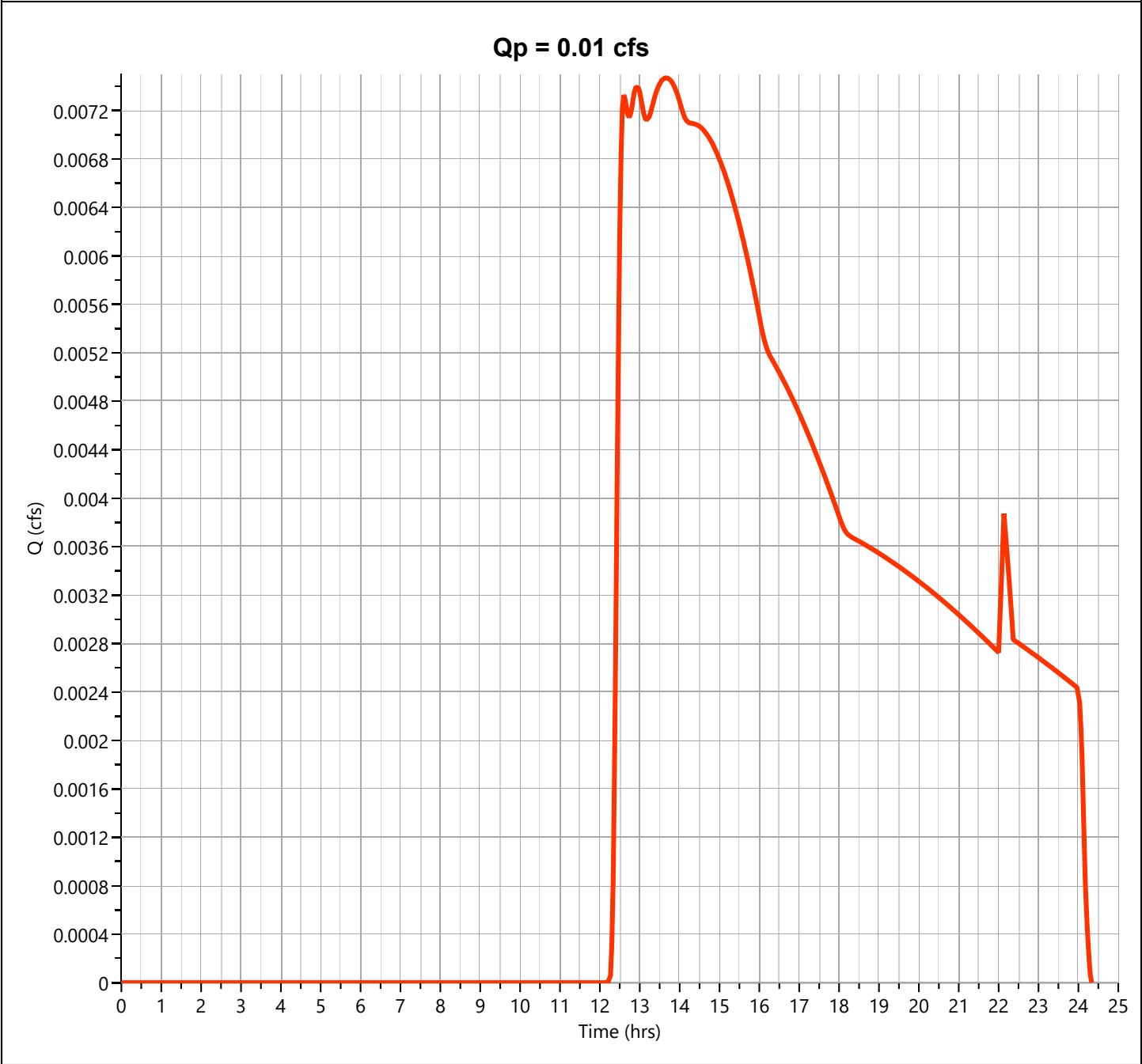
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-B3

Hyd. No. 6

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 0.007 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 13.67 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 191 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.53 ac	Curve Number	= 54
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 13.2 min
Total Rainfall	= 2.66 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Pond B1-Pre treat

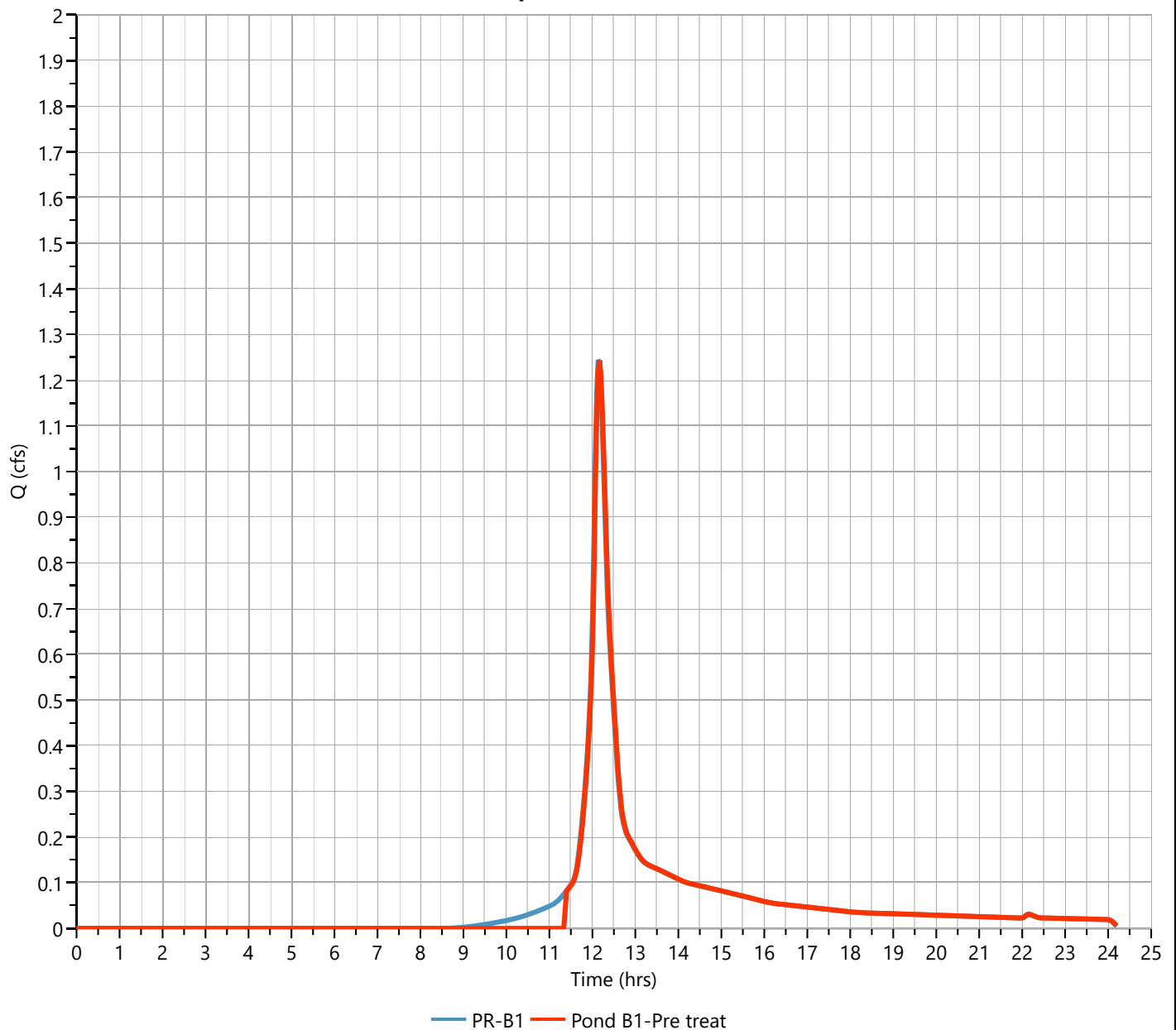
Hyd. No. 7

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 1.244 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.17 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 4,575 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 4 - PR-B1	Max. Elevation	= 507.06 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B1	Max. Storage	= 2,276 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 506.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 10 min

Qp = 1.24 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

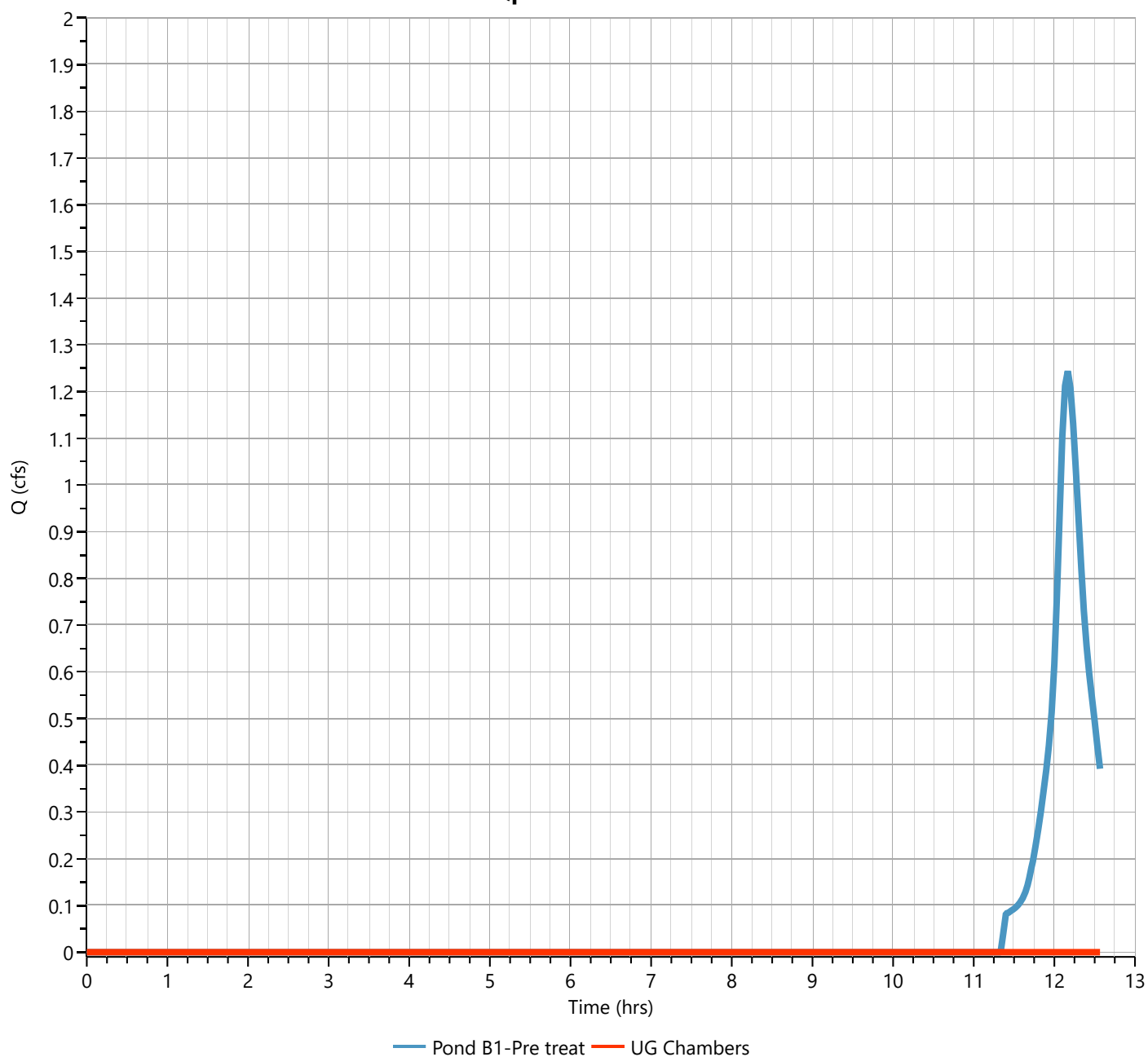
UG Chambers

Hyd. No. 8

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.000 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.53 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 0.000 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 7 - Pond B1-Pre treat	Max. Elevation	= 507.19 ft
Pond Name	= SC-740 Chambers	Max. Storage	= 133 cuft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Qp = 0.00 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Pond B2 Forebay

Hyd. No. 9

Hydrograph Type = Pond Route

Peak Flow = 0.613 cfs

Storm Frequency = 1-yr

Time to Peak = 12.13 hrs

Time Interval = 2 min

Hydrograph Volume = 1,784 cuft

Inflow Hydrograph = 5 - PR-B2

Max. Elevation = 511.04 ft

Pond Name = Pond B2-Forebay

Max. Storage = 8,170 cuft

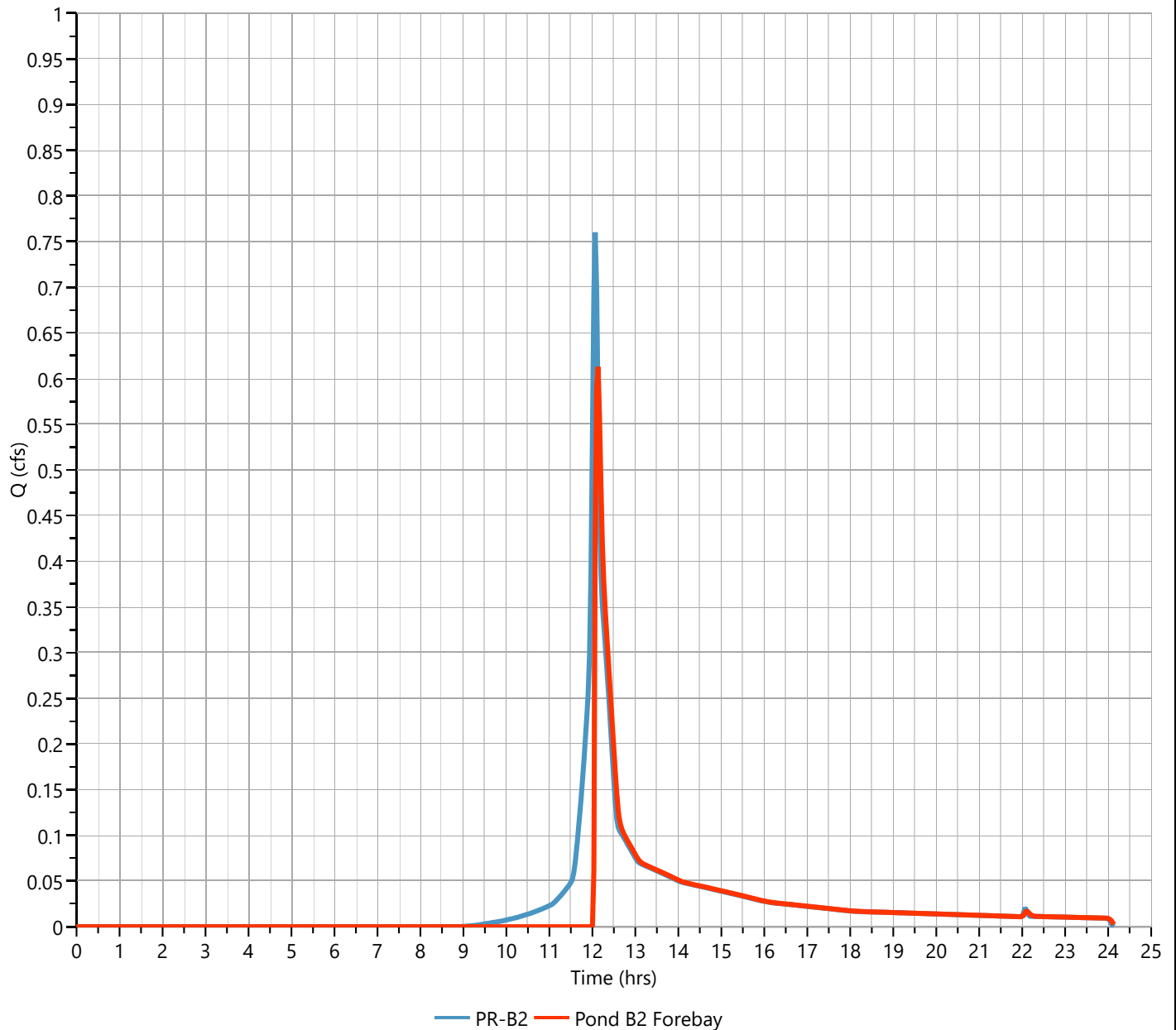
Routing Option = Wet Pond

Wet Pond Elevation = 510.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 42 min

Qp = 0.61 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Pond B2

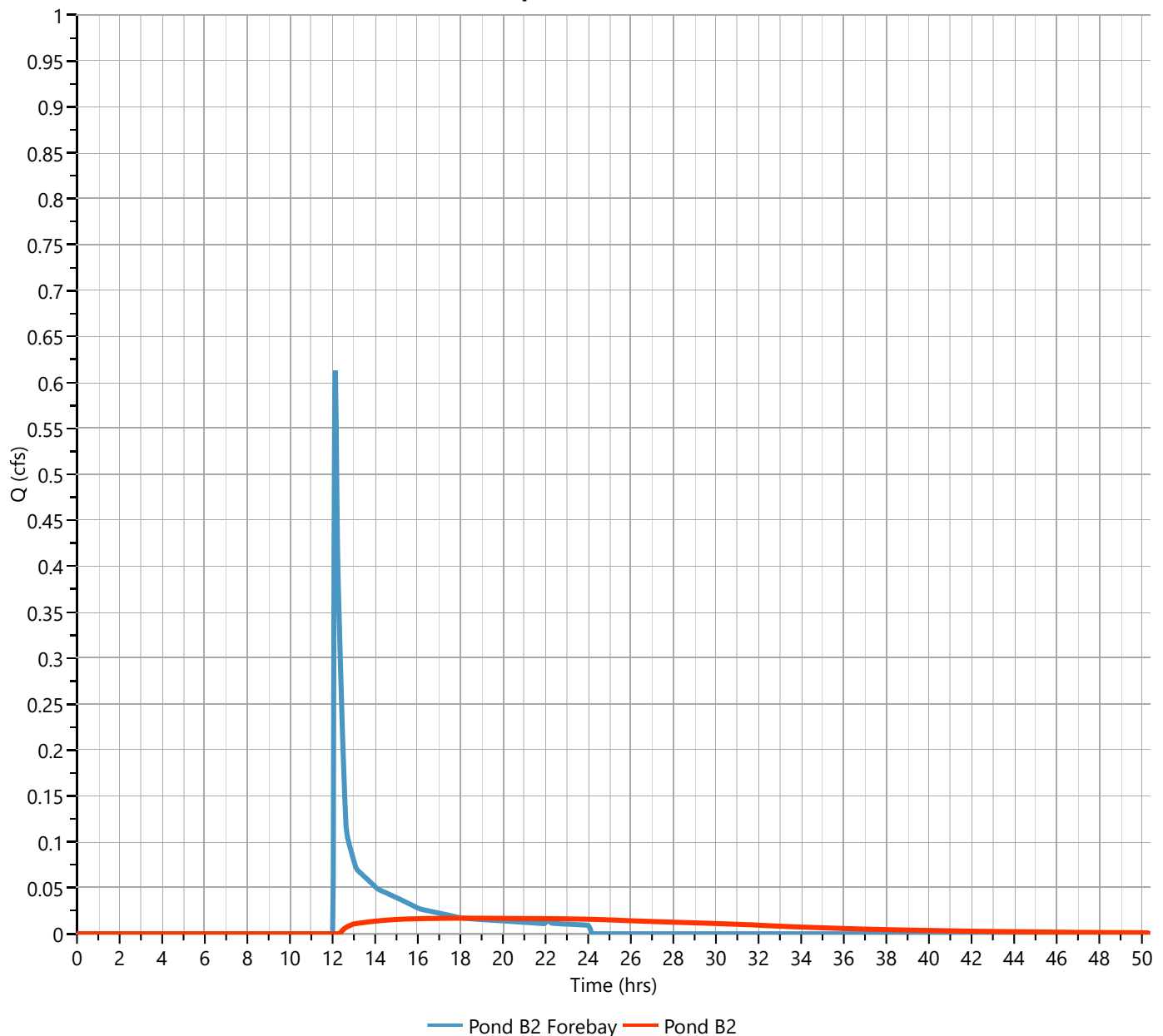
Hyd. No. 10

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.017 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 18.10 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 1,255 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 9 - Pond B2 Forebay	Max. Elevation	= 508.46 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B2	Max. Storage	= 1,710 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 507.00 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 10.33 hrs

Qp = 0.02 cfs



Hydrograph Report

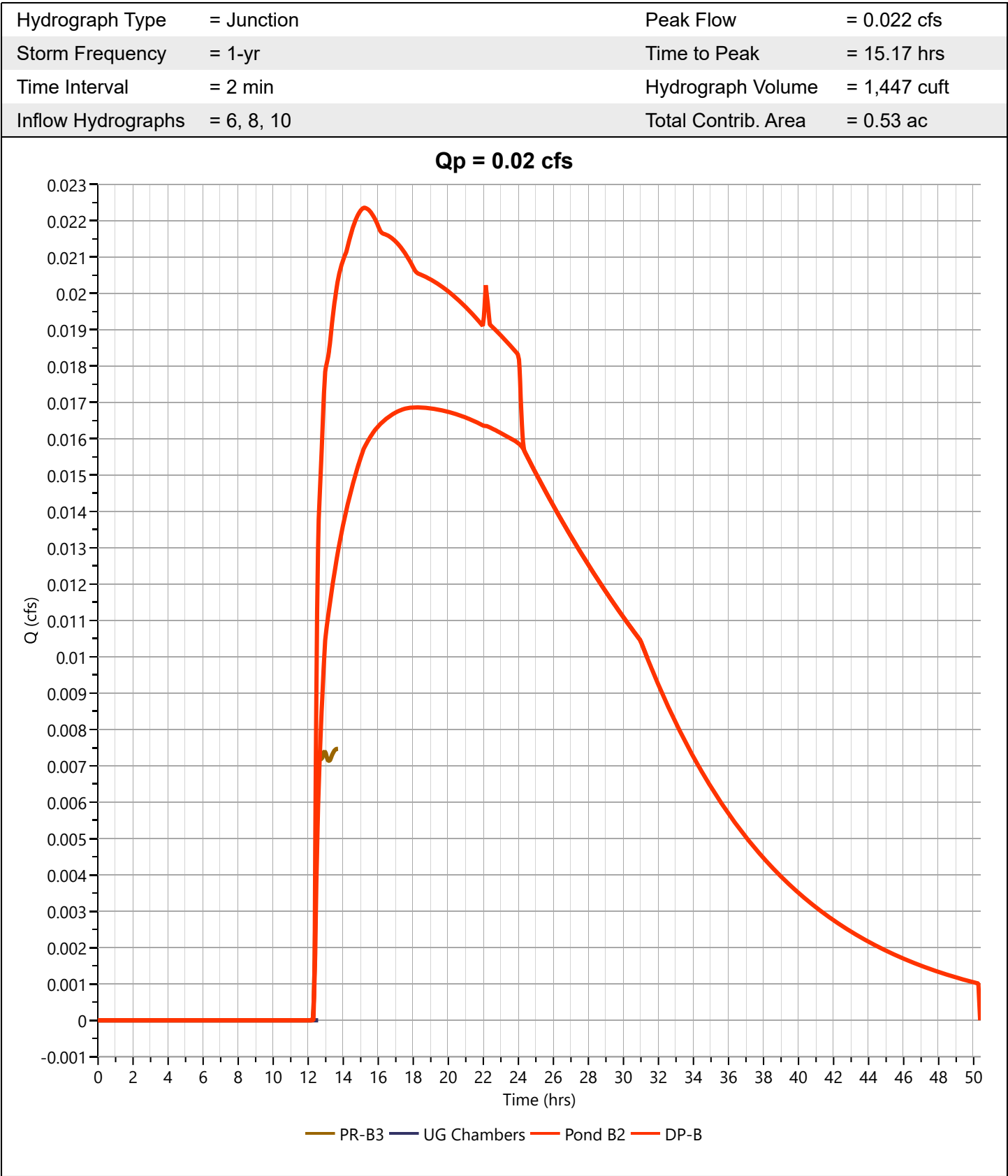
Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

DP-B

Hyd. No. 11



Hydrograph 10-yr Summary

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	EX-A	2.886	12.13	11,060	----		
2	NRCS Runoff	EX-B	1.109	12.13	5,094	----		
3	NRCS Runoff	PR-A	2.376	12.13	9,185	----		
4	NRCS Runoff	PR-B1	3.021	12.13	11,646	----		
5	NRCS Runoff	PR-B2	1.879	12.07	5,658	----		
6	NRCS Runoff	PR-B3	0.318	12.20	1,628	----		
7	Pond Route	Pond B1-Pre treat	3.000	12.17	11,425	4	507.15	2,369
8	Pond Route	UG Chambers	0.665	12.37	592	7	508.79	1,828
9	Pond Route	Pond B2 Forebay	1.696	12.10	5,160	5	511.11	8,345
10	Pond Route	Pond B2	0.037	17.90	4,632	9	510.07	4,312
11	Junction	DP-B	0.939	12.37	6,852	6, 8, 10		

Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

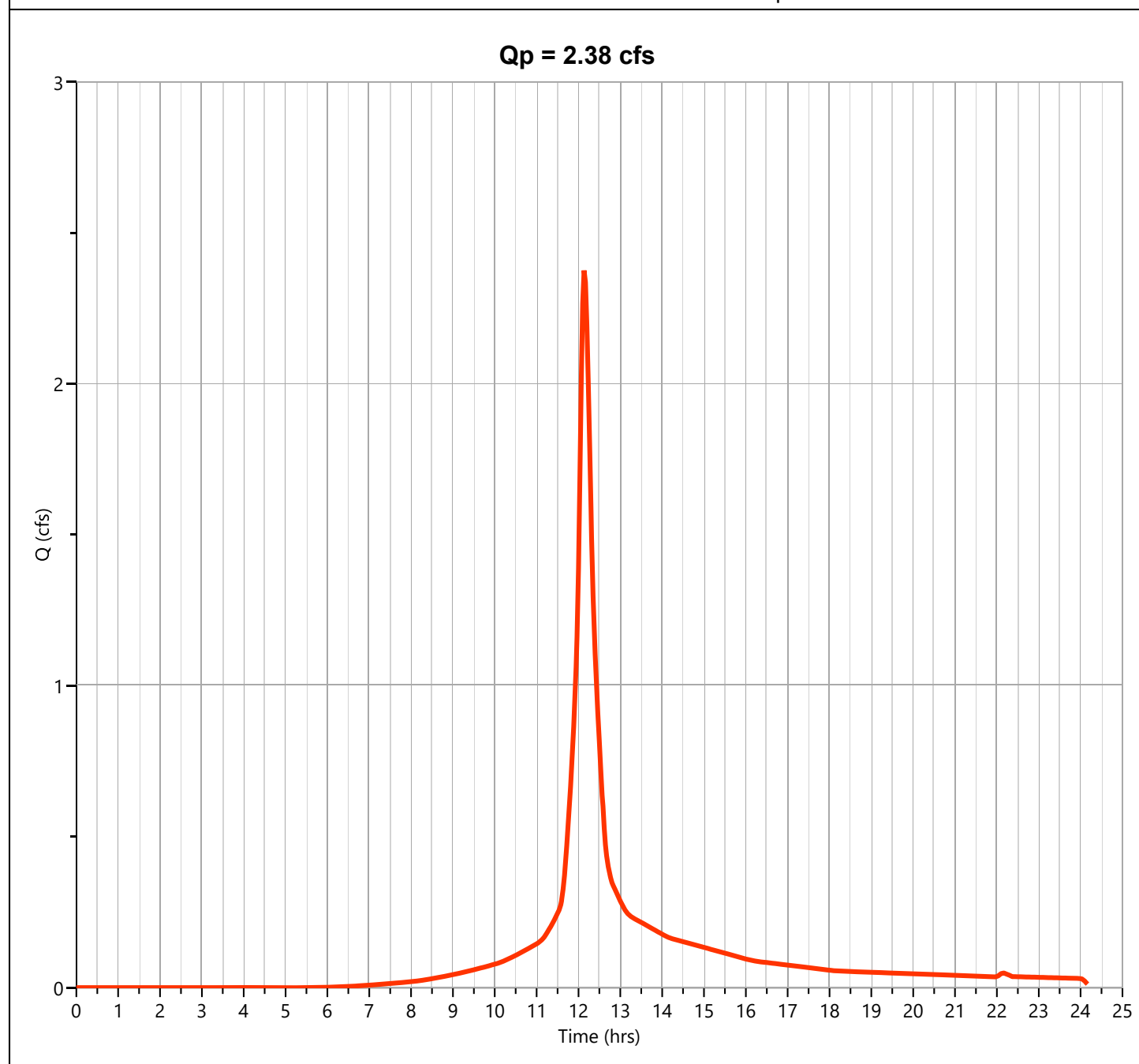
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-A

Hyd. No. 3

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 2.376 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 9,185 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.75 ac	Curve Number	= 86
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 13.2 min
Total Rainfall	= 4.79 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

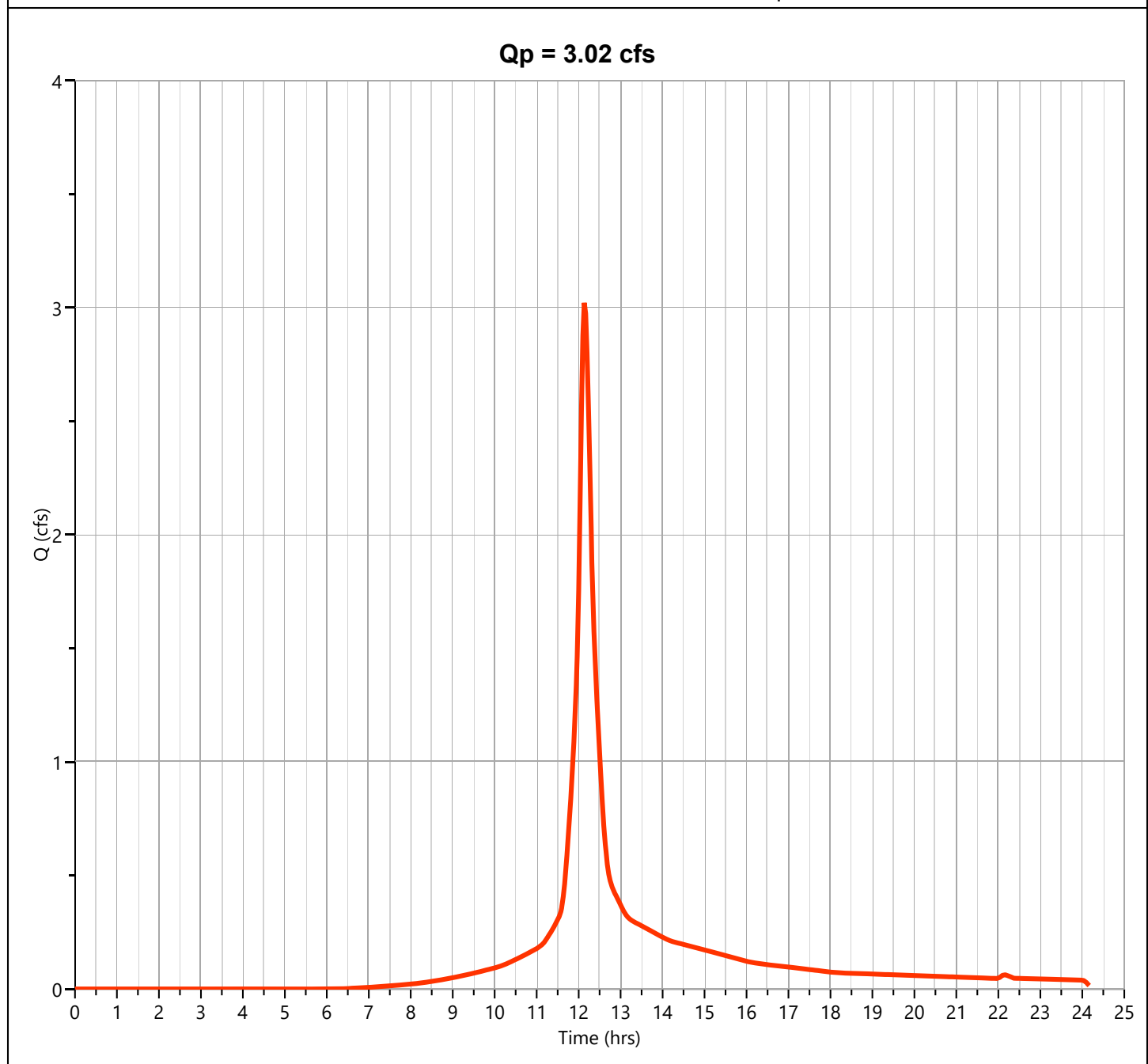
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-B1

Hyd. No. 4

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 3.021 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 11,646 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.98 ac	Curve Number	= 85
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 10.8 min
Total Rainfall	= 4.79 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

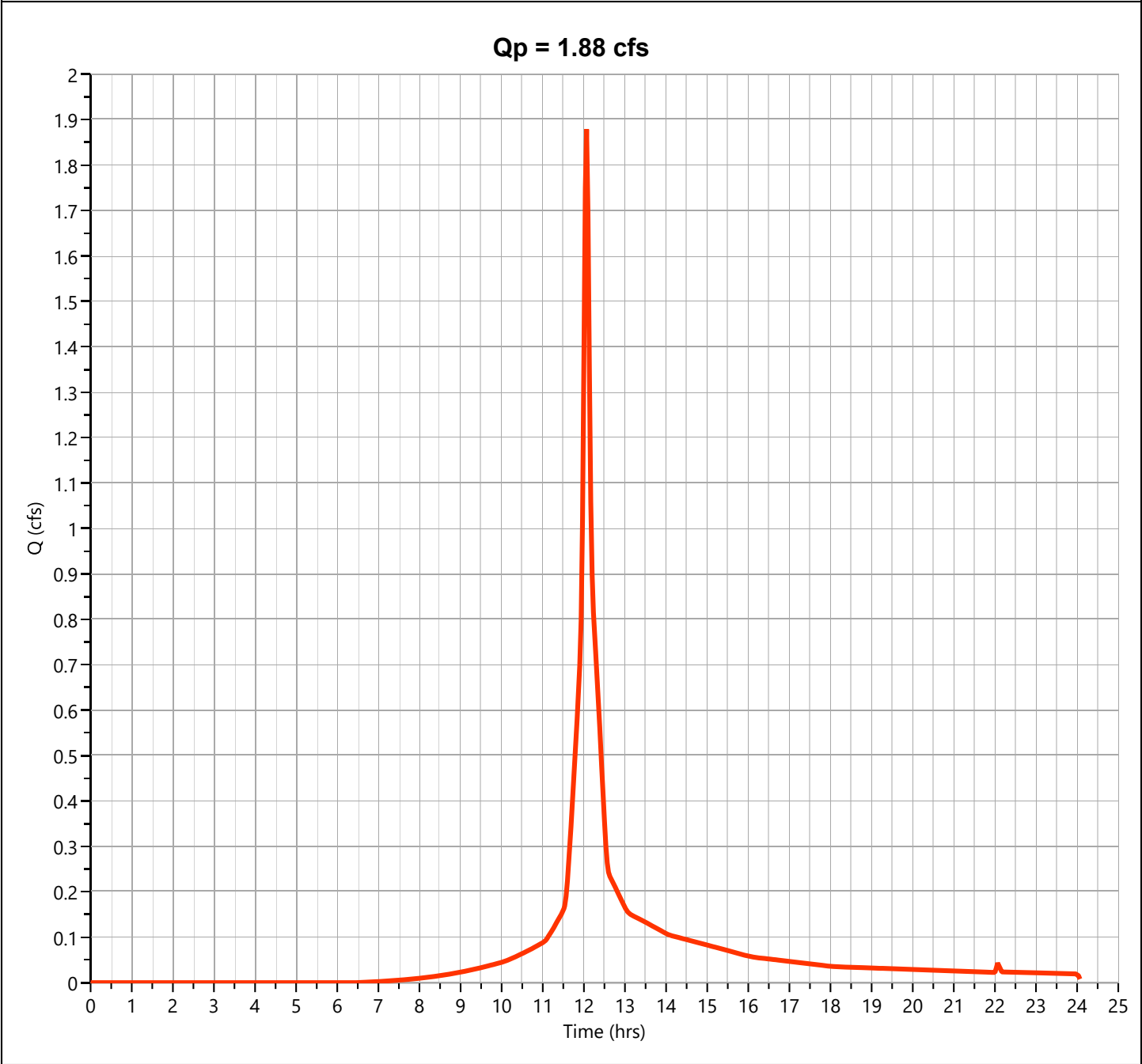
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-B2

Hyd. No. 5

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 1.879 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.07 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 5,658 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.54 ac	Curve Number	= 84
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 6.0 min
Total Rainfall	= 4.79 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

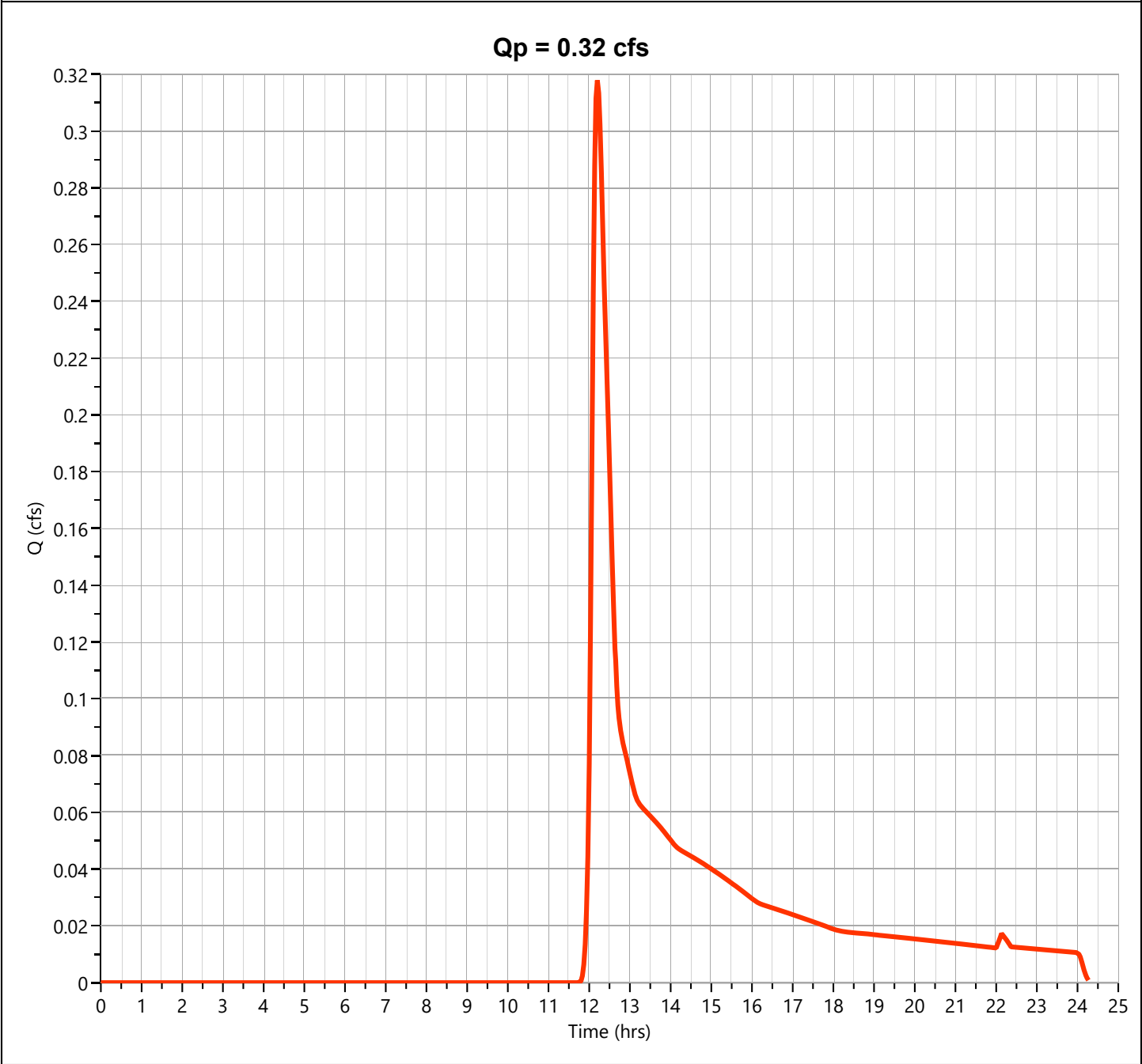
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-B3

Hyd. No. 6

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 0.318 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.20 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 1,628 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.53 ac	Curve Number	= 54
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 13.2 min
Total Rainfall	= 4.79 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Pond B1-Pre treat

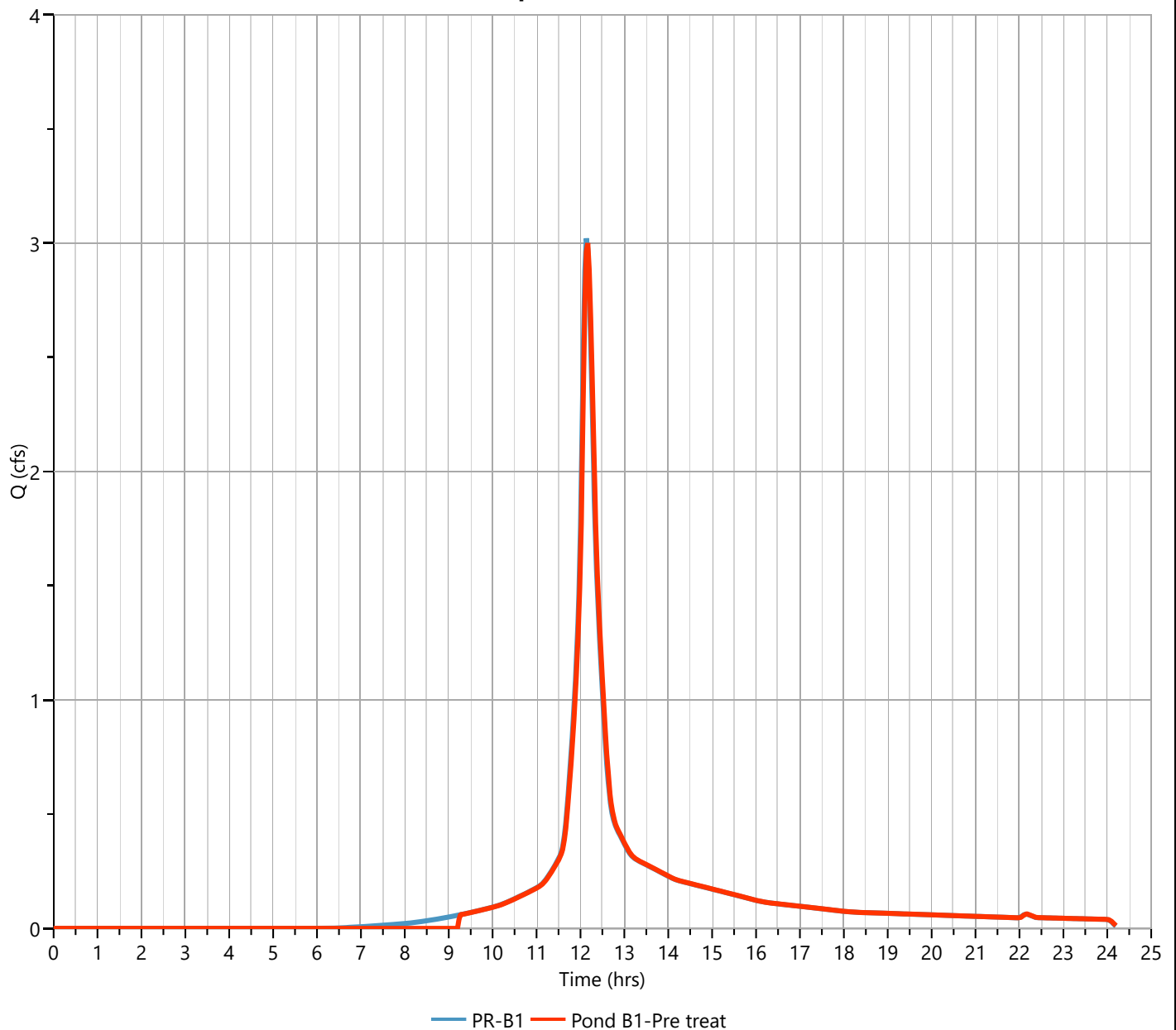
Hyd. No. 7

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 3.000 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.17 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 11,425 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 4 - PR-B1	Max. Elevation	= 507.15 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B1	Max. Storage	= 2,369 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 506.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 7 min

Qp = 3.00 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

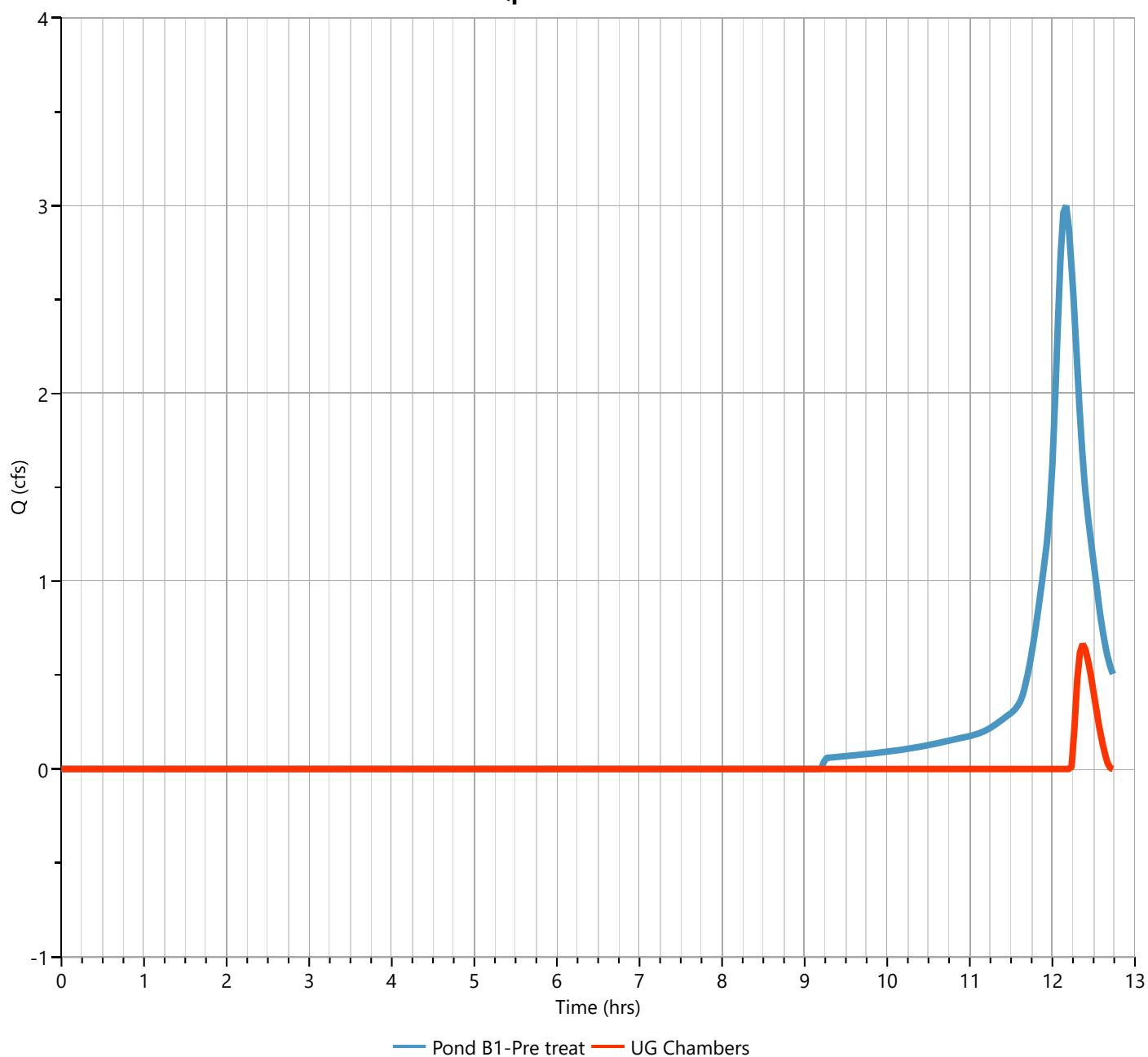
UG Chambers

Hyd. No. 8

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.665 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.37 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 592 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 7 - Pond B1-Pre treat	Max. Elevation	= 508.79 ft
Pond Name	= SC-740 Chambers	Max. Storage	= 1,828 cuft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Qp = 0.67 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Pond B2 Forebay

Hyd. No. 9

Hydrograph Type = Pond Route

Peak Flow = 1.696 cfs

Storm Frequency = 10-yr

Time to Peak = 12.10 hrs

Time Interval = 2 min

Hydrograph Volume = 5,160 cuft

Inflow Hydrograph = 5 - PR-B2

Max. Elevation = 511.11 ft

Pond Name = Pond B2-Forebay

Max. Storage = 8,345 cuft

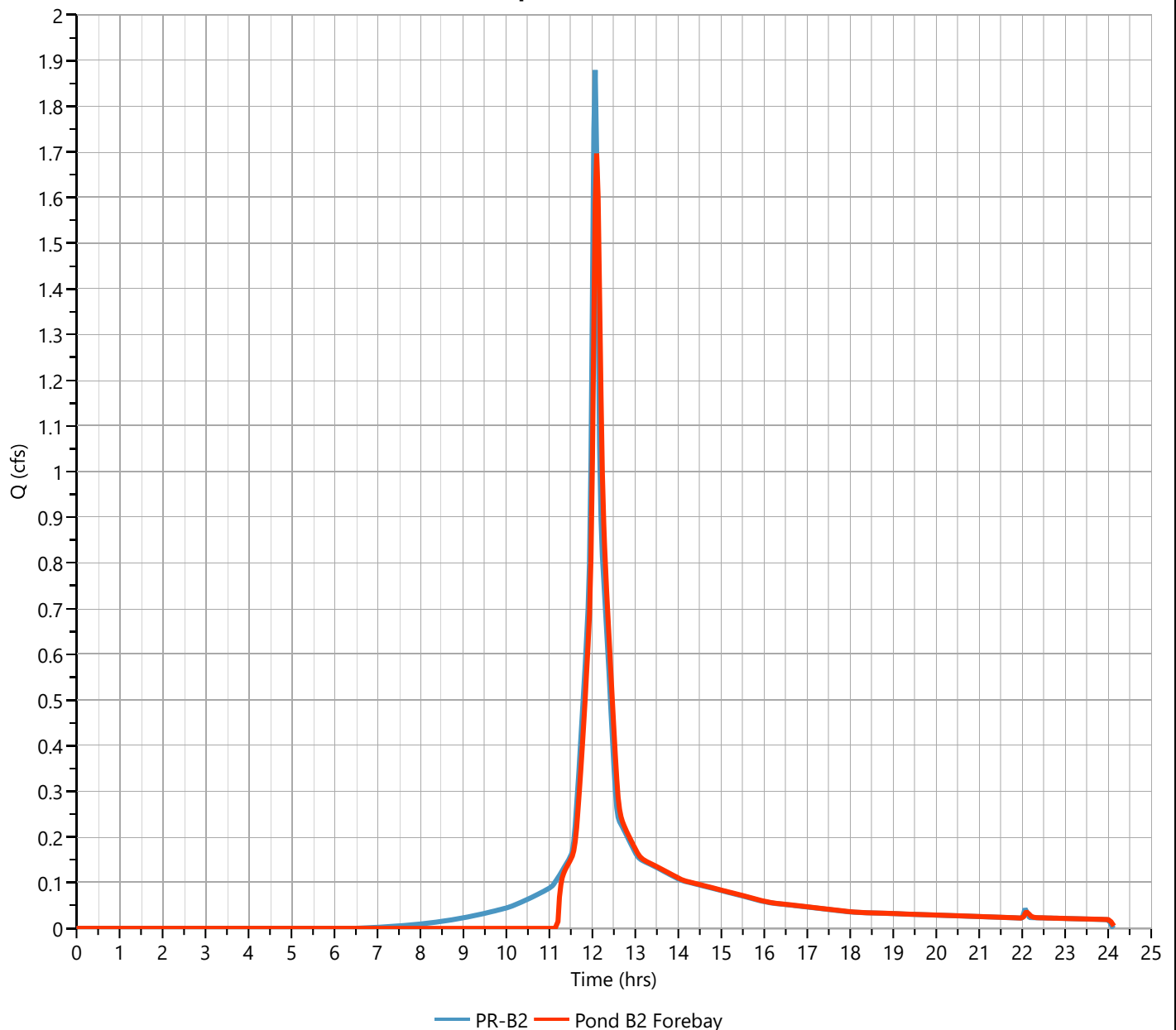
Routing Option = Wet Pond

Wet Pond Elevation = 510.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 23 min

Qp = 1.70 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Pond B2

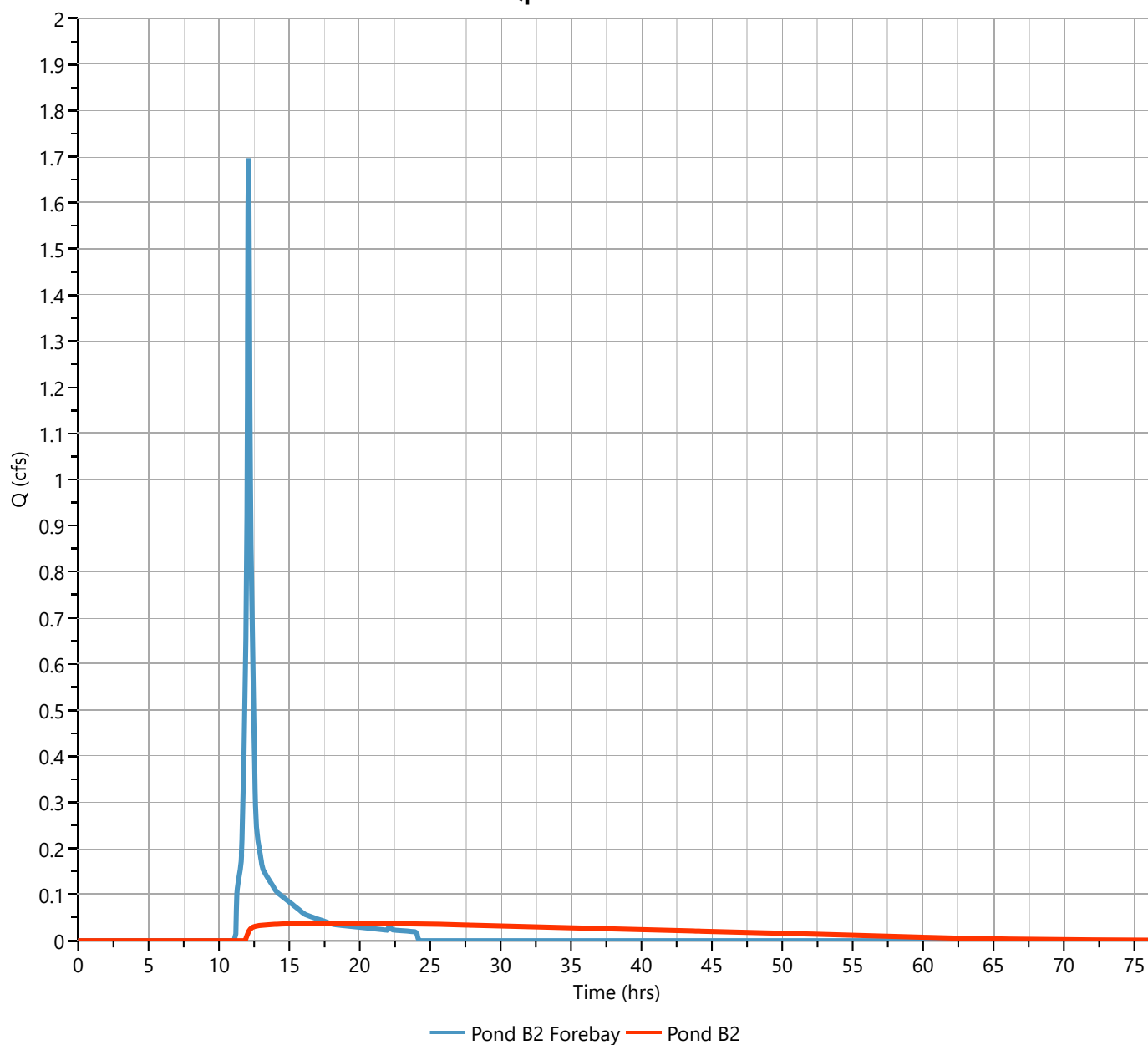
Hyd. No. 10

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.037 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 17.90 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 4,632 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 9 - Pond B2 Forebay	Max. Elevation	= 510.07 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B2	Max. Storage	= 4,312 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 507.00 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 18.59 hrs

Qp = 0.04 cfs



Hydrograph Report

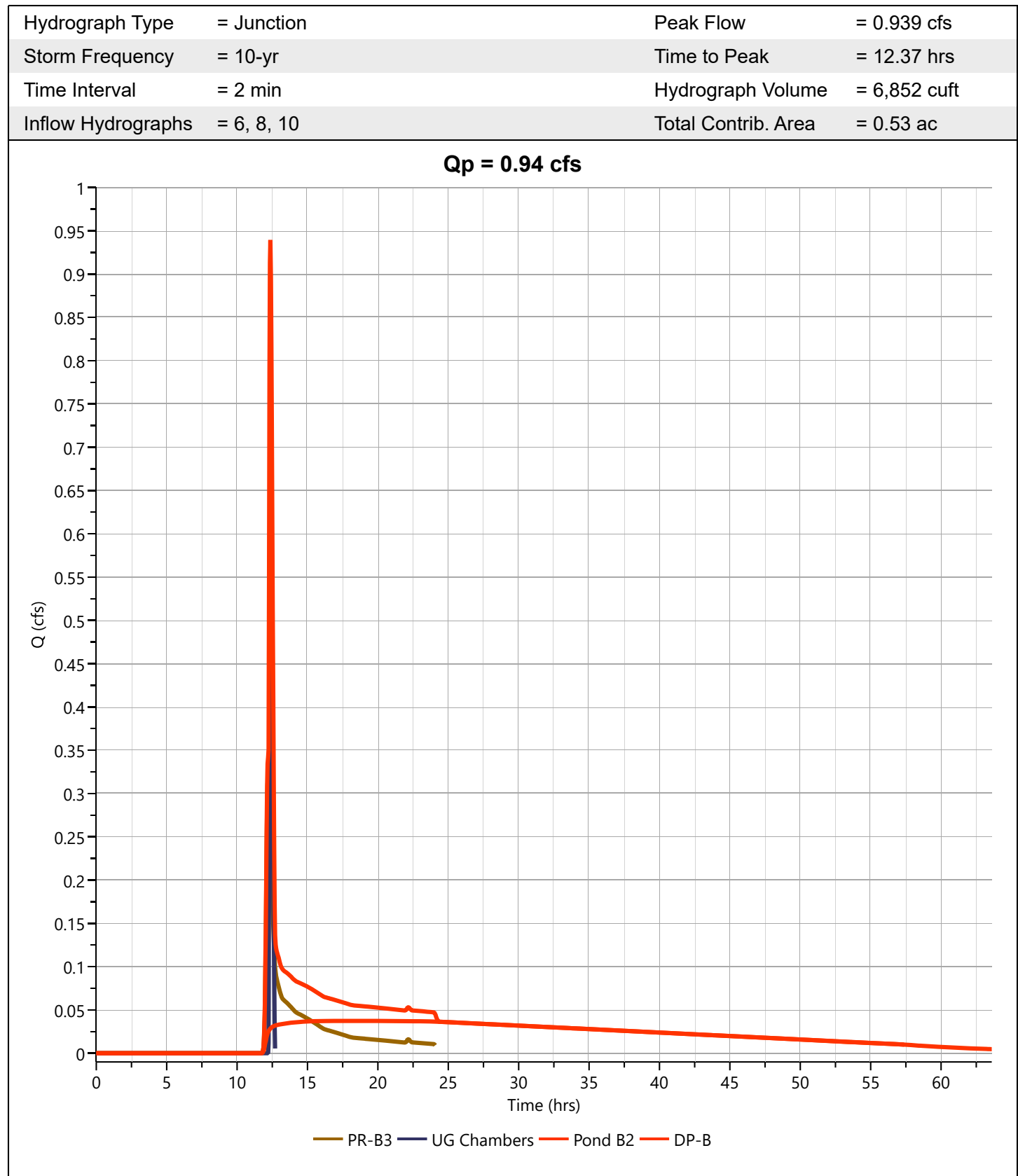
Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

DP-B

Hyd. No. 11



Hydrograph 100-yr Summary

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph Type	Hydrograph Name	Peak Flow (cfs)	Time to Peak (hrs)	Hydrograph Volume (cuft)	Inflow Hyd(s)	Maximum Elevation (ft)	Maximum Storage (cuft)
1	NRCS Runoff	EX-A	6.401	12.13	24,909	----		
2	NRCS Runoff	EX-B	5.261	12.10	18,764	----		
3	NRCS Runoff	PR-A	4.804	12.13	19,166	----		
4	NRCS Runoff	PR-B1	6.198	12.13	24,602	----		
5	NRCS Runoff	PR-B2	3.890	12.07	12,103	----		
6	NRCS Runoff	PR-B3	1.505	12.17	5,998	----		
7	Pond Route	Pond B1-Pre treat	6.142	12.13	24,382	4	507.27	2,507
8	Pond Route	UG Chambers	3.334	12.30	6,004	7	510.14	3,510
9	Pond Route	Pond B2 Forebay	3.648	12.10	11,605	5	511.22	8,615
10	Pond Route	Pond B2	0.373	12.90	11,057	9	511.22	7,746
11	Junction	DP-B	4.606	12.23	23,059	6, 8, 10		

Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

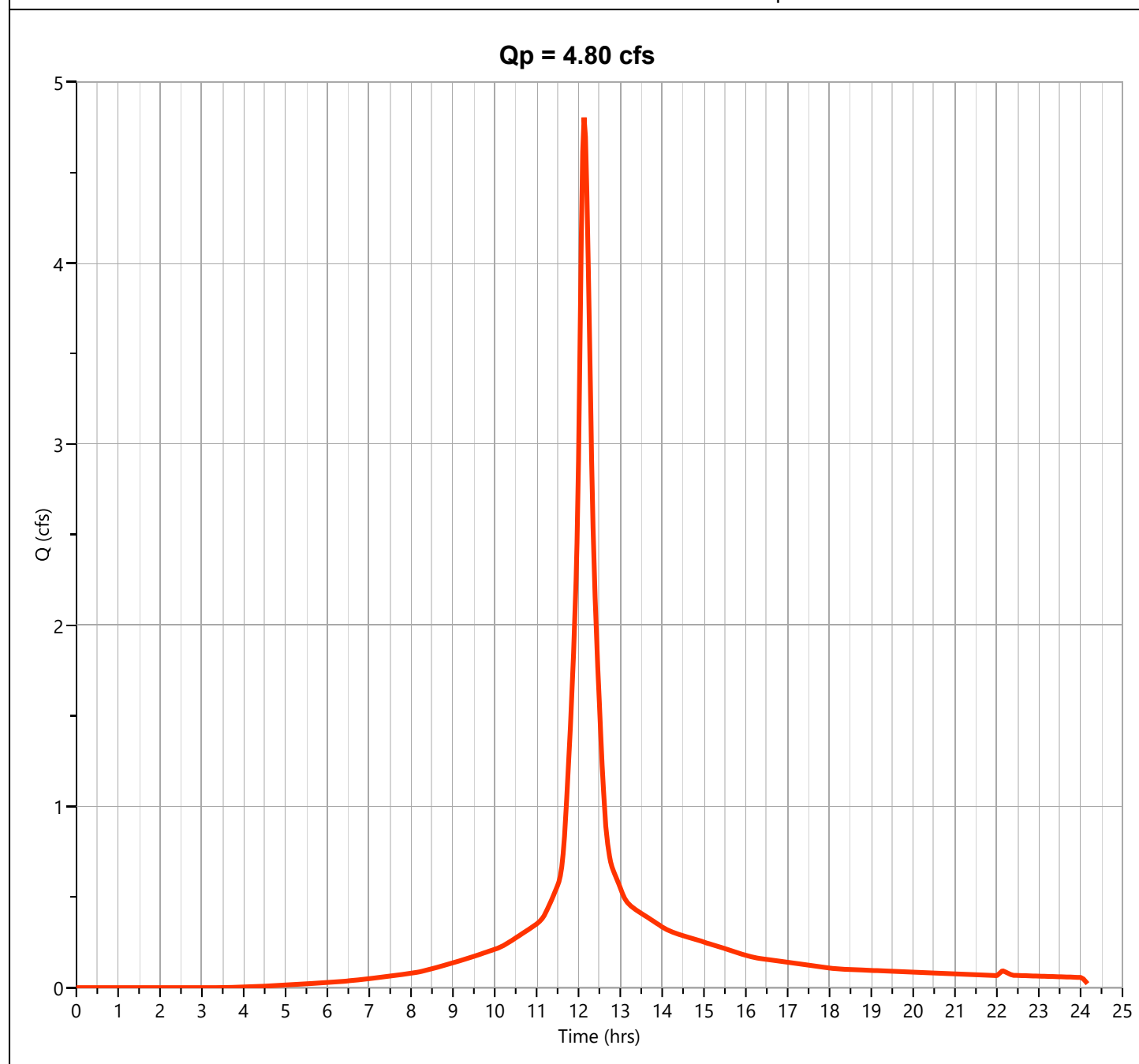
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-A

Hyd. No. 3

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 4.804 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 19,166 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.75 ac	Curve Number	= 86
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 13.2 min
Total Rainfall	= 8.51 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

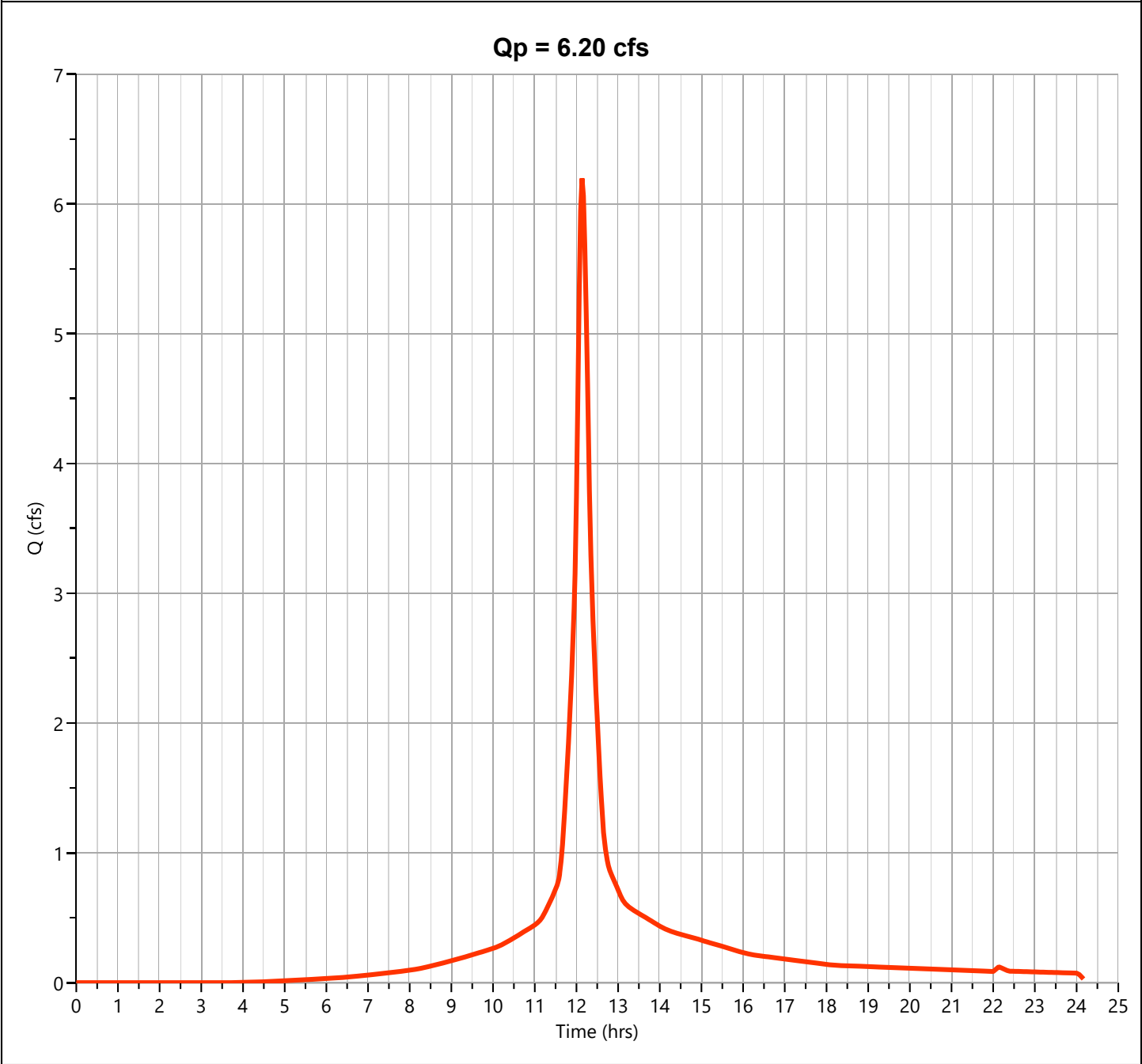
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-B1

Hyd. No. 4

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 6.198 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 24,602 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.98 ac	Curve Number	= 85
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 10.8 min
Total Rainfall	= 8.51 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

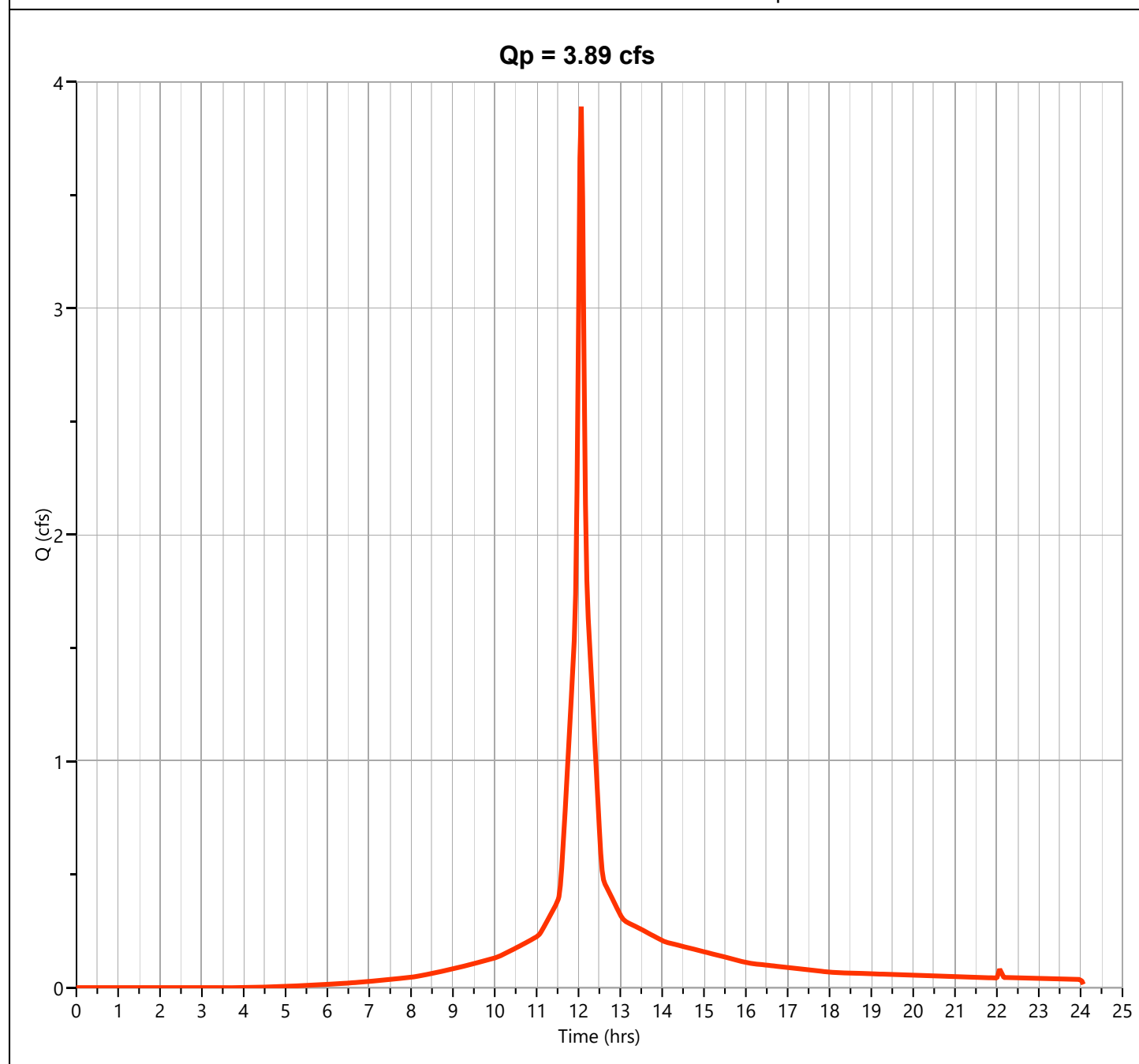
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-B2

Hyd. No. 5

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 3.890 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.07 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 12,103 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.54 ac	Curve Number	= 84
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 6.0 min
Total Rainfall	= 8.51 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

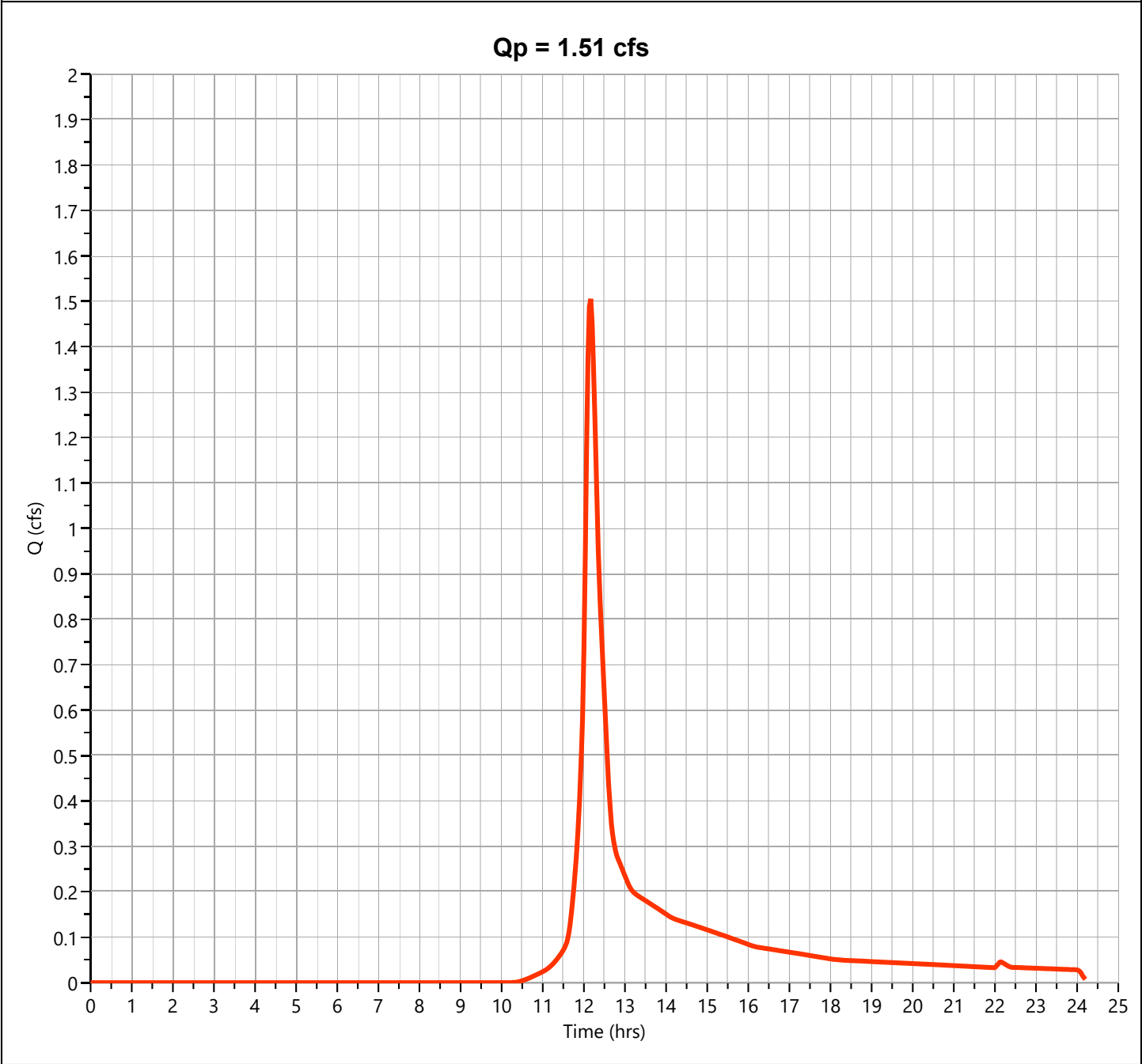
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

PR-B3

Hyd. No. 6

Hydrograph Type	= NRCS Runoff	Peak Flow	= 1.505 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.17 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Runoff Volume	= 5,998 cuft
Drainage Area	= 0.53 ac	Curve Number	= 54
Tc Method	= User	Time of Conc. (Tc)	= 13.2 min
Total Rainfall	= 8.51 in	Design Storm	= Type III
Storm Duration	= 24 hrs	Shape Factor	= 484



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Pond B1-Pre treat

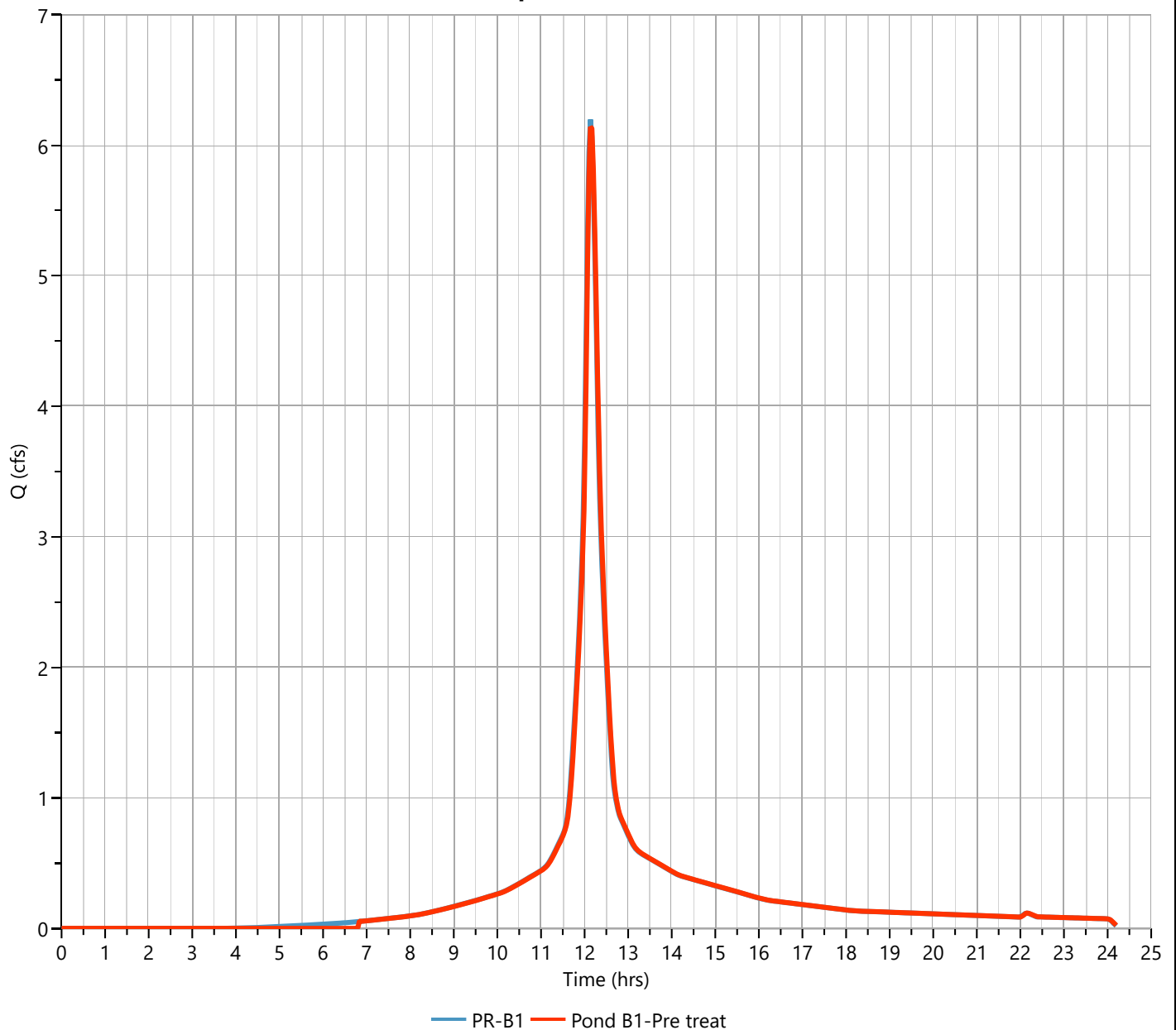
Hyd. No. 7

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 6.142 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 24,382 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 4 - PR-B1	Max. Elevation	= 507.27 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B1	Max. Storage	= 2,507 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 506.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 5 min

Qp = 6.14 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

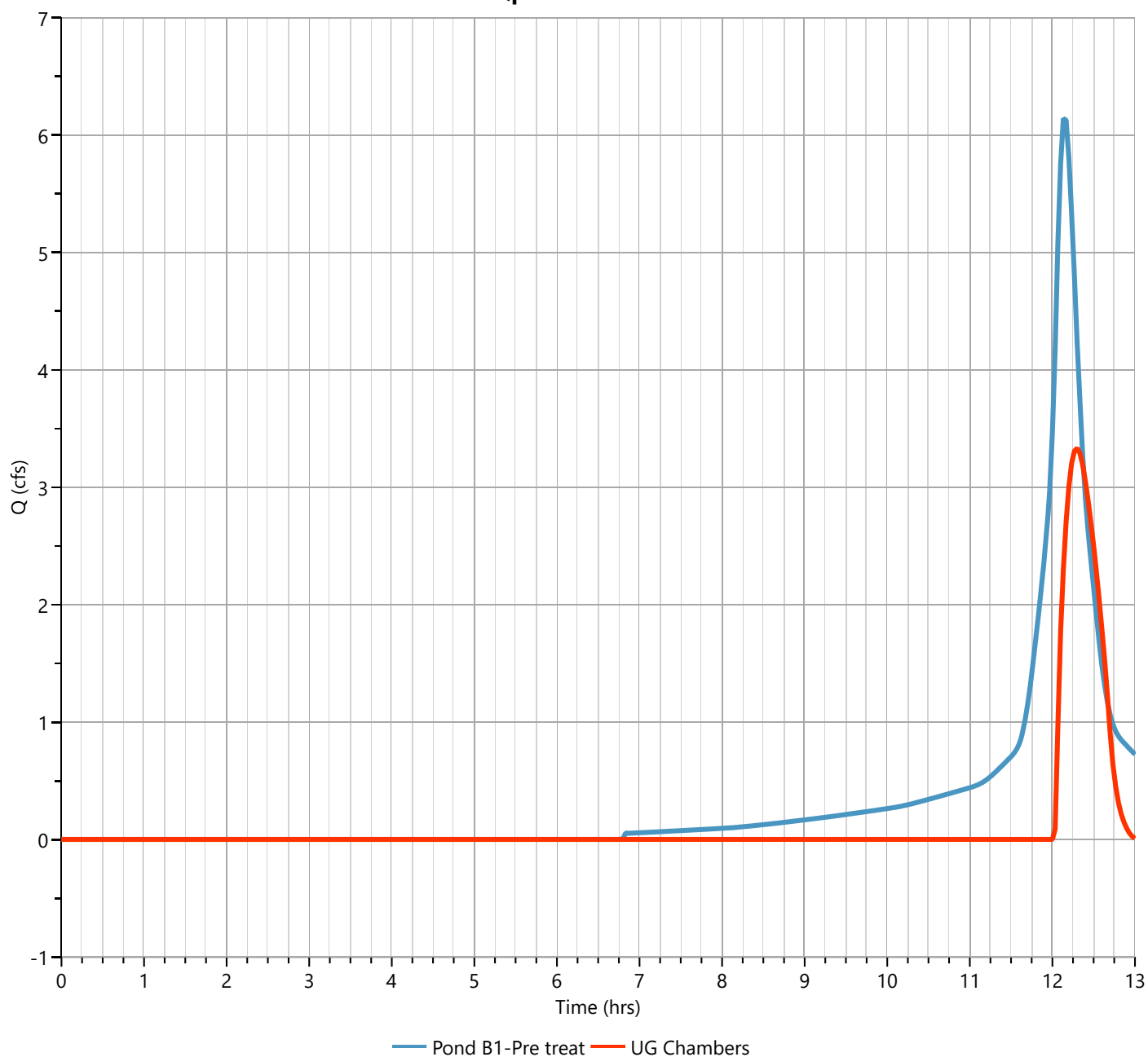
UG Chambers

Hyd. No. 8

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 3.334 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.30 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 6,004 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 7 - Pond B1-Pre treat	Max. Elevation	= 510.14 ft
Pond Name	= SC-740 Chambers	Max. Storage	= 3,510 cuft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Qp = 3.33 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Pond B2 Forebay

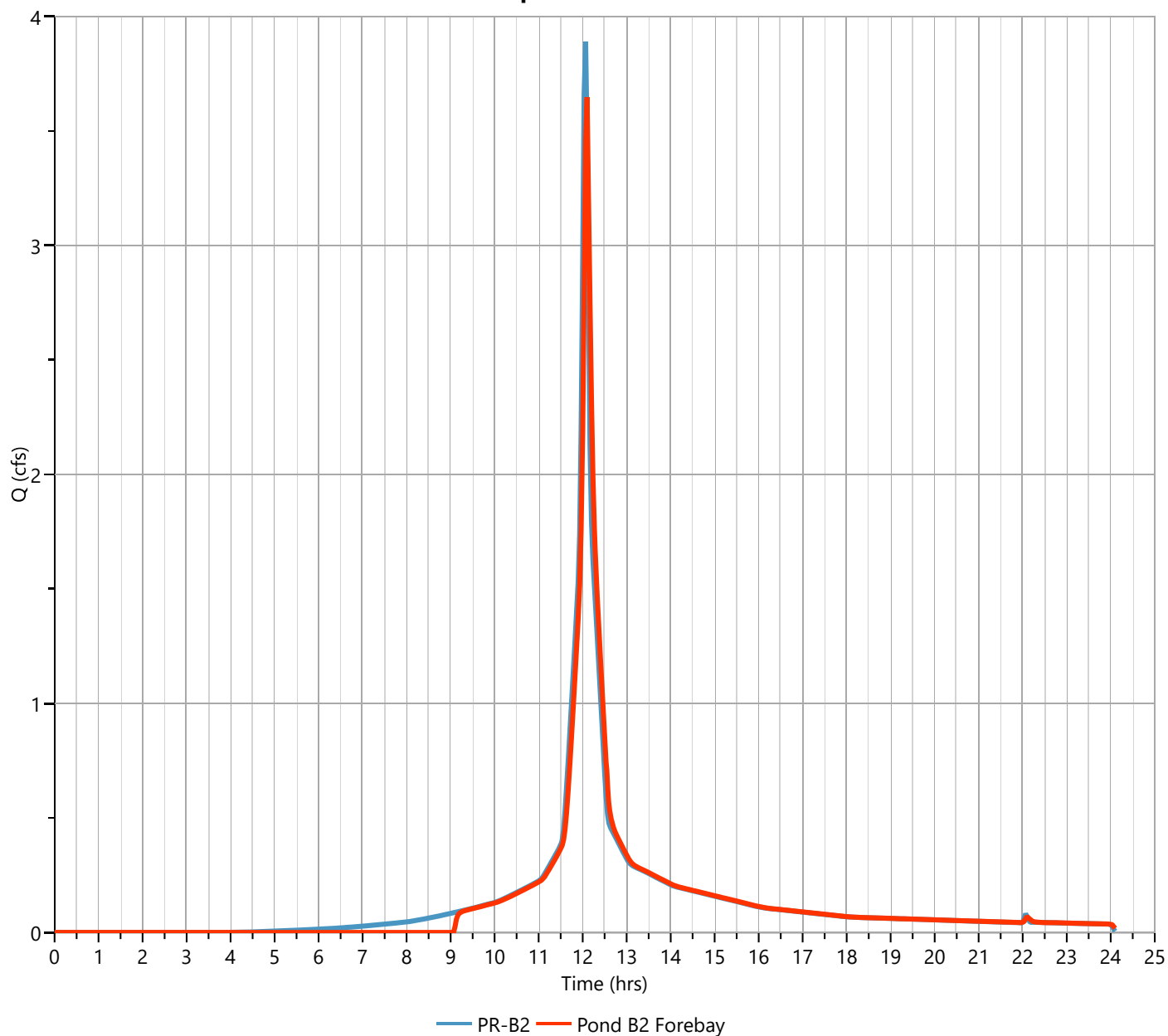
Hyd. No. 9

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 3.648 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.10 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 11,605 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 5 - PR-B2	Max. Elevation	= 511.22 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B2-Forebay	Max. Storage	= 8,615 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 510.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 20 min

Qp = 3.65 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

Pond B2

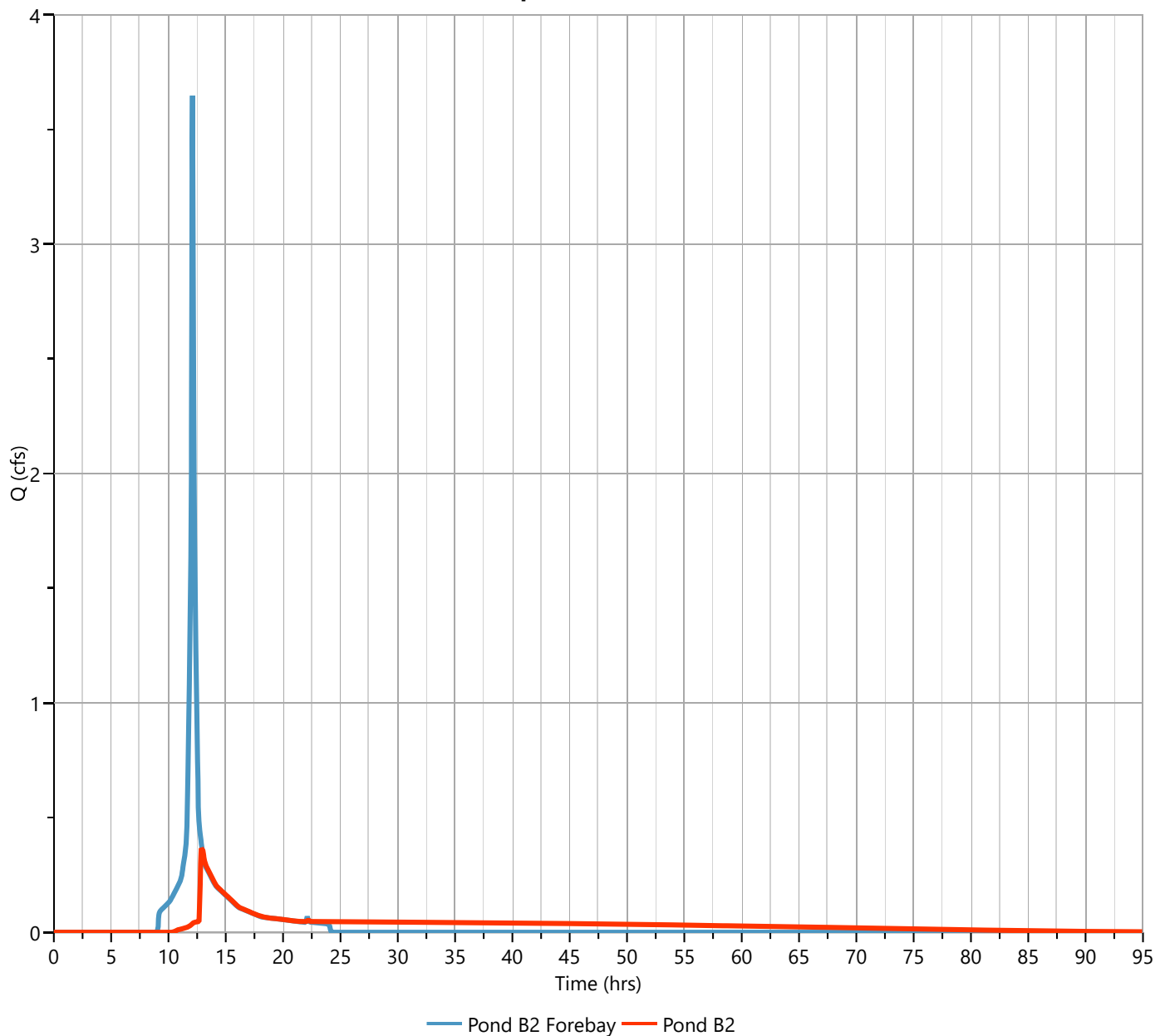
Hyd. No. 10

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.373 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.90 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 11,057 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 9 - Pond B2 Forebay	Max. Elevation	= 511.22 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B2	Max. Storage	= 7,746 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 507.00 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 21.57 hrs

Qp = 0.37 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

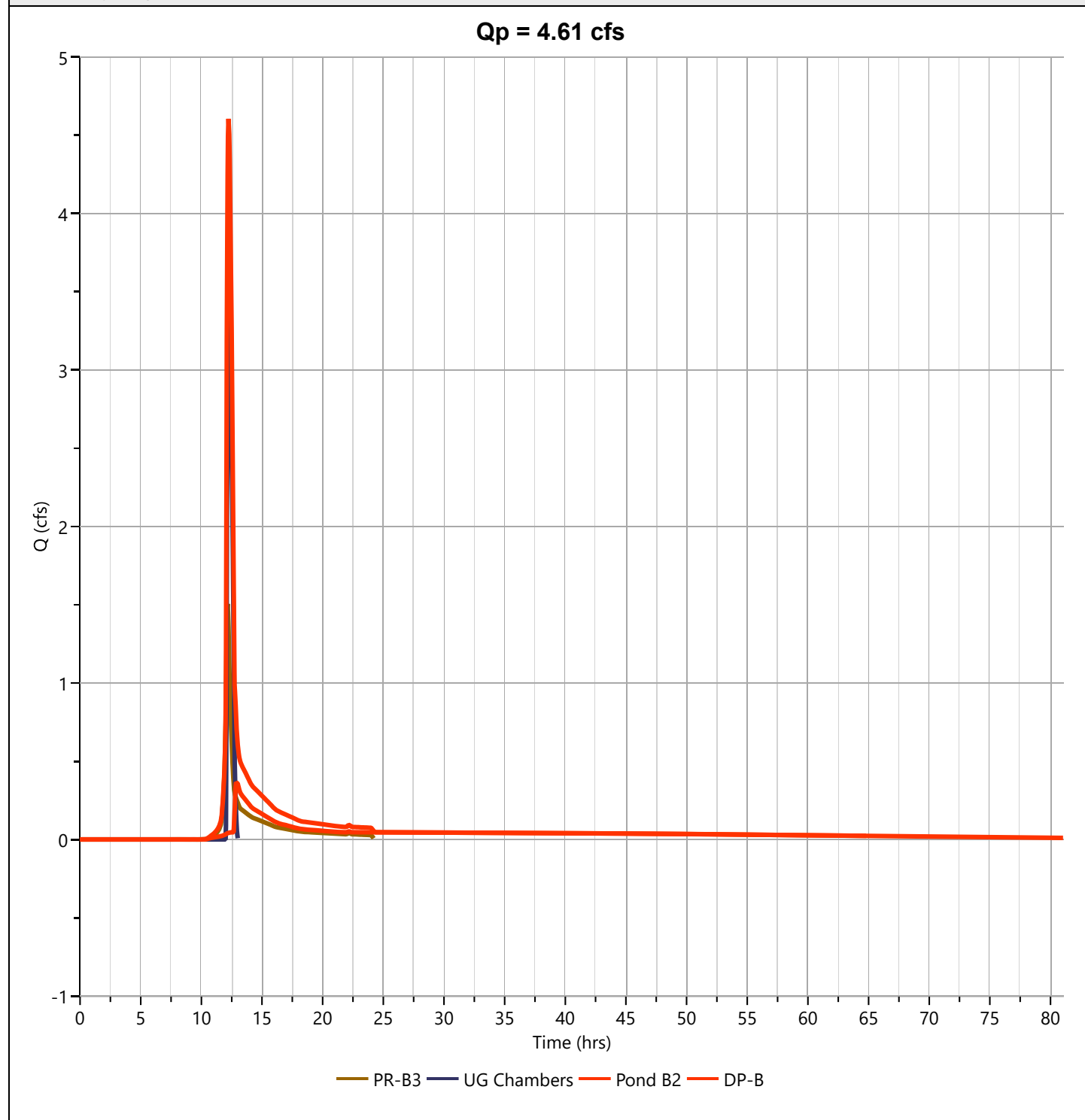
Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-14-2022

DP-B

Hyd. No. 11

Hydrograph Type	= Junction	Peak Flow	= 4.606 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.23 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 23,059 cuft
Inflow Hydrographs	= 6, 8, 10	Total Contrib. Area	= 0.53 ac



This page is left intentionally blank

APPENDIX 9

RESERVOIR REPORTS

This page is left intentionally blank

Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B1-Pre treat

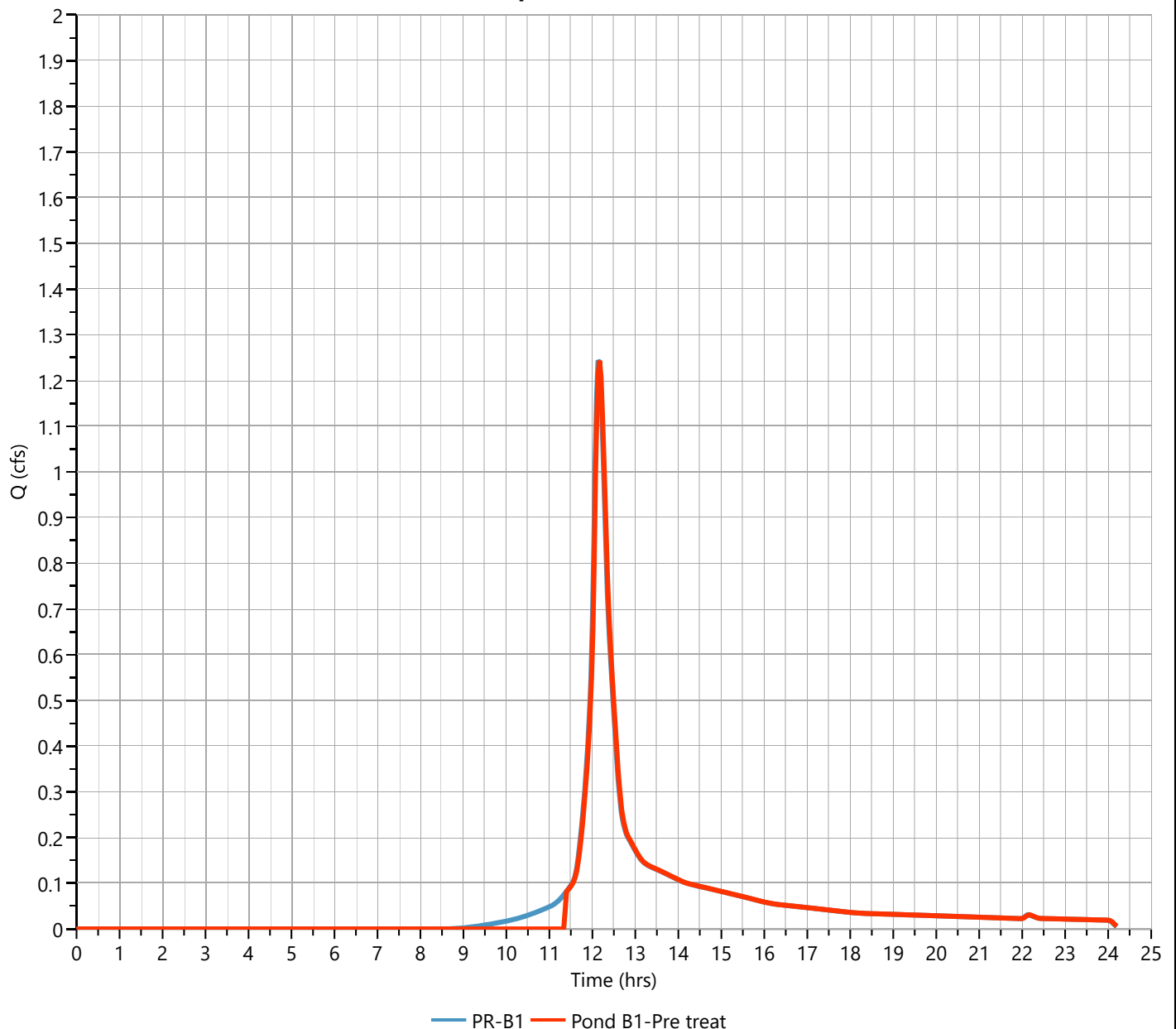
Hyd. No. 7

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 1.244 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.17 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 4,575 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 4 - PR-B1	Max. Elevation	= 507.06 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B1	Max. Storage	= 2,276 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 506.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 10 min

Qp = 1.24 cfs



Pond Report

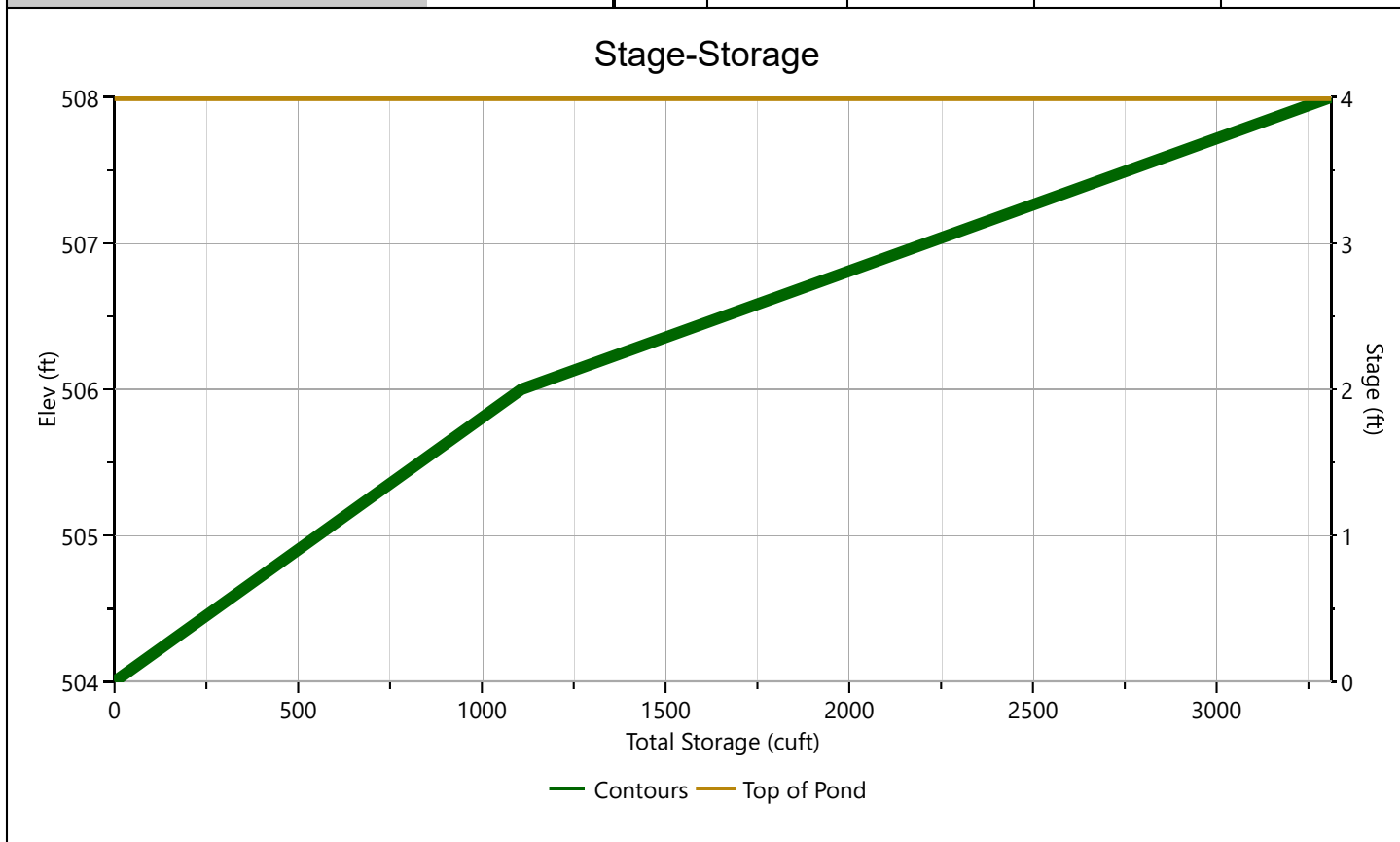
Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B1

Stage-Storage

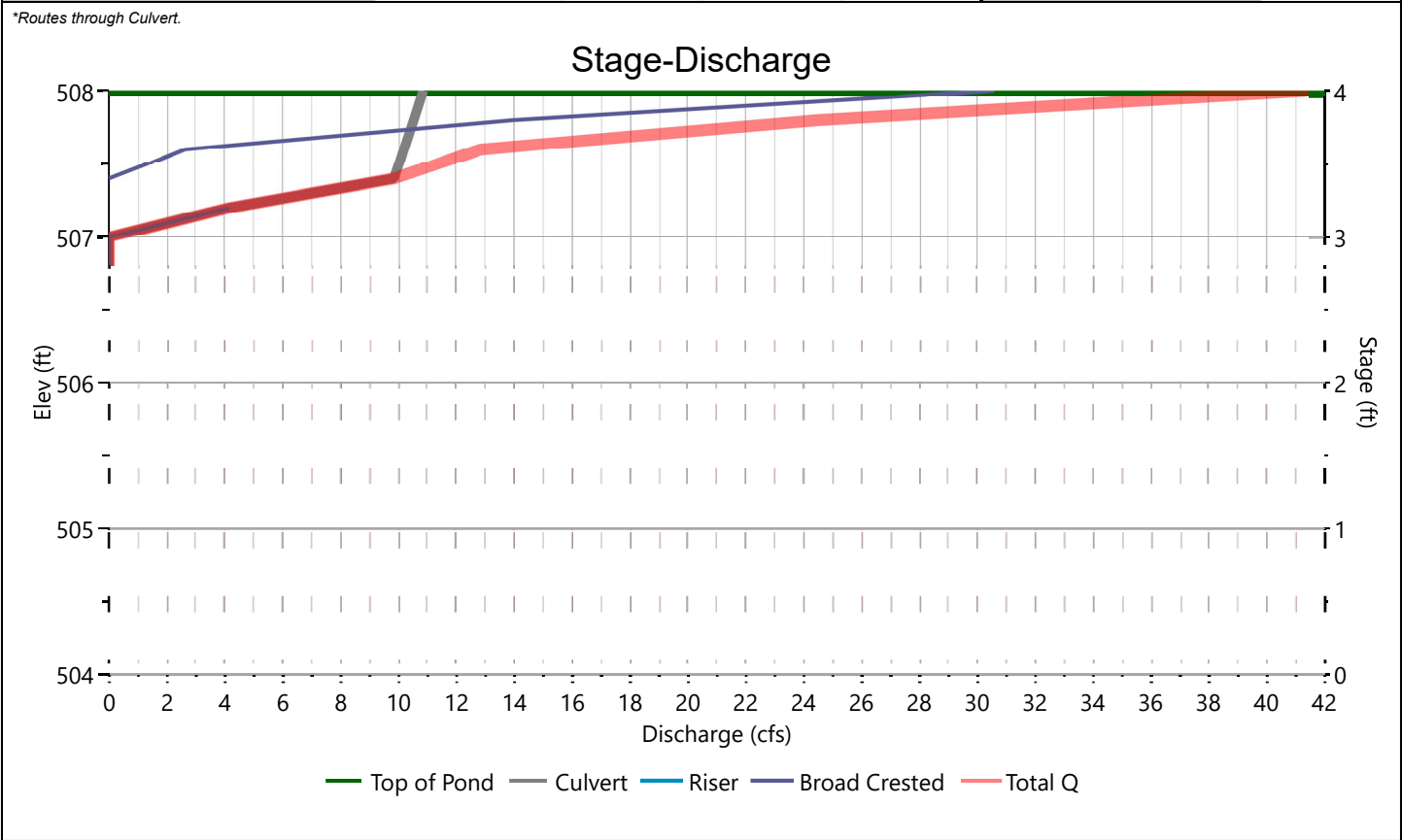
[illegible]

Pond B1

Stage-Discharge

Culvert / Orifices	Culvert	Orifices			Orifice Plate
		1	2	3	
Rise, in	15				Orifice Dia, in
Span, in	15				No. Orifices
No. Barrels	1				Invert Elevation, ft
Invert Elevation, ft	504.00				Height, ft
Orifice Coefficient, Co	0.60				Orifice Coefficient, Co
Length, ft	20				
Barrel Slope, %	.01				
N-Value, n	0.013				
Weirs	Riser*	Weirs			Ancillary
		1	2	3	
Shape / Type	Circular	Broad Crested			Exfiltration, in/hr
Crest Elevation, ft	507	507.5			
Crest Length, ft	14	25			
Angle, deg		18.4 (3:1)			
Weir Coefficient, Cw	3.3	3.3			

*Routes through Culvert.



Pond Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B1

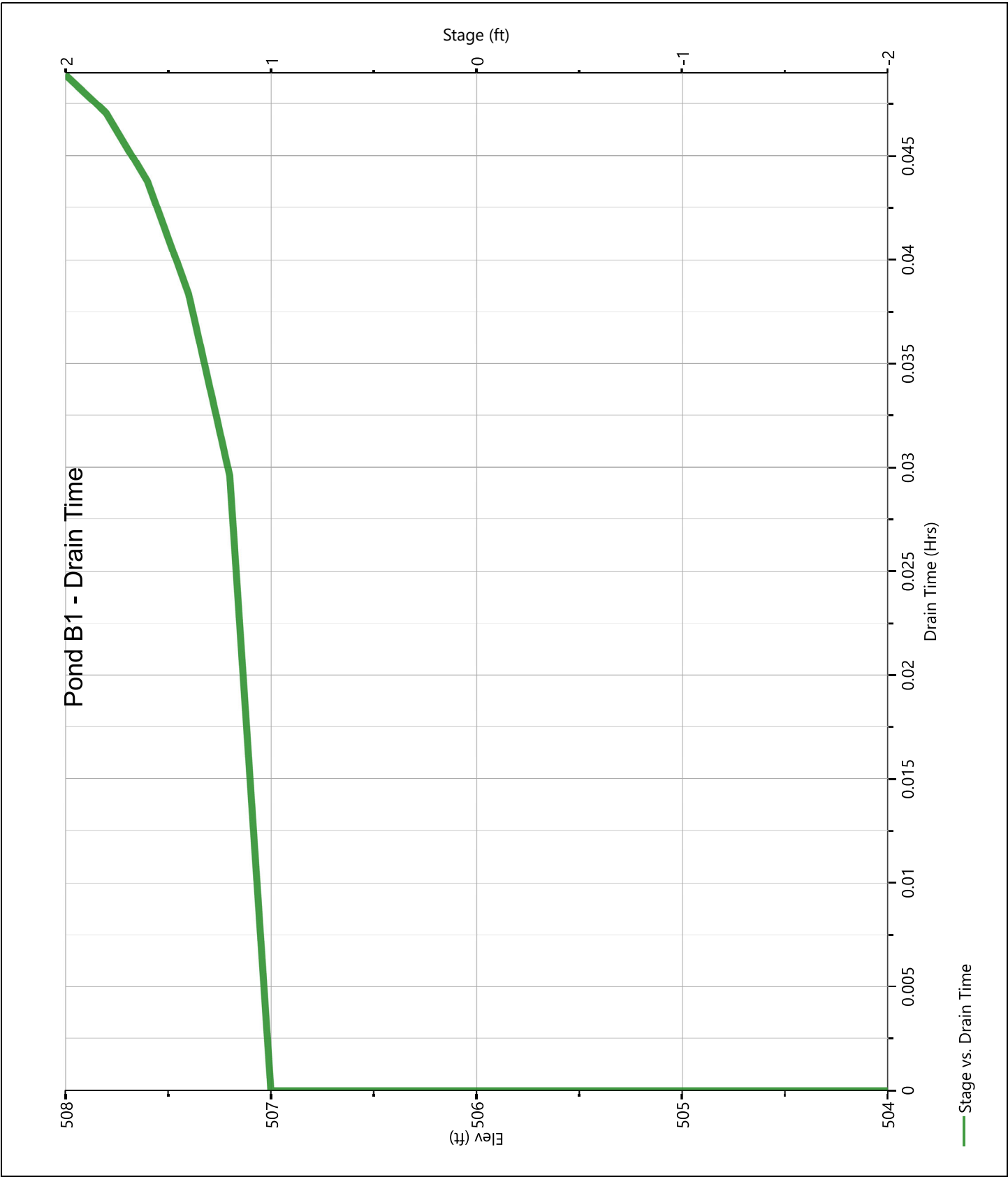
Stage-Storage-Discharge Summary

[illegible]

Suffix key: ic = inlet control, oc = outlet control, s = submerged weir

Pond B1

Pond Drawdown



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

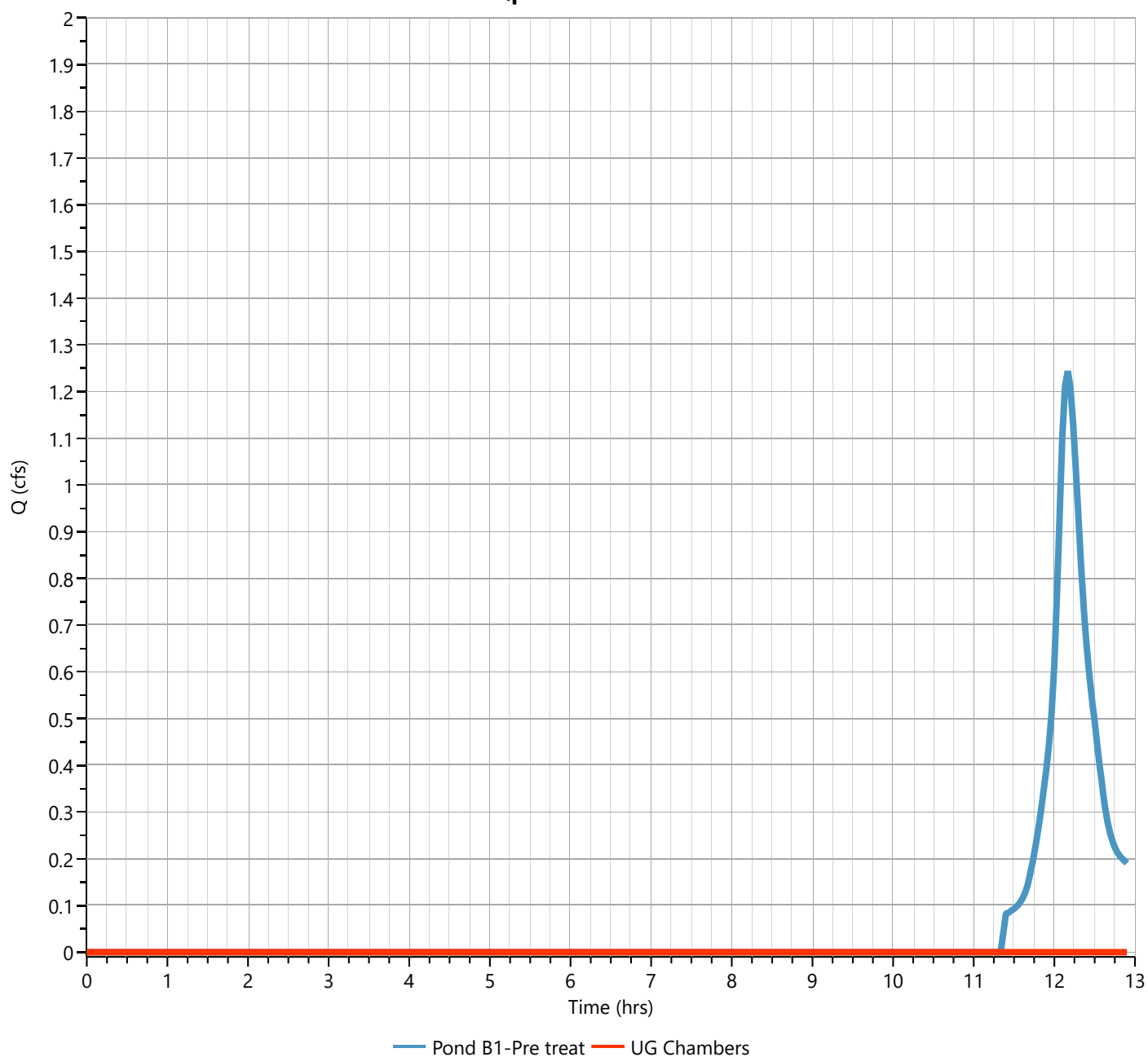
UG Chambers

Hyd. No. 8

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.000 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.87 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 0.000 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 7 - Pond B1-Pre treat	Max. Elevation	= 507.19 ft
Pond Name	= SC-740 Chambers	Max. Storage	= 133 cuft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

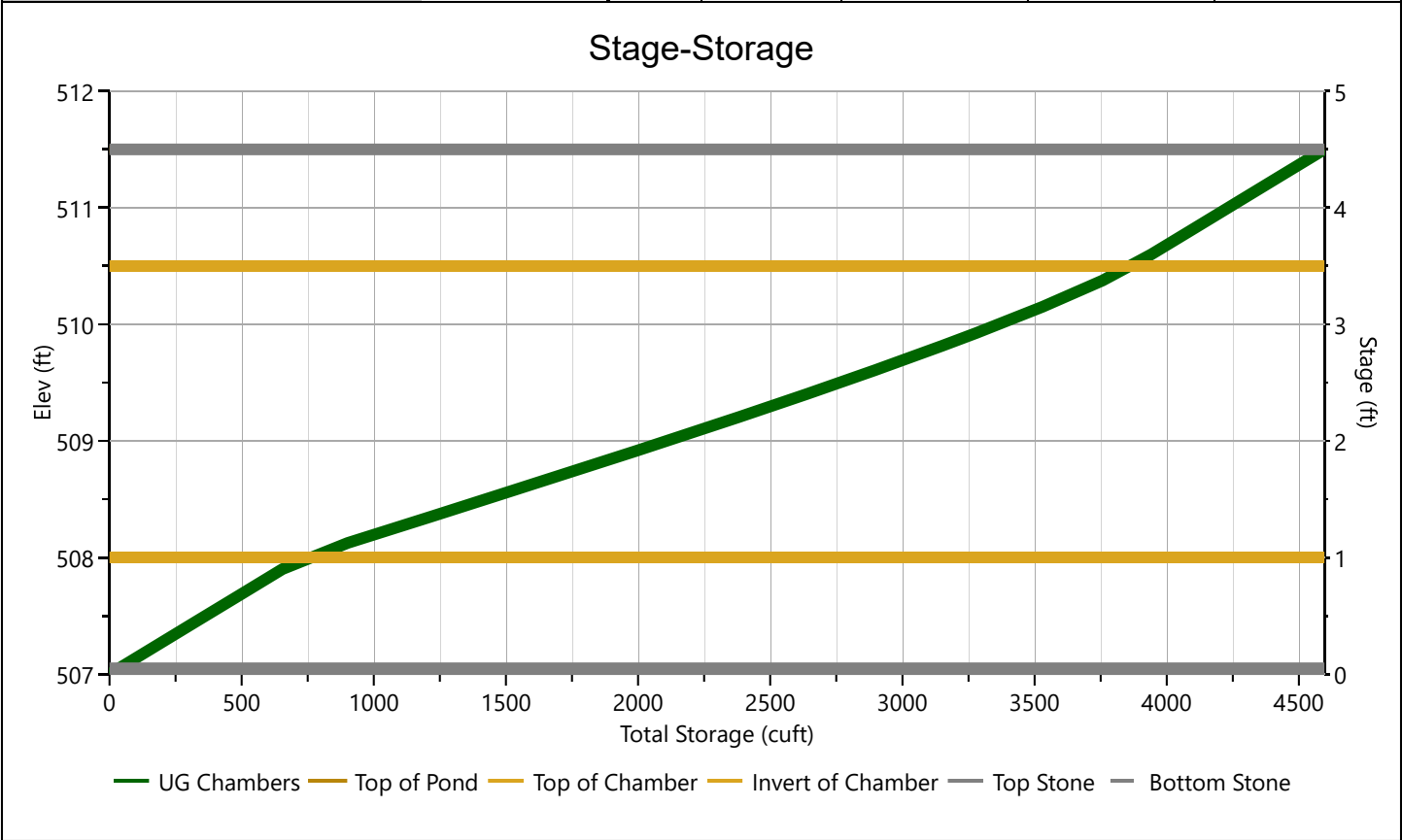
Qp = 0.00 cfs



SC-740 Chambers

Stage-Storage

StormTech® SC-740™ Chamber		Stage / Storage Table				
Description	Input	Stage (in)	Elevation (ft)	Contour Area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total Storage (cuft)
Chamber Height, in	30	0.0	507.00	1,819	0.000	0.000
Chamber Shape	Arch	2.7	507.23	1,819	164	164
Chamber Width, in	51	5.4	507.45	1,819	164	327
Installed Length, ft	7.12	8.1	507.68	1,819	164	491
No. Chambers	48	10.8	507.90	1,819	164	655
Bare Chamber Stor, cuft	2,203	13.5	508.13	1,819	246	901
No. Rows	8	16.2	508.35	1,819	314	1,216
Space Between Rows, in	6	18.9	508.58	1,819	312	1,528
Stone Above, in	12	21.6	508.80	1,819	309	1,837
Stone Below, in	12	24.3	509.03	1,819	305	2,142
Stone Sides, in	12	27.0	509.25	1,819	298	2,440
Stone Ends, in	12	29.7	509.48	1,819	291	2,731
Encasement Voids, %	40.00	32.4	509.70	1,819	281	3,011
Encasement Bottom Elevation, ft	507.00	35.1	509.93	1,819	268	3,279
		37.8	510.15	1,819	251	3,530
		40.5	510.38	1,819	227	3,758
		43.2	510.60	1,819	184	3,941
		45.9	510.83	1,819	164	4,105
		48.6	511.05	1,819	164	4,269
		51.3	511.28	1,819	164	4,433
		54.0	511.50	1,819	164	4,596



Pond Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

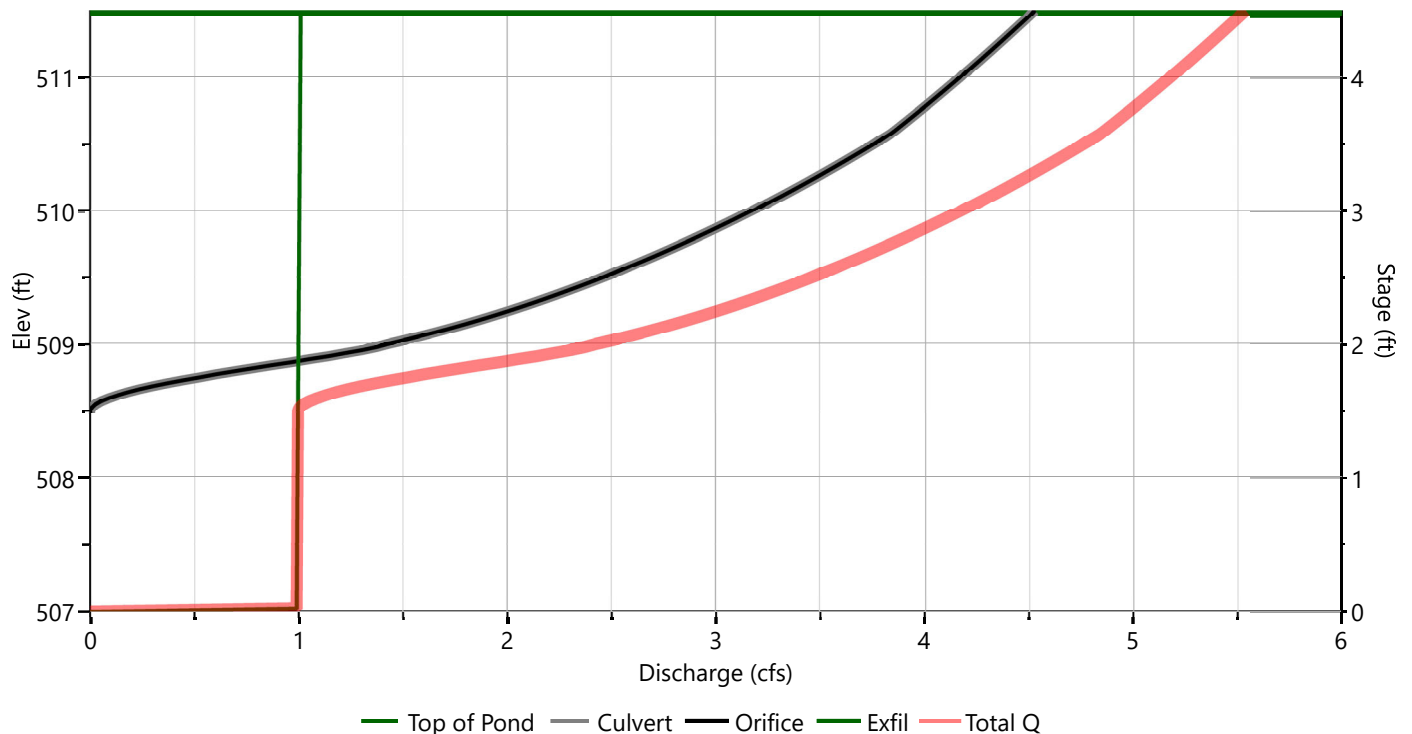
SC-740 Chambers

Stage-Discharge

Culvert / Orifices	Culvert	Orifices			Perforated Riser	
		1*	2	3		
Rise, in	15	6			Hole Diameter, in	
Span, in	15	6			No. holes	
No. Barrels	1	3			Invert Elevation, ft	
Invert Elevation, ft	507.00	508.50			Height, ft	
Orifice Coefficient, Co	0.60	0.60			Orifice Coefficient, Co	
Length, ft	80					
Barrel Slope, %	.01					
N-Value, n	0.013					
Weirs	Riser*	Weirs			Ancillary	
		1	2	3		
Shape / Type					Exfiltration, in/hr	23.50**
Crest Elevation, ft						
Crest Length, ft						
Angle, deg						
Weir Coefficient, Cw						

*Routes through Culvert. **Exfiltration extracted from outflow hydrograph. Rate applied to contours.

Stage-Discharge



Pond Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

SC-740 Chambers

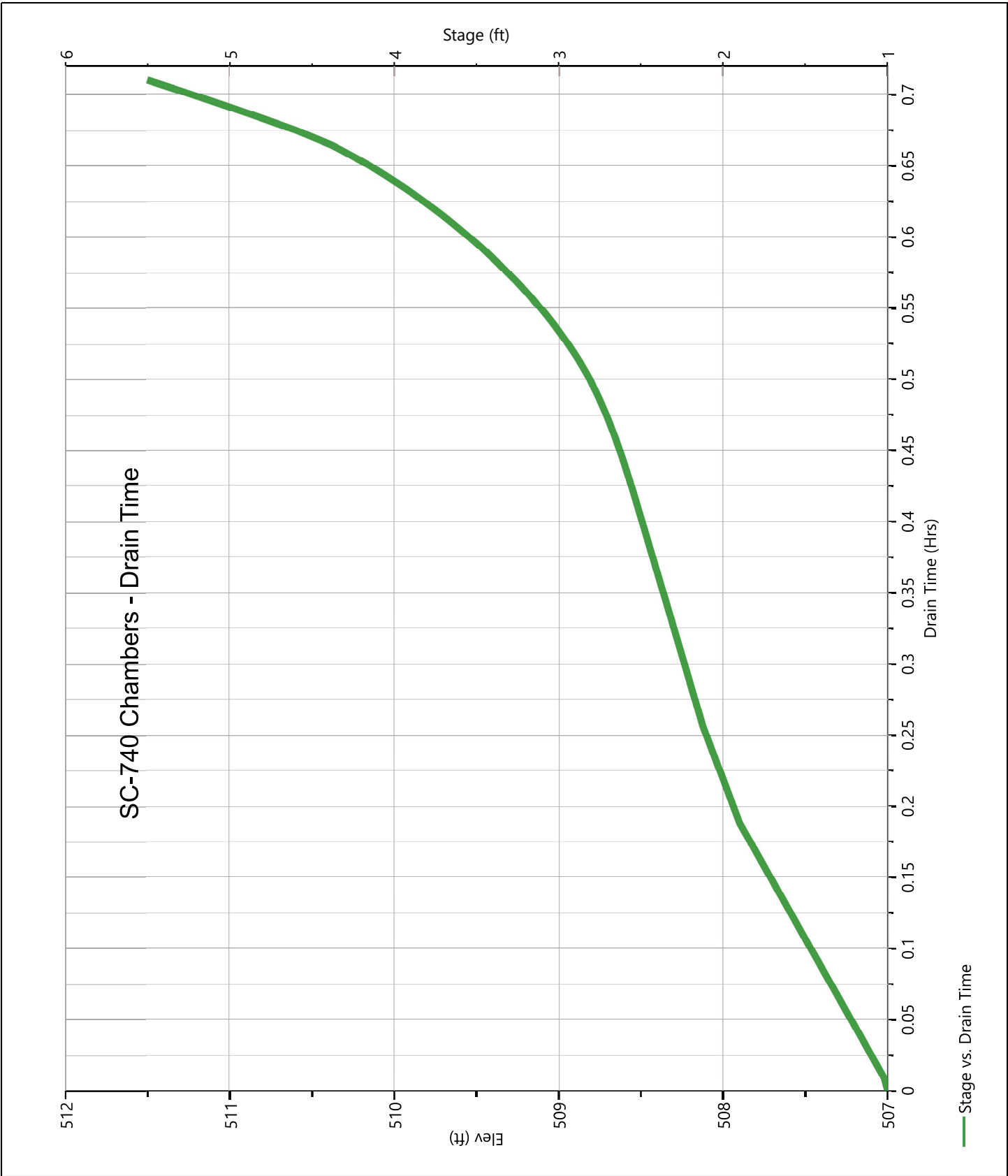
Stage-Storage-Discharge Summary

Stage (ft)	Elev. (ft)	Storage (cuft)	Culvert (cfs)	Orifices, cfs			Riser (cfs)	Weirs, cfs			Pf Riser (cfs)	Exfil (cfs)	User (cfs)	Total (cfs)
				1	2	3		1	2	3				
0.00	507.00	0.000	0.000	0.000								0.000		0.000
0.23	507.23	164	0.000	0.000								0.991		0.991
0.45	507.45	327	0.000	0.000								0.992		0.992
0.68	507.68	491	0.000	0.000								0.993		0.993
0.90	507.90	655	0.000	0.000								0.994		0.994
1.13	508.13	901	0.000	0.000								0.995		0.995
1.35	508.35	1,216	0.000	0.000								0.996		0.996
1.58	508.58	1,528	0.053 oc	0.053								0.997		1.049
1.80	508.80	1,837	0.690 oc	0.690								0.998		1.688
2.03	509.03	2,142	1.487 oc	1.487								0.999		2.486
2.25	509.25	2,440	2.005 oc	2.005								1.000		3.005
2.48	509.48	2,731	2.415 oc	2.415								1.001		3.415
2.70	509.70	3,011	2.764 oc	2.764								1.002		3.766
2.93	509.93	3,279	3.074 oc	3.074								1.003		4.077
3.15	510.15	3,530	3.355 oc	3.355								1.004		4.359
3.38	510.38	3,758	3.615 oc	3.615								1.005		4.620
3.60	510.60	3,941	3.853 oc	3.853								1.006		4.859
3.82	510.83	4,105	4.033 oc	4.033								1.007		5.039
4.05	511.05	4,269	4.205 oc	4.205								1.008		5.212
4.27	511.28	4,433	4.370 oc	4.370								1.009		5.379
4.50	511.50	4,596	4.529 oc	4.529								1.010		5.539

Suffix key: ic = inlet control, oc = outlet control, s = submerged weir

SC-740 Chambers

Pond Drawdown



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B2 Forebay

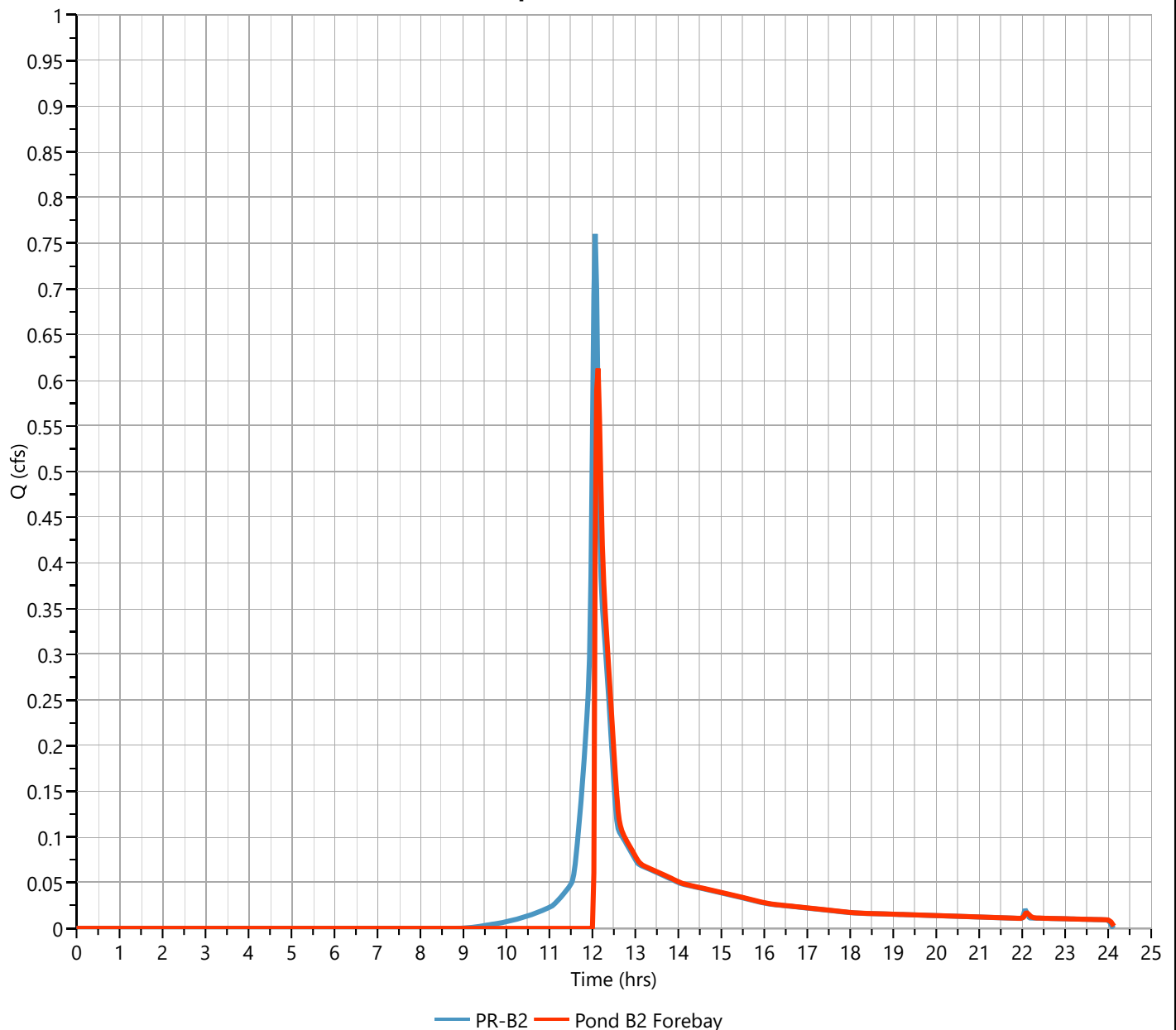
Hyd. No. 9

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.613 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 1,784 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 5 - PR-B2	Max. Elevation	= 511.04 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B2-Forebay	Max. Storage	= 8,170 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 510.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 42 min

Qp = 0.61 cfs



Pond Report

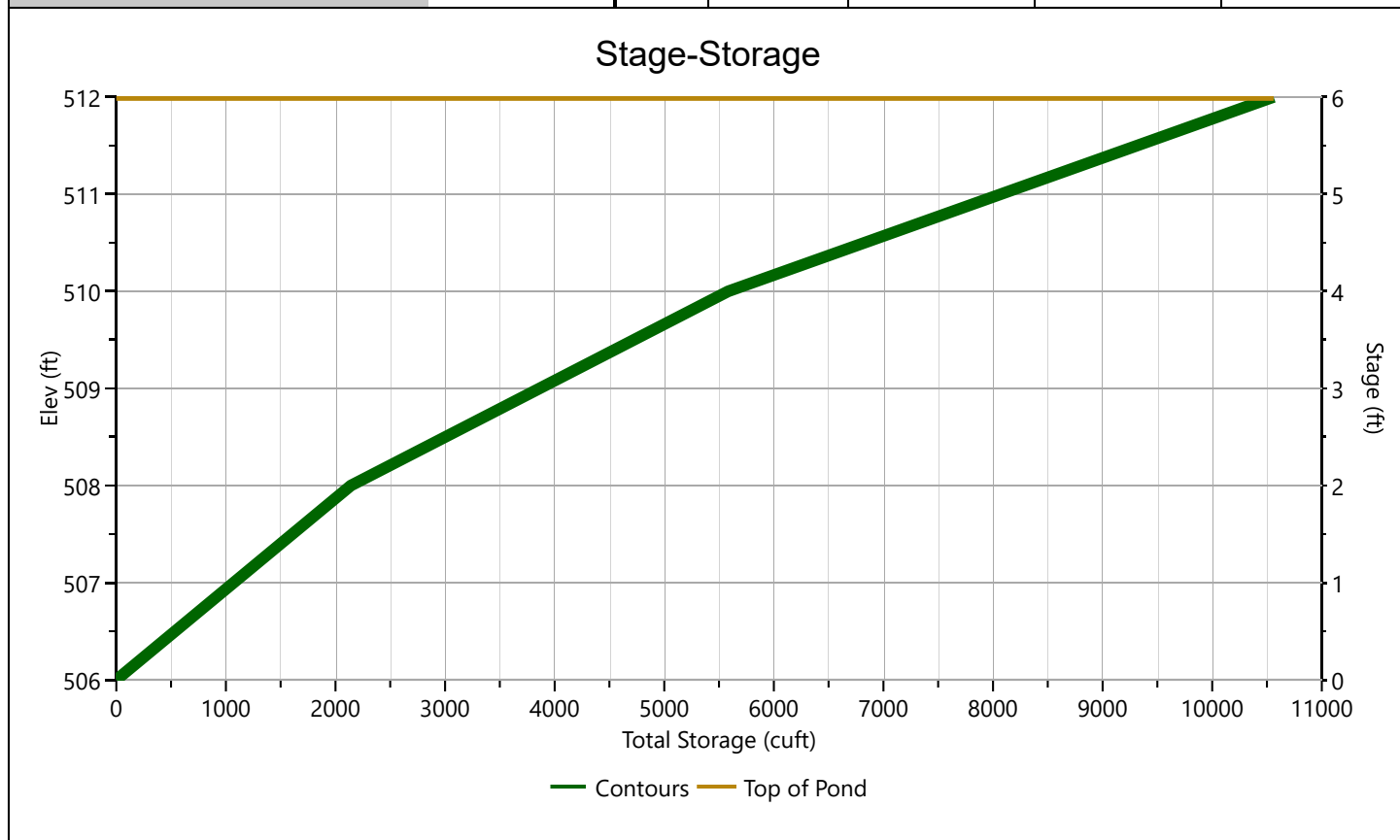
Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B2-Forebay

Stage-Storage

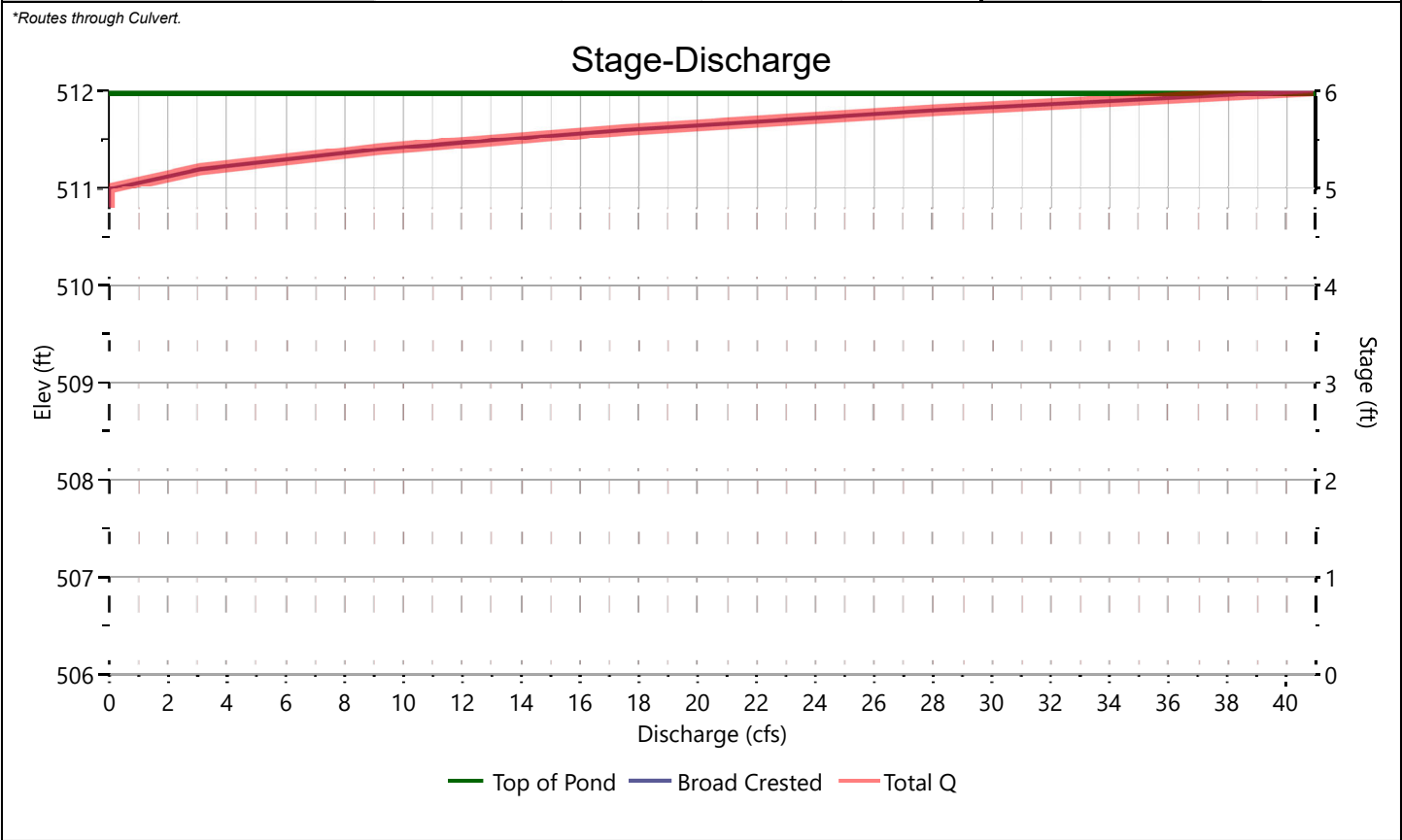
[illegible]

Pond B2-Forebay

Stage-Discharge

Culvert / Orifices	Culvert	Orifices			Perforated Riser
		1	2	3	
Rise, in					Hole Diameter, in
Span, in					No. holes
No. Barrels					Invert Elevation, ft
Invert Elevation, ft					Height, ft
Orifice Coefficient, Co					Orifice Coefficient, Co
Length, ft					
Barrel Slope, %					
N-Value, n	0.000				
Weirs	Riser*	Weirs			Ancillary
		1	2	3	
Shape / Type		Broad Crested			Exfiltration, in/hr
Crest Elevation, ft		511			
Crest Length, ft		10			
Angle, deg		18.4 (3:1)			
Weir Coefficient, Cw		3.3			

*Routes through Culvert.



Pond Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B2-Forebay

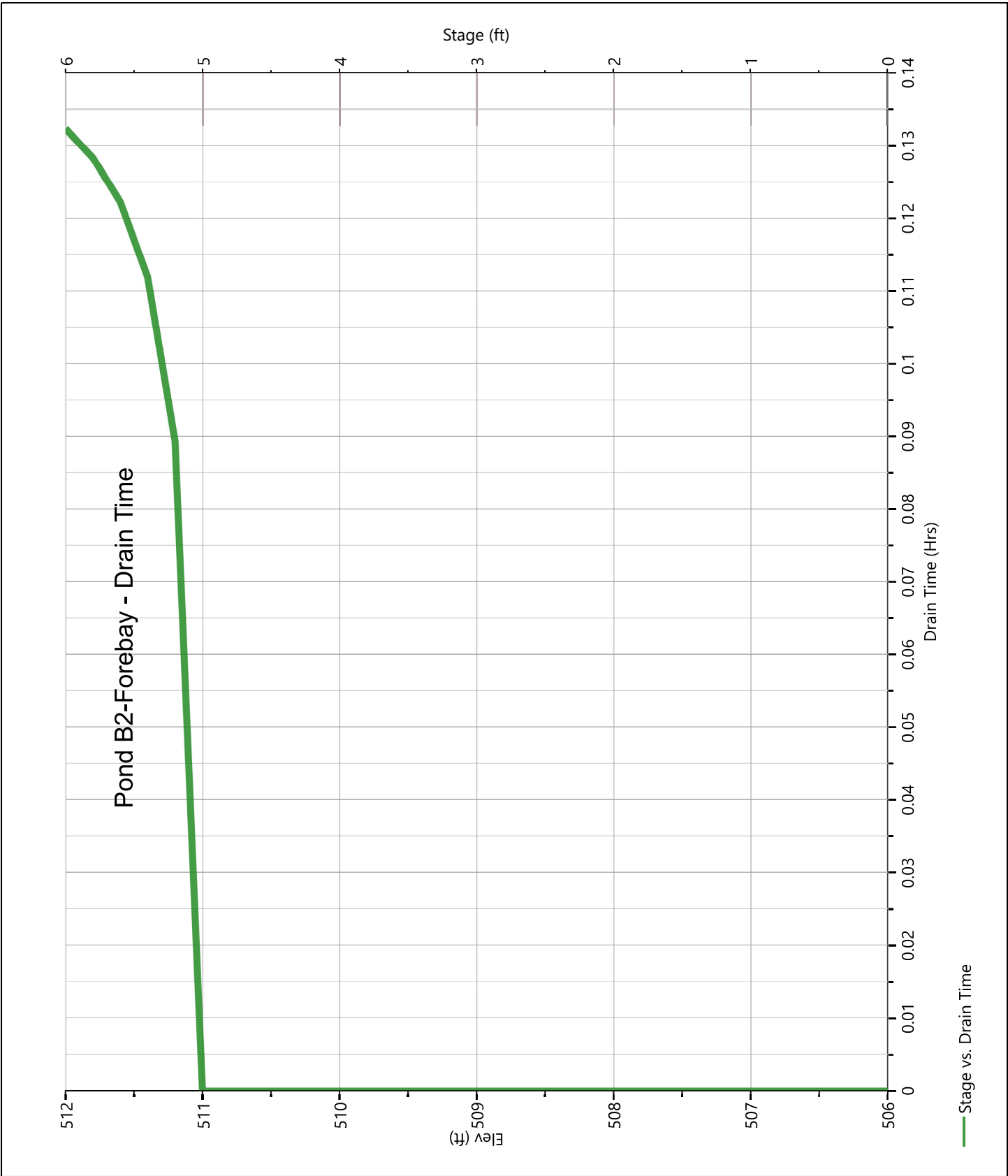
Stage-Storage-Discharge Summary

[illegible]

Suffix key: ic = inlet control, oc = outlet control, s = submerged weir

Pond B2-Forebay

Pond Drawdown



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B2

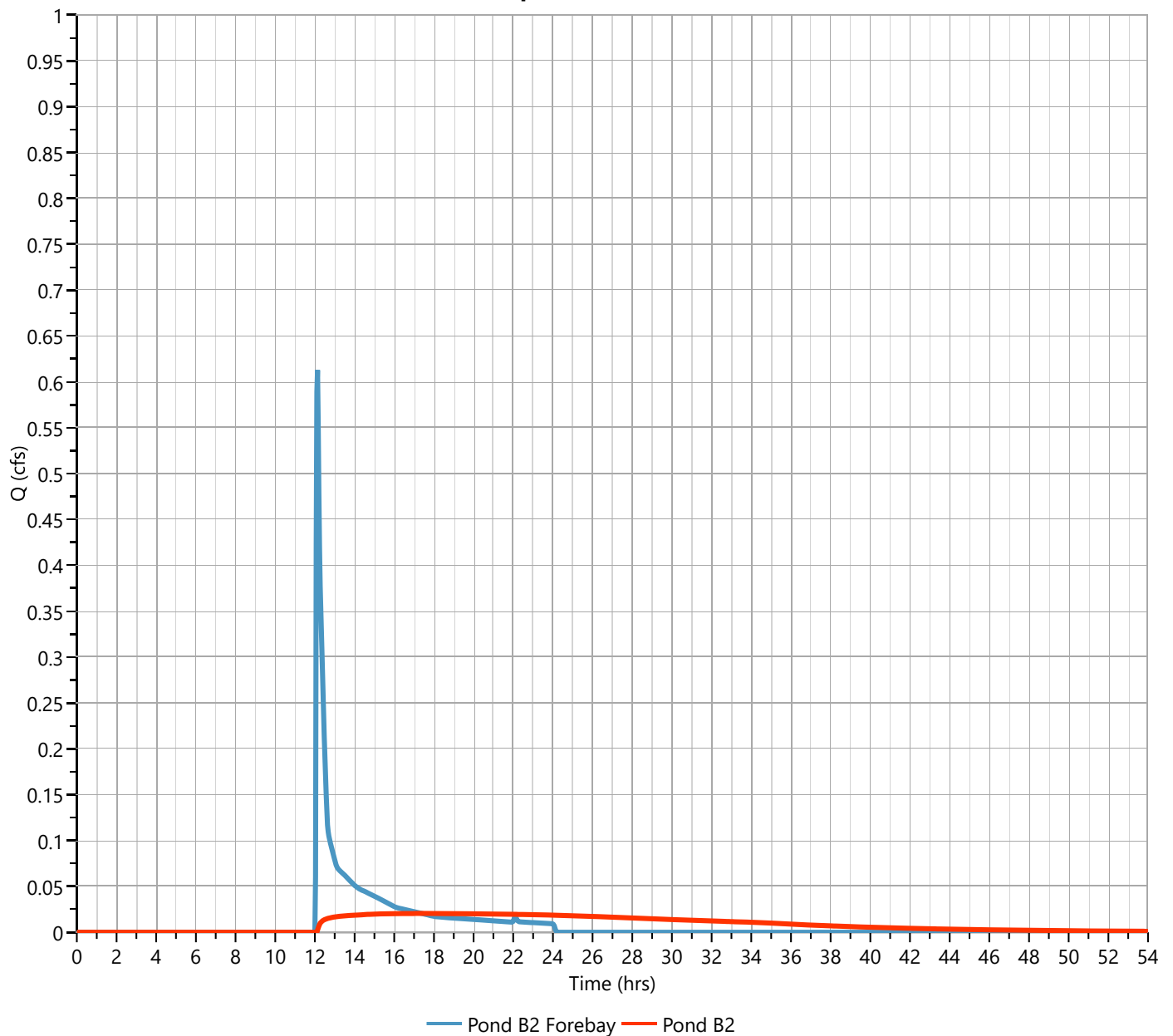
Hyd. No. 10

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.020 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 1-yr	Time to Peak	= 17.40 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 1,654 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 9 - Pond B2 Forebay	Max. Elevation	= 508.65 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B2	Max. Storage	= 2,009 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 507.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 10.96 hrs

Qp = 0.02 cfs



Pond Report

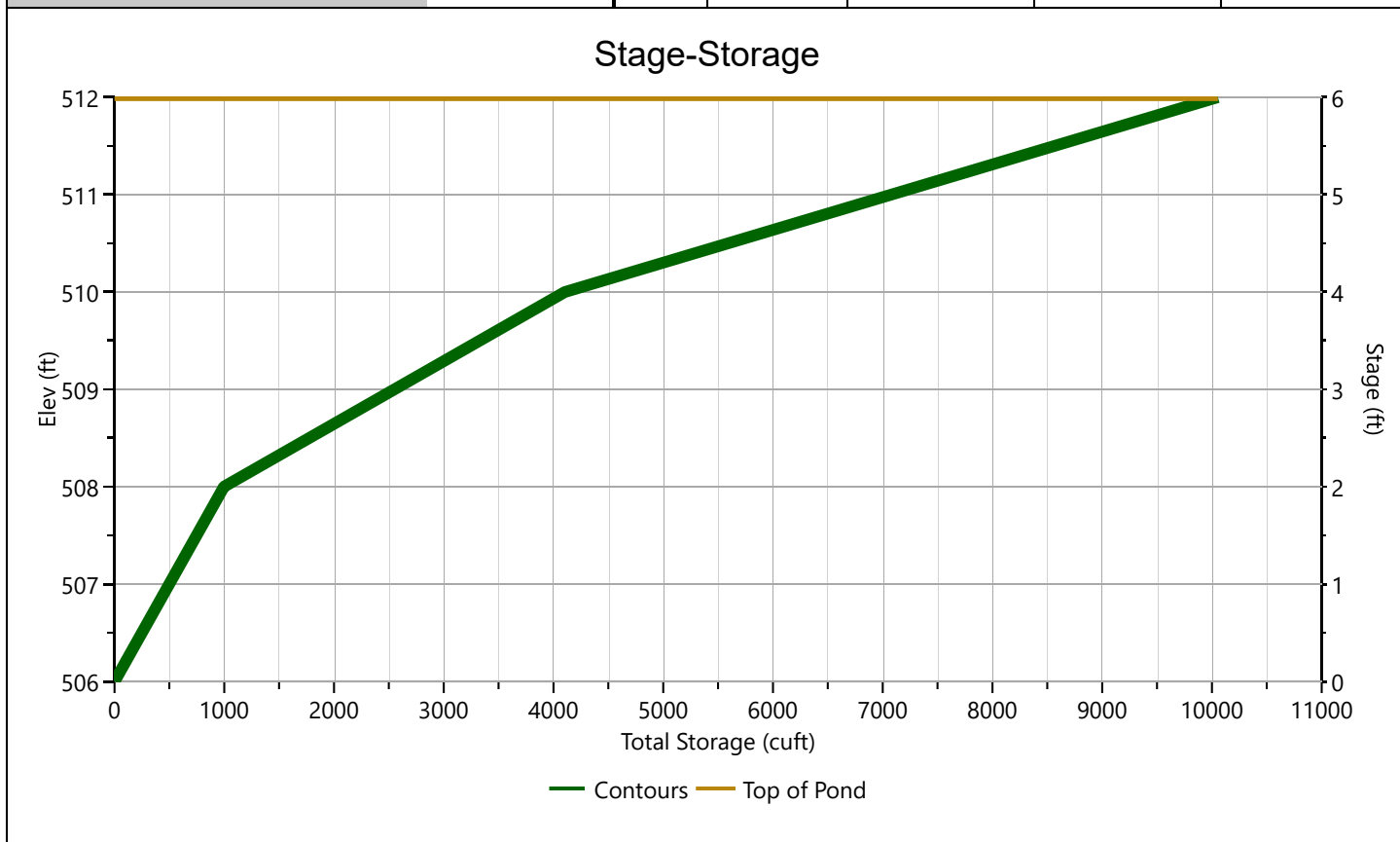
Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B2

Stage-Storage

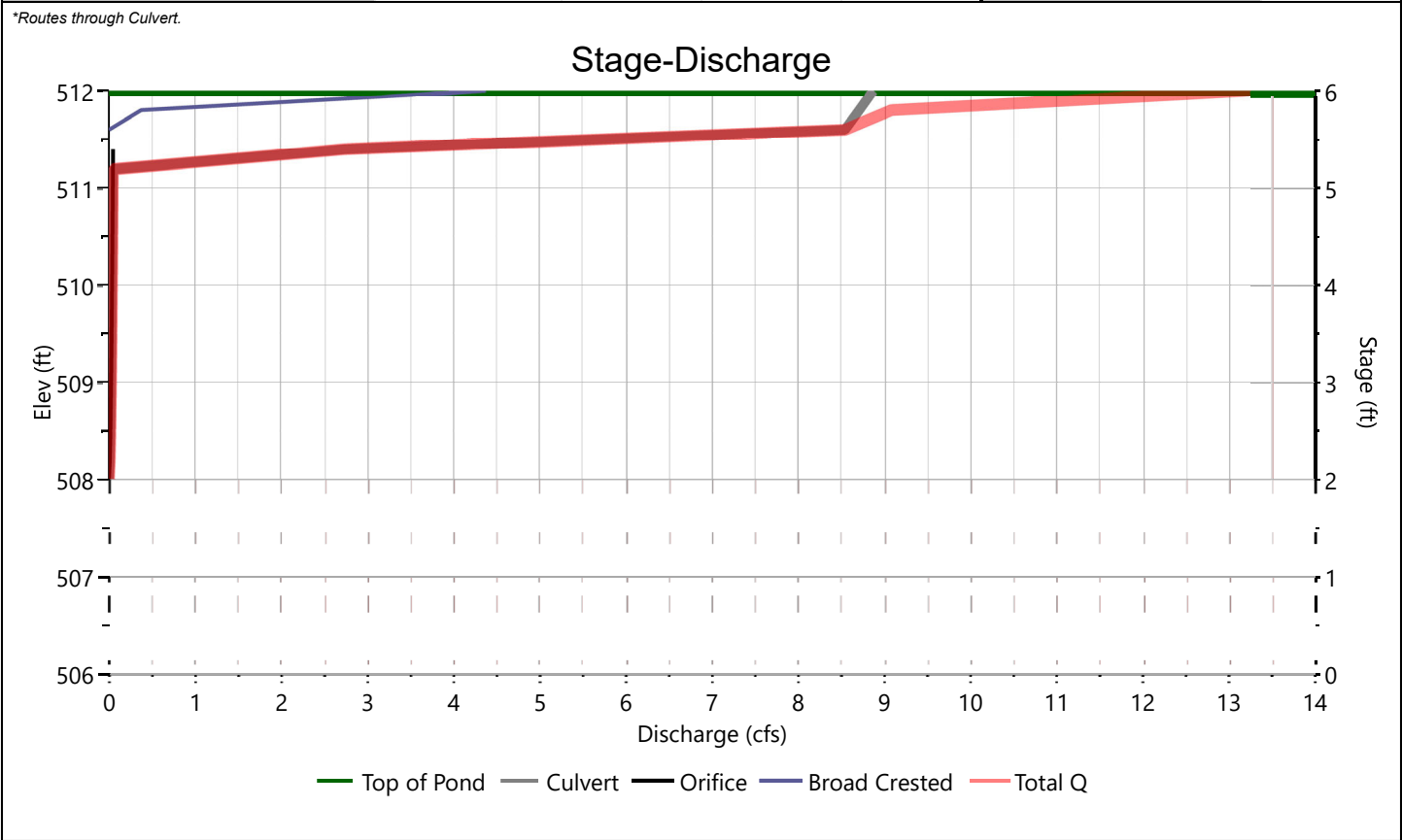
[illegible]

Pond B2

Stage-Discharge

Culvert / Orifices	Culvert	Orifices			Orifice Plate
		1*	2	3	
Rise, in	12	1			Orifice Dia, in
Span, in	12	1			No. Orifices
No. Barrels	1	1			Invert Elevation, ft
Invert Elevation, ft	506.00	508.00			Height, ft
Orifice Coefficient, Co	0.60	0.60			Orifice Coefficient, Co
Length, ft	27				
Barrel Slope, %	.5				
N-Value, n	0.013				
Weirs	Riser*	Weirs			Ancillary
		1	2	3	
Shape / Type	Box	Broad Crested			Exfiltration, in/hr
Crest Elevation, ft	511.25	511.75			
Crest Length, ft	14	10			
Angle, deg		18.4 (3:1)			
Weir Coefficient, Cw	3.3	3.3			

*Routes through Culvert.



Pond Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B2

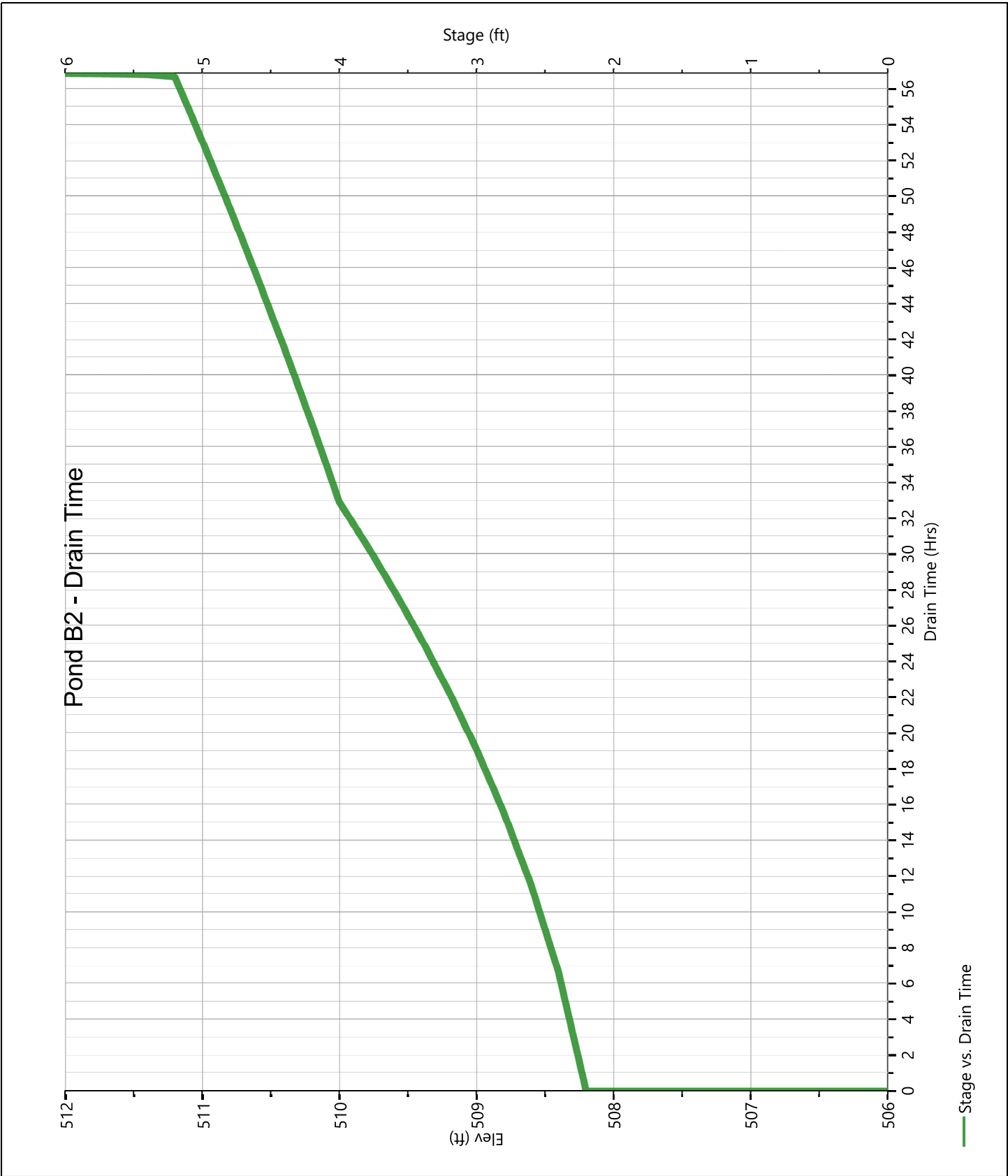
Stage-Storage-Discharge Summary

[illegible]

Suffix key: ic = inlet control, oc = outlet control, s = submerged weir

Pond B2

Pond Drawdown



Hydrograph Report

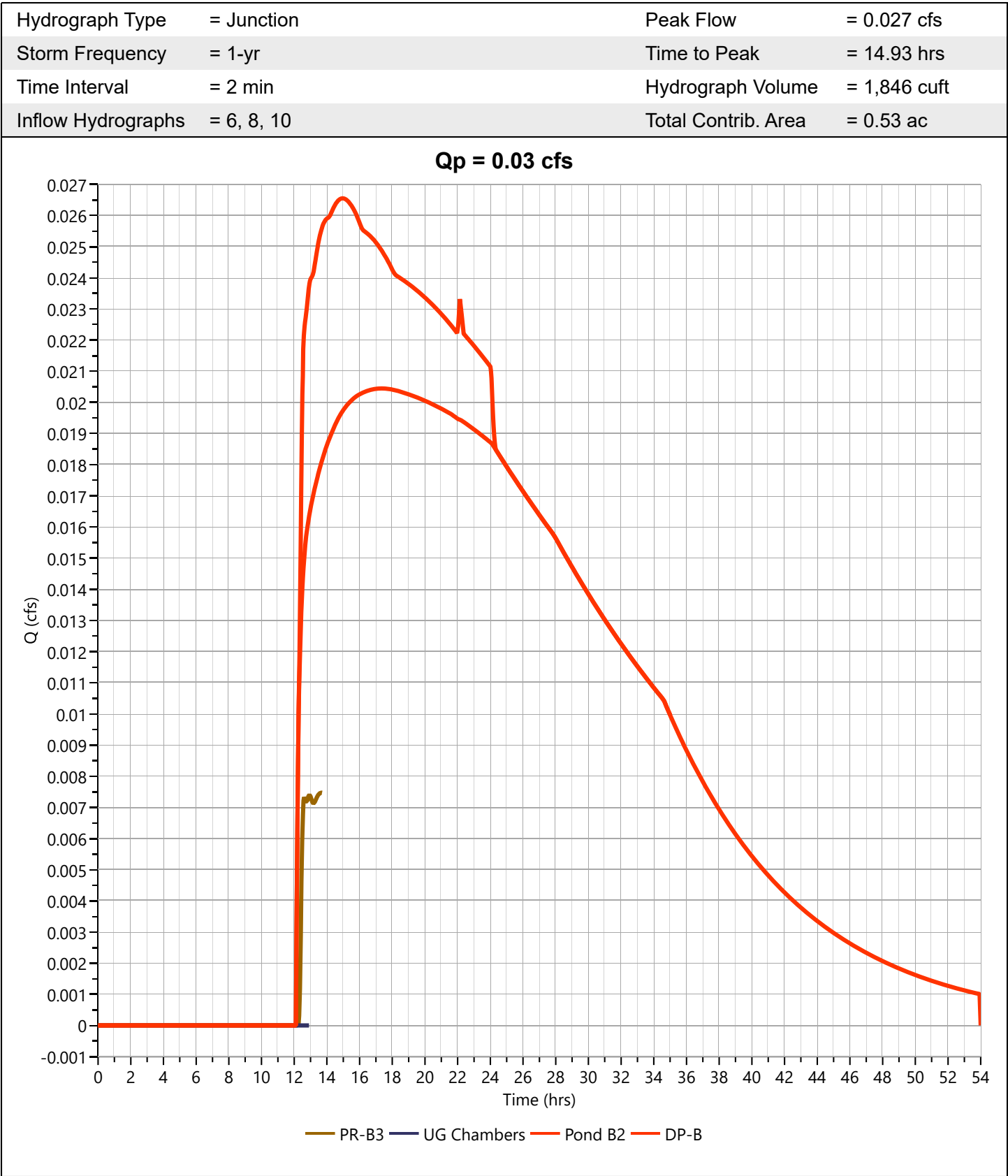
Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

DP-B

Hyd. No. 11



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B1-Pre treat

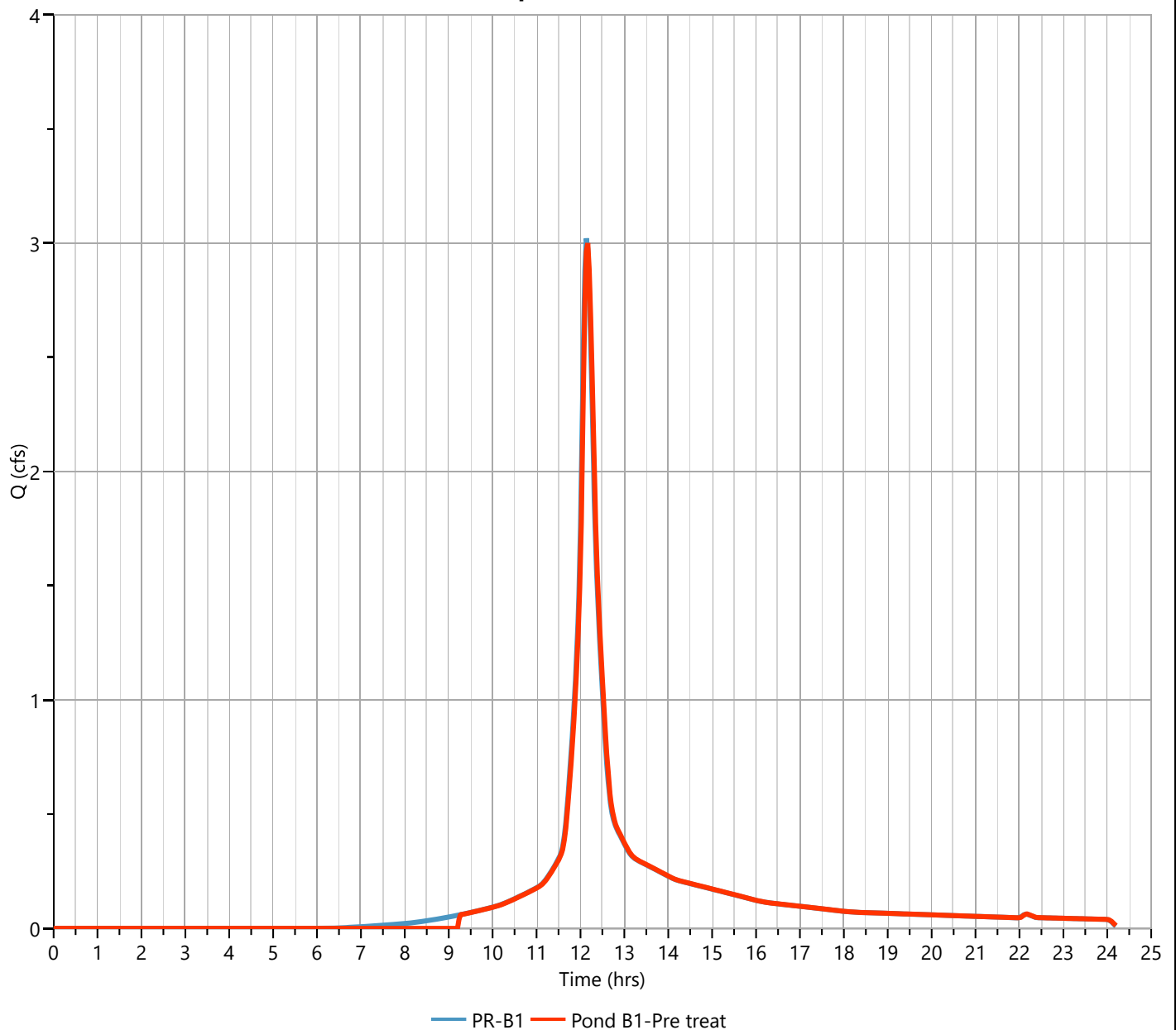
Hyd. No. 7

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 3.000 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.17 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 11,425 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 4 - PR-B1	Max. Elevation	= 507.15 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B1	Max. Storage	= 2,369 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 506.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 7 min

Qp = 3.00 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

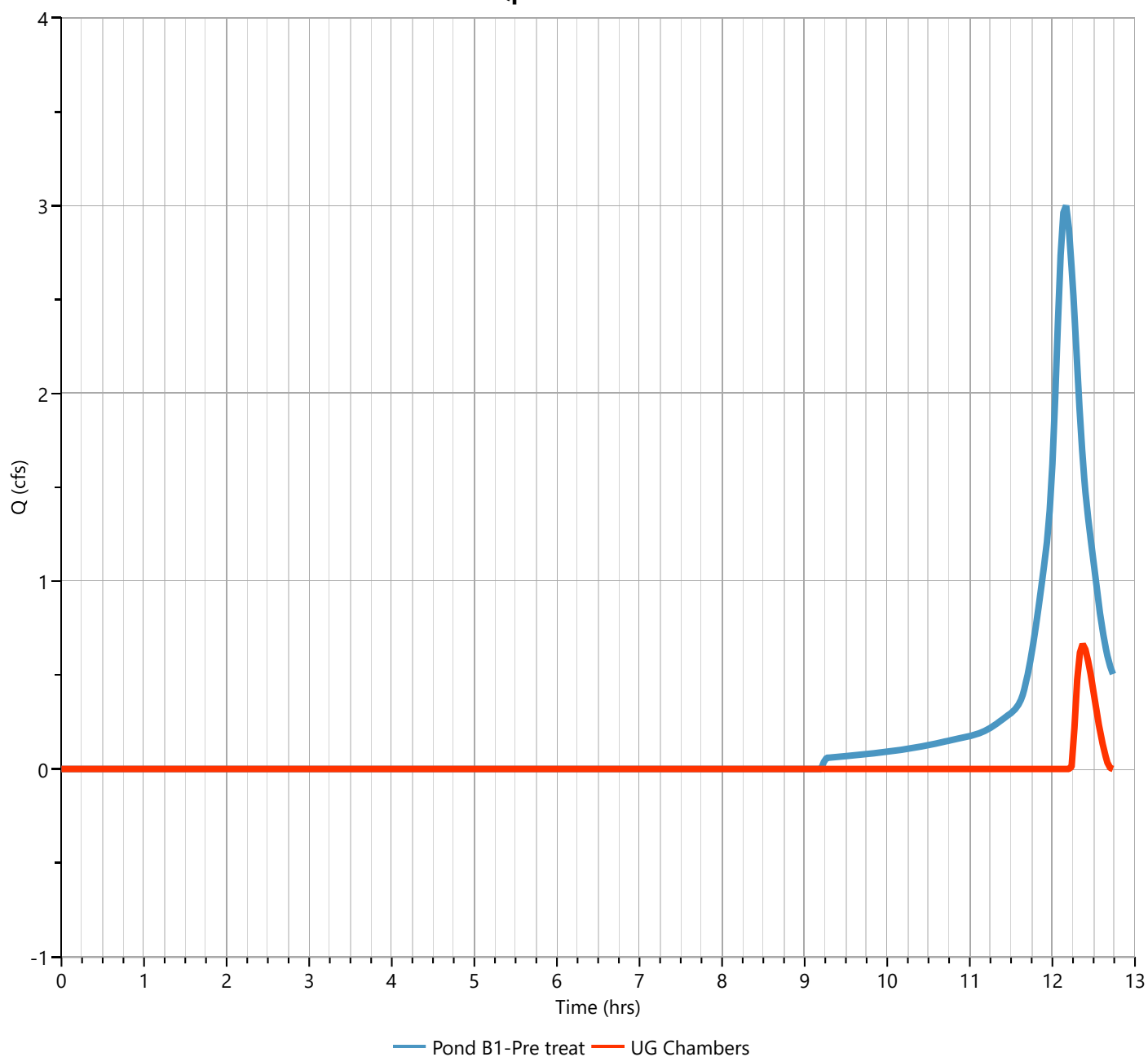
UG Chambers

Hyd. No. 8

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.665 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.37 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 592 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 7 - Pond B1-Pre treat	Max. Elevation	= 508.79 ft
Pond Name	= SC-740 Chambers	Max. Storage	= 1,828 cuft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Qp = 0.67 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B2 Forebay

Hyd. No. 9

Hydrograph Type = Pond Route

Peak Flow = 1.696 cfs

Storm Frequency = 10-yr

Time to Peak = 12.10 hrs

Time Interval = 2 min

Hydrograph Volume = 5,160 cuft

Inflow Hydrograph = 5 - PR-B2

Max. Elevation = 511.11 ft

Pond Name = Pond B2-Forebay

Max. Storage = 8,345 cuft

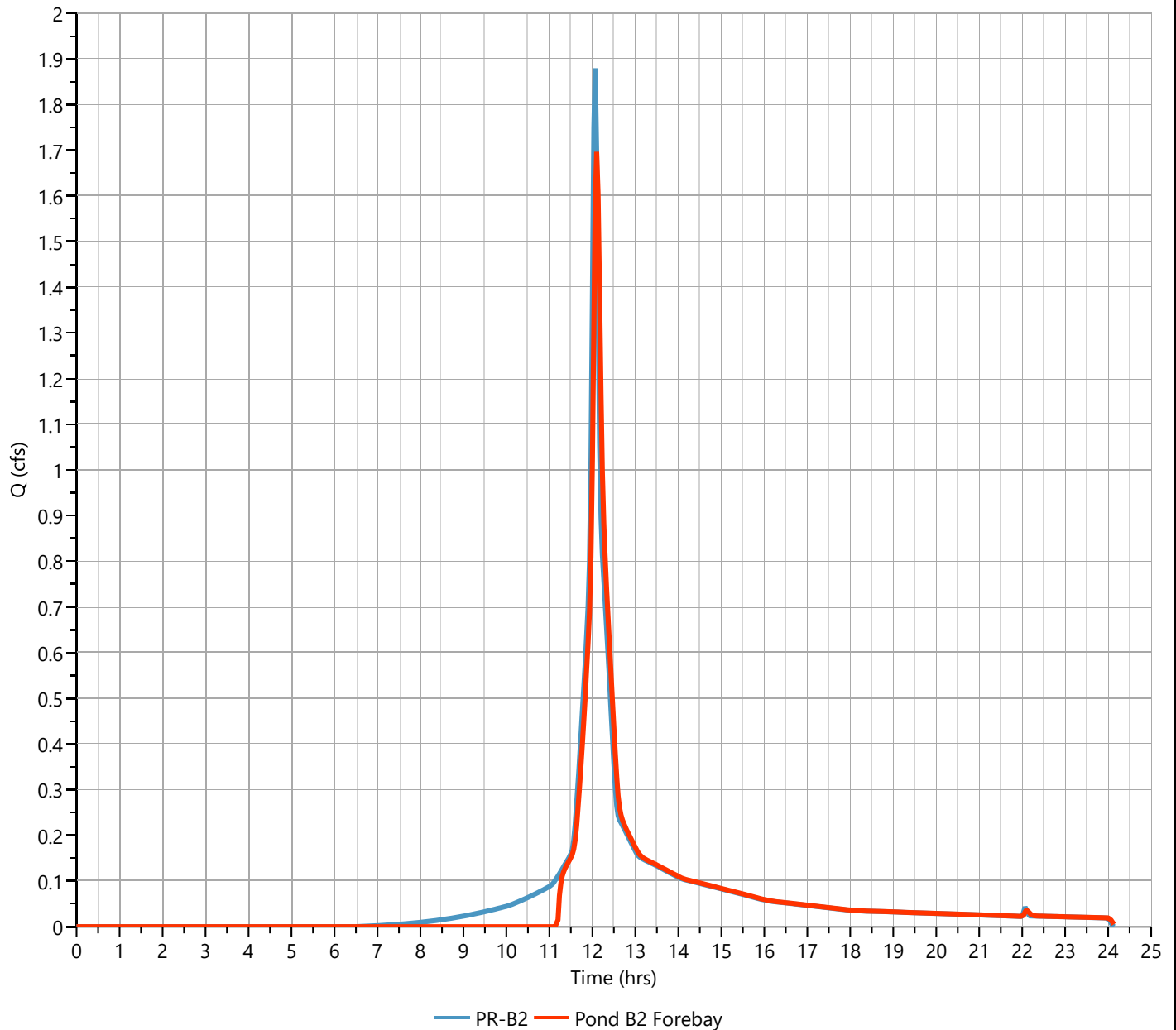
Routing Option = Wet Pond

Wet Pond Elevation = 510.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 23 min

Qp = 1.70 cfs



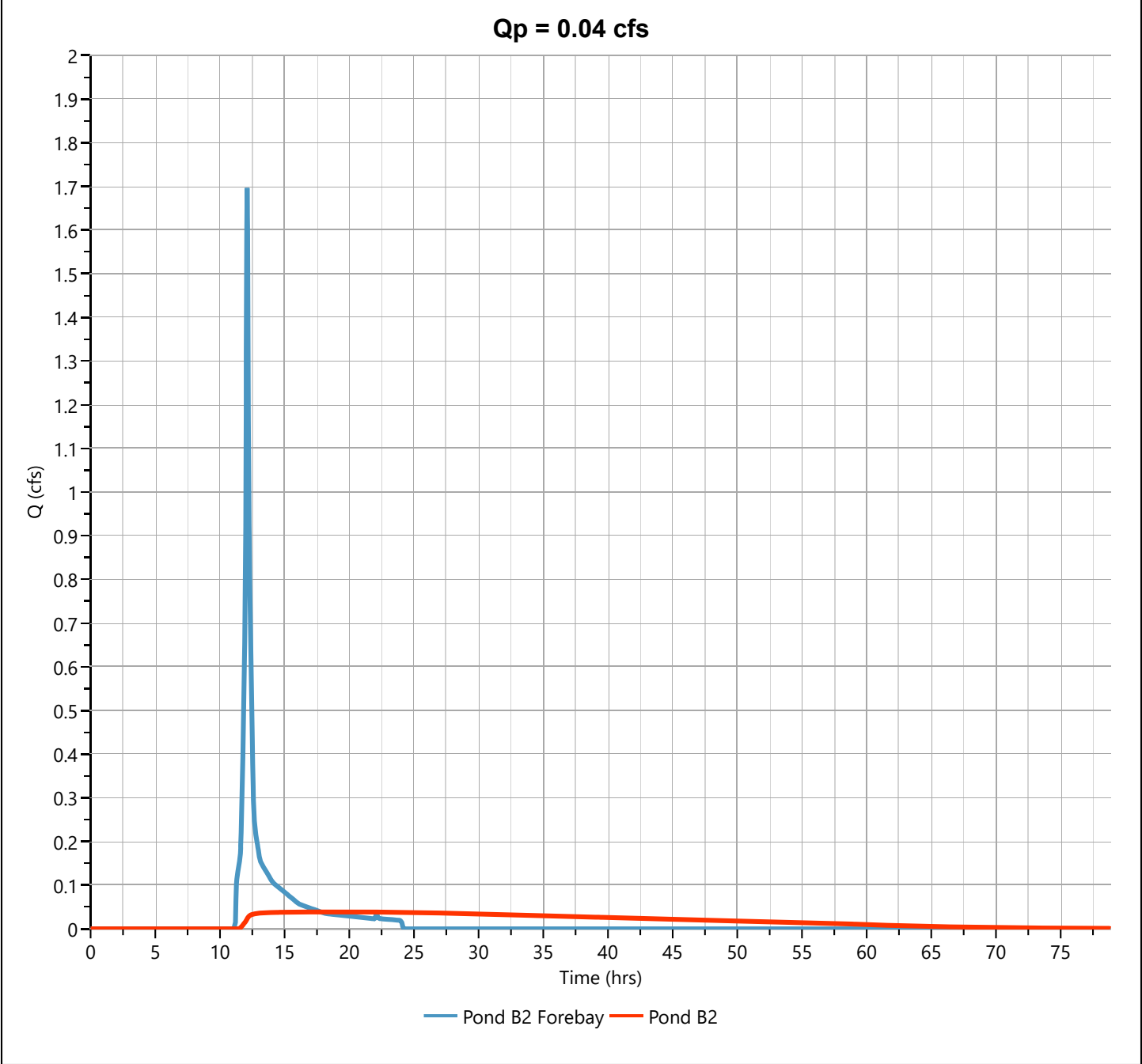
Pond B2

Hyd. No. 10

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.038 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 17.80 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 5,031 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 9 - Pond B2 Forebay	Max. Elevation	= 510.19 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B2	Max. Storage	= 4,665 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 507.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

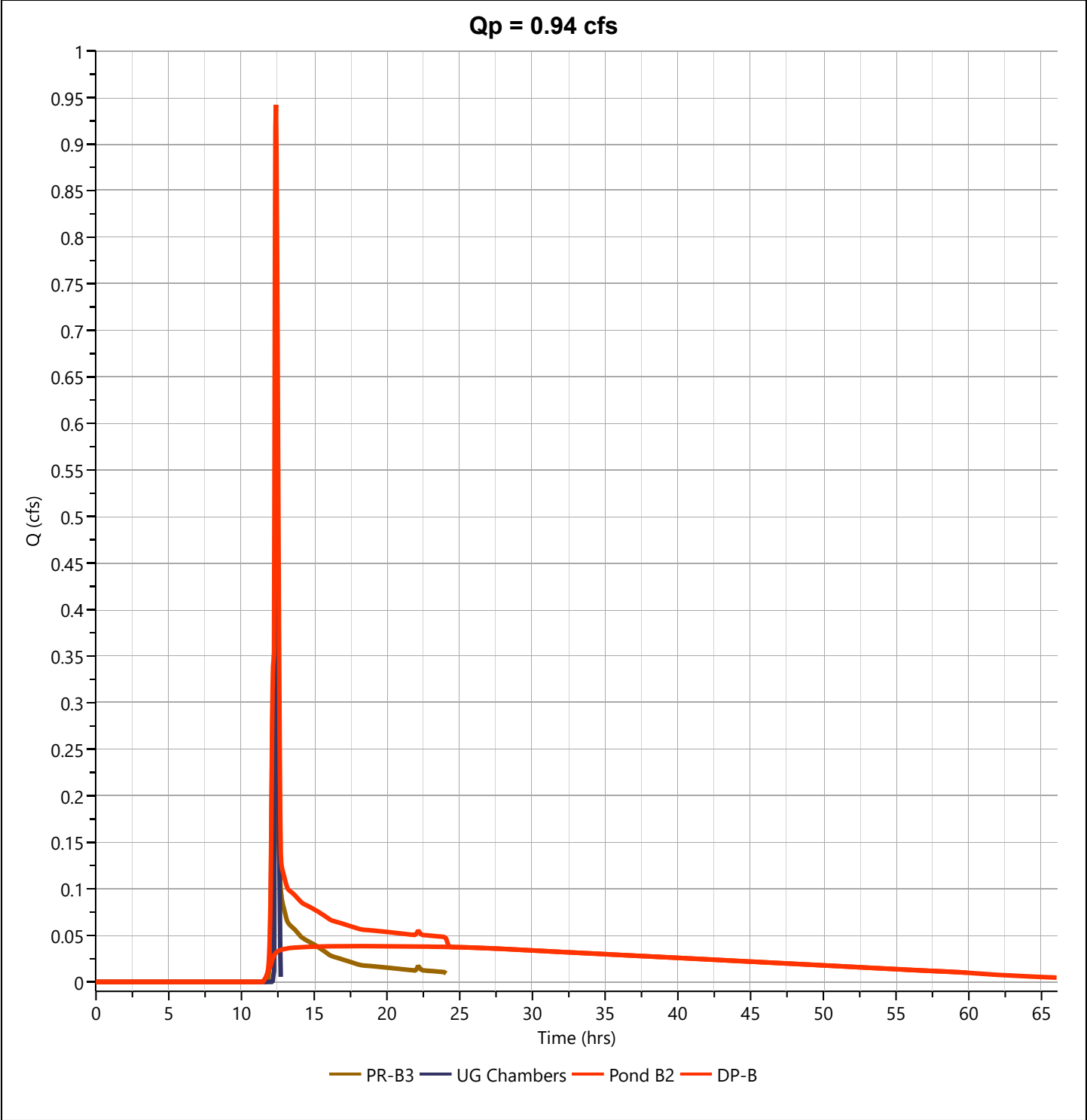
Center of mass detention time = 19.38 hrs



DP-B

Hyd. No. 11

Hydrograph Type	= Junction	Peak Flow	= 0.942 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 10-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.37 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 7,251 cuft
Inflow Hydrographs	= 6, 8, 10	Total Contrib. Area	= 0.53 ac



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B1-Pre treat

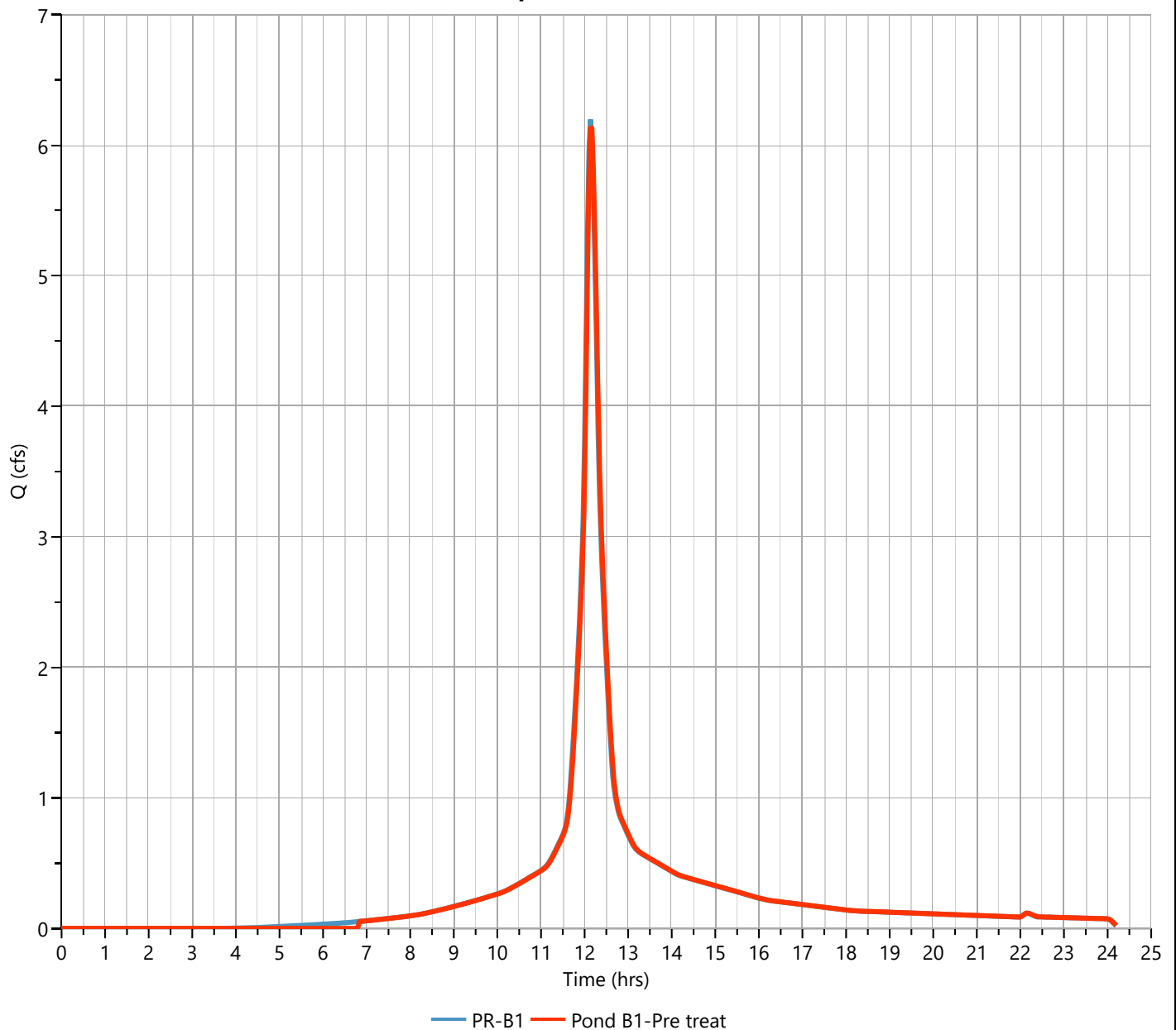
Hyd. No. 7

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 6.142 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.13 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 24,382 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 4 - PR-B1	Max. Elevation	= 507.27 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B1	Max. Storage	= 2,507 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 506.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 5 min

Qp = 6.14 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

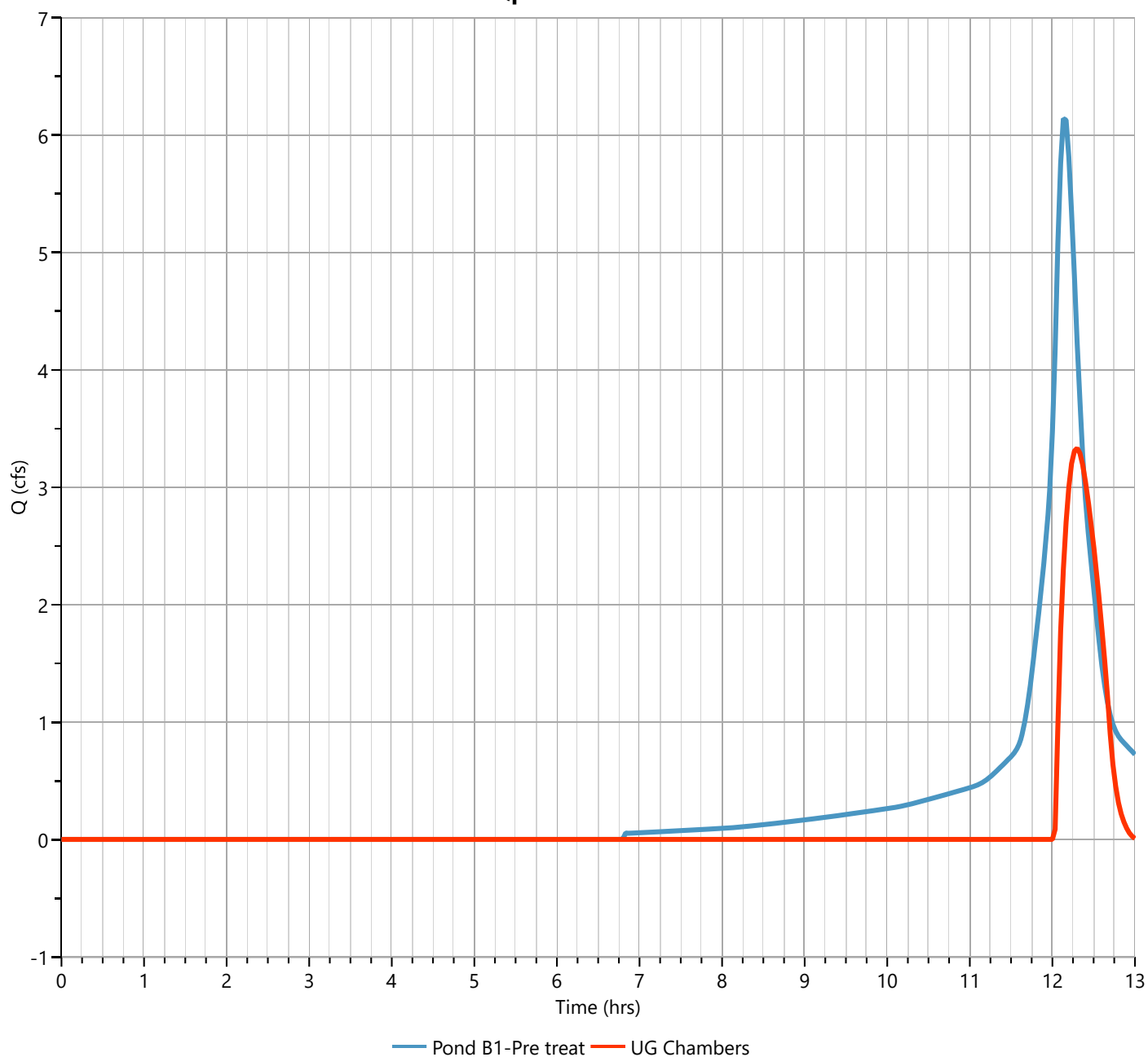
UG Chambers

Hyd. No. 8

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 3.334 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.30 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 6,004 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 7 - Pond B1-Pre treat	Max. Elevation	= 510.14 ft
Pond Name	= SC-740 Chambers	Max. Storage	= 3,510 cuft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Qp = 3.33 cfs



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

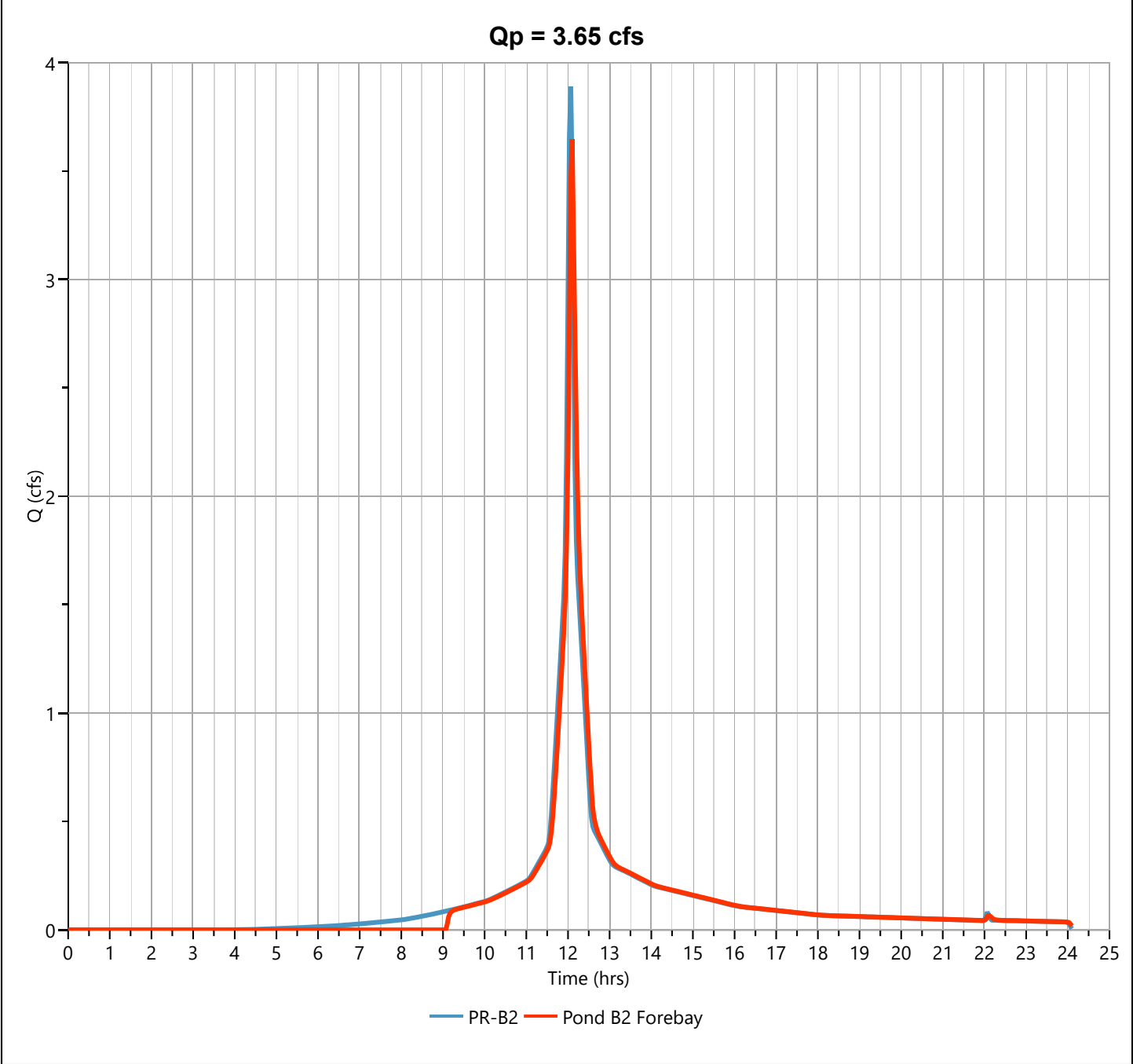
Pond B2 Forebay

Hyd. No. 9

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 3.648 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.10 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 11,605 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 5 - PR-B2	Max. Elevation	= 511.22 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B2-Forebay	Max. Storage	= 8,615 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 510.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 20 min



Hydrograph Report

Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

Pond B2

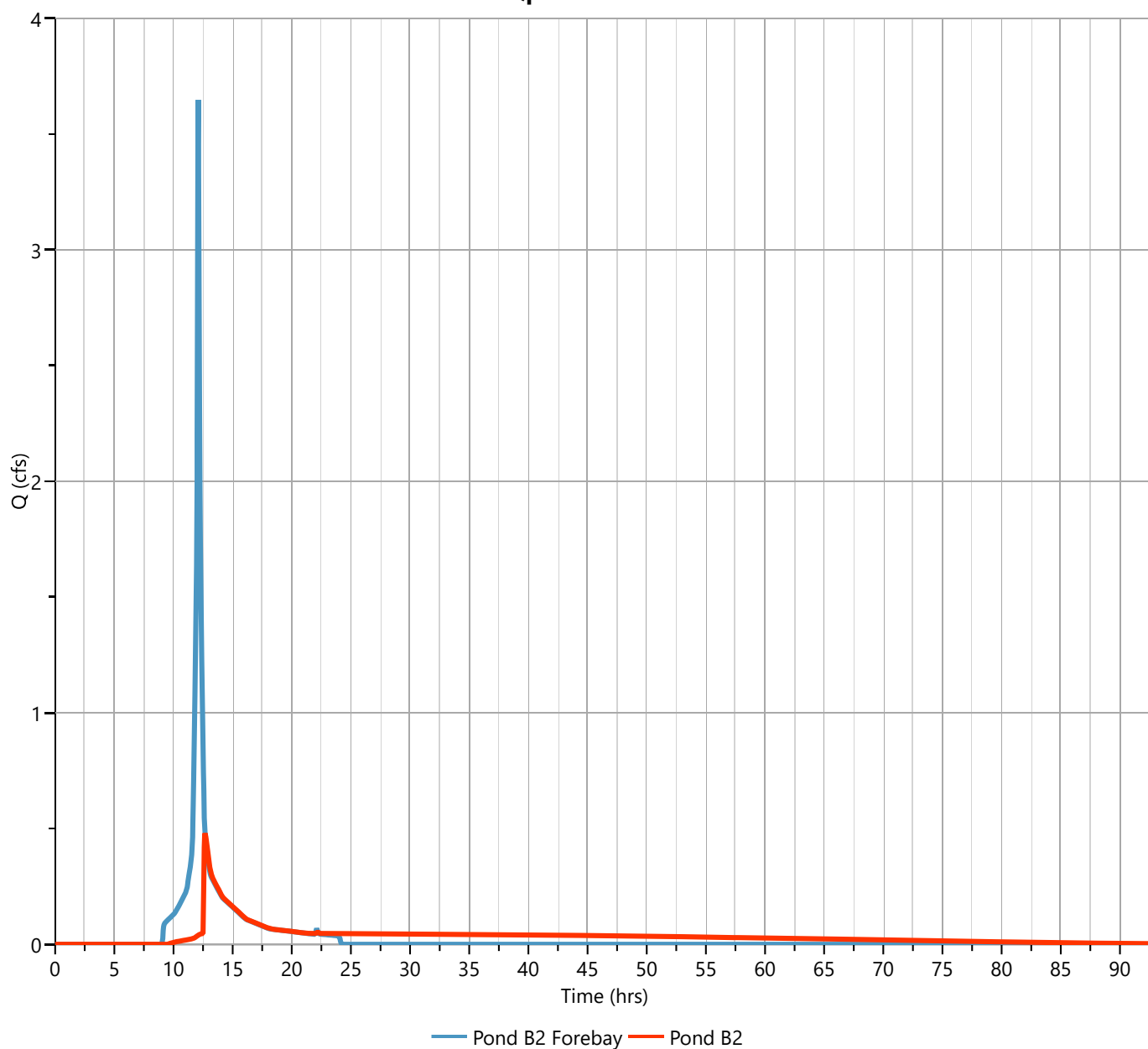
Hyd. No. 10

Hydrograph Type	= Pond Route	Peak Flow	= 0.479 cfs
Storm Frequency	= 100-yr	Time to Peak	= 12.67 hrs
Time Interval	= 2 min	Hydrograph Volume	= 11,456 cuft
Inflow Hydrograph	= 9 - Pond B2 Forebay	Max. Elevation	= 511.23 ft
Pond Name	= Pond B2	Max. Storage	= 7,770 cuft
Routing Option	= Wet Pond	Wet Pond Elevation	= 507.80 ft

Pond Routing by Storage Indication Method

Center of mass detention time = 20.63 hrs

Qp = 0.48 cfs



Hydrograph Report

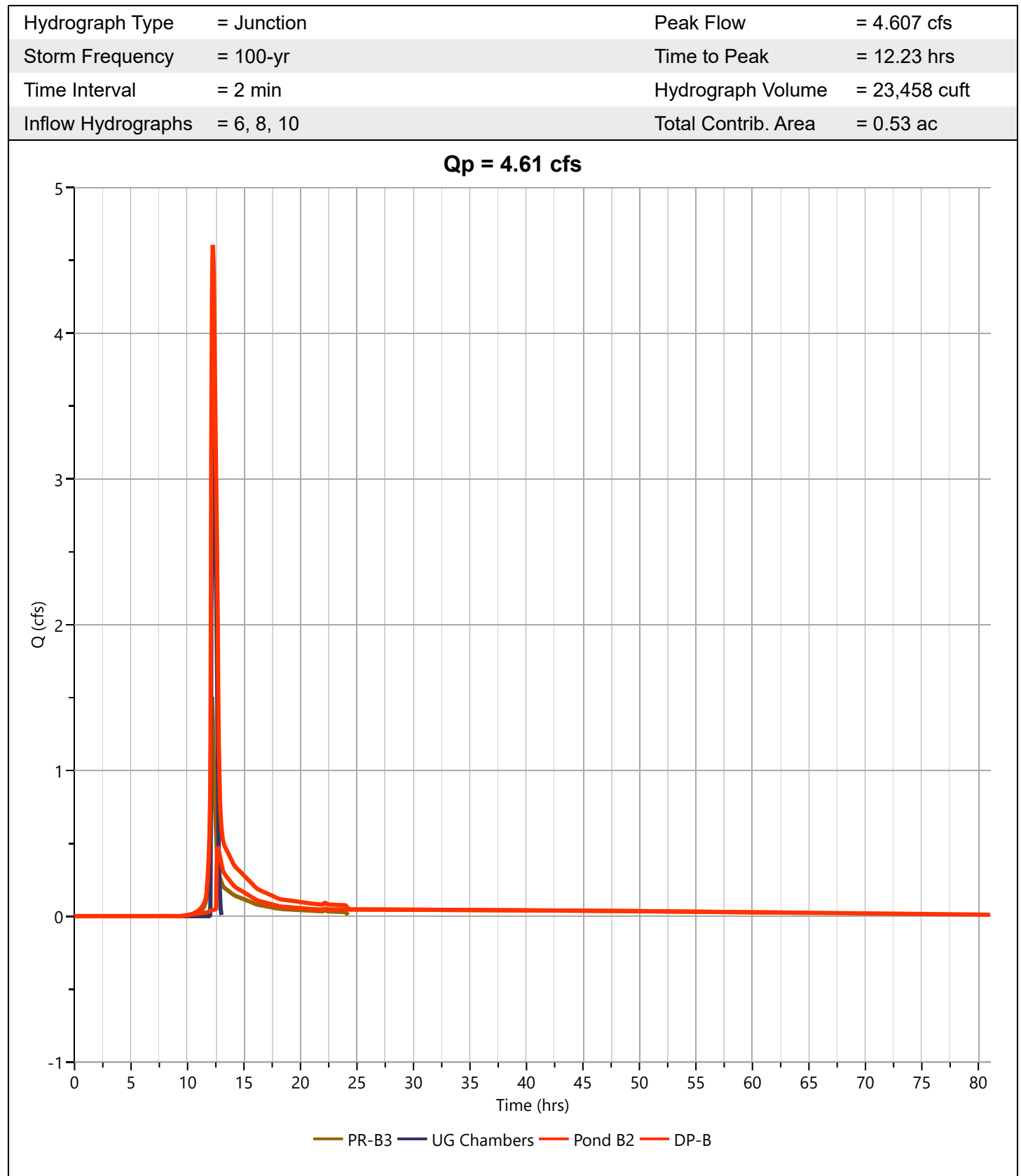
Project Name: Donnelly - Sugarloaf

Hydrology Studio v 3.0.0.21

01-11-2022

DP-B

Hyd. No. 11



This page is left intentionally blank

APPENDIX 10

CONSTRUCTION SITE


INSPECTION FORM,

NOTICE OF INTENT,

AND MS4 ACCEPTANCE

This page is left intentionally blank

SWPPP INSPECTION REPORT

 <p>ENGINEERING & SURVEYING PROPERTIES Achieving Successful Results with Innovative Designs</p>	W.O. No.:	Date:	Greater than 5 Ac. Of Disturbance? <input type="checkbox"/> Waiver? <input type="checkbox"/>	Page Of
	Project Name:		Weather Conditions: <input type="checkbox"/> Dry <input type="checkbox"/> Rain <input type="checkbox"/> Snow	
			Soil Conditions: <input type="checkbox"/> Dry <input type="checkbox"/> Wet <input type="checkbox"/> Saturated	
	Location:		Arrival Time :	
Departing Time:				
Owner:		Phone:		Documents on-site?
Contractor:		Phone:		Weekly Inspections:
				SWPPP:
				NOI:
1. Description of current activities onsite and phase of construction (attach sketch showing areas of stabilization, current work, and photo locations):				
2. Description of the condition of the runoff at all points of discharge from the construction site (including onsite conveyance systems):		3. Description of the condition of all natural surface water bodies located within, or immediately adjacent to the construction site:		
4. Identify all erosion and sediment control practices that require repair and/or maintenance:		5. Identify all erosion and sediment control practices that were not installed properly or are not functioning as designed:		
6. Identify current status of construction for all post-construction stormwater management practices:		7. Corrective action(s) required to erosion and sediment control measures and post-construction stormwater management practices:		
Was the owner and contractor(s) notified of the deficiencies and repairs needed within one (1) business day? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No				
Qualified Inspector				
Notice: This inspection was performed solely for the purpose of determining compliance with NYSDEC SPDES General Permit:		<input type="checkbox"/> GP-02-01 <input type="checkbox"/> GP-08-001 <input type="checkbox"/> GP-10-001		
		Name and Title		Signature

This page is left intentionally blank

NOTICE OF INTENT



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation

Division of Water

625 Broadway, 4th Floor

Albany, New York 12233-3505

NYR

--	--	--	--	--	--

(for C use only)

Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activity Under State
Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) General Permit # GP-0-15-002

All sections must be completed unless otherwise noted. Failure to complete all items may result in this form being returned to you, thereby delaying your review under this General Permit. Applicants must read and understand the conditions of the permit and prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan prior to submitting this NPDES. Applicants are responsible for identifying and obtaining other DEC permits that may be required.

- IMPORTANT

RETURN THIS FORM TO THE ADDRESS ABOVE

OWNER/OPERATOR MUST SIGN FORM

Owner/Operator Information

Owner/Operator (Company Name/Private Owner Name) Municipality Name

[illegible]

Owner/Operator Contact Person Last Name (Must be a U.S. Resident)

[illegible]

Owner/Operator Contact Person	File Name

[illegible]

Owner/Operator Mailing Address

[illegible]

City

[illegible]

State

Zip

Pho (Owner/Operator)

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline & \\ \hline \end{array} - \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Fax (Owner/Operator)

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Email (Owner/Operator)

[illegible][illegible]

FED TAX ID

		-								
--	--	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

(not required for individuals)

Project Site Information

Project/Site Name

Street Address (NOT P.O. BOX)

Side of Street

☐ North ☐ South ☐ East ☐ West

City/Town/Village (THAT ISSUES BUILDING PERMIT)

State

N Y

Zip

County

DEC Region

Name of Nearest Cross Street

Distance to Nearest Cross Street (Feet)

Project Relation to Cross Street

☐ North ☐ South ☐ East ☐ West

Tax Map Numbers

Section-Block-Parcel

Parcel Numbers

1. Provide the Geographic Coordinates for the project site in NYTM Units. To do this you **must** go to the www.dec.state.ny.us/dec/stormwater/interactive.htm on the DEC website at:

www.dec.state.ny.us/dec/stormwater/interactive.htm

Zoom into your Project Location such that you can accurately click on the centroid of your site. Once you have located your project site, go to the tool boxes on the top and choose "Identify". Then click on the center of your site and a new window containing the X and Y coordinates in UTM will pop up. Transcribe these coordinates into the boxes below. For problems with the interactive map use the help function.

X Coordinates (Easting)

Y Coordinates (Northing)

4

2. What is the purpose of this construction project?

- ☐ New Construction
☐ Redevelopment with increase in impervious area
☐ Redevelopment with no increase in impervious area

3. Select the predominant land use for both pre and post development conditions.

SELECT ONLY ONE CHOICE FOR EACH

Pre-Development
Existing Land Use

- ☐ FOREST
- ☐ PASTURE/OPEN LAND
- ☐ CULTIVATED LAND
- ☐ SINGLE FAMILY HOME
- ☐ SINGLE FAMILY SUBDIVISION
- ☐ TOWN HOME RESIDENTIAL
- ☐ MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL
- ☐ INSTITUTIONAL/SCHOOL
- ☐ INDUSTRIAL
- ☐ COMMERCIAL
- ☐ ROAD/HIGHWAY
- ☐ RECREATIONAL/SPORTS FIELD
- ☐ BIKE PATH/TRAIL
- ☐ LINEAR UTILITY
- ☐ PARKING LOT
- ☐ OTHER

[illegible]

Post-Development Future Land Use

- | | Number of Lots | | |
|--|----------------|--|--|
| <input type="radio"/> SINGLE FAMILY HOME | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> SINGLE FAMILY SUBDIVISION | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> TOWN HOME RESIDENTIAL | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> INSTITUTIONAL/SCHOOL | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> INDUSTRIAL | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> COMMERCIAL | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> MUNICIPAL | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> ROAD/PAVEMENT | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> RECREATIONAL/SPORTS FIELD | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> BICYCLE PATH/TRAIL | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> LINE UTILITIES (water, sewer, gas, etc.) | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> PARKING | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> CLEARING, LOGGING ONLY | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> DEMOLITION, REDEVELOPMENT | | | |
| <input type="radio"/> WELL DRILLING ACTIVITY *(Oil, Gas, etc.) | | | |

[illegible]

***Note:** for gas well drilling on high voltage hydraulic fractured wells only

4. In accordance with the larger common plan of development or sale, enter the total project site area; the total area to be disturbed; existing improved area to be disturbed (for redevelopment activities); and the future area to be constructed within the disturbed area. (Rounded to nearest 1/100 of an acre.)

Total Site

Total Area To Be Destroyed

Existing Impervious
Area To Be Disturbed

--	--	--	--	--	--

Future Impervious
Area Within
Disturbed Area

--	--	--	--	--	--

Do you plan to disturb more than 5 acres of soil at any one time? ☐ **Yes** ☐ **No**

6. Indicate the percentage of each Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) at the site.

B			%

C			%

D			%

7. Is this a phased project? ☐ Yes ☐ No

8. Enter the planned start and end dates of the disturbance activities.

Start Date

		/			/				
--	--	---	--	--	---	--	--	--	--

End Date

	/		/	
--	---	--	---	--

☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown

[illegible][illegible]

☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Unknown

☐ Yes ☒ No

☐ Yes ☐ No

☐ Yes ☐ No

☐ Yes ☐ No

☐ Yes ☐ No

☐ Yes ☐ No

24. The Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) was prepared by:

- ☐ Professional Engineer (P.E.)
- ☐ Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD)
- ☐ Registered Landscape Architect (R.L.A.)
- ☐ Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC)
- ☐ Owner/Operator
- ☐ Other

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----

SWPPP Preparer

Contact Name (Last, Space, First)

[illegible]

Mailing Address

[illegible]

City

[illegible]

State Zip

		-				
--	--	---	--	--	--	--

Phone

[illegible]

Email

[illegible]

SWPPP Preparer Certificate

I hereby certify that the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for this project has been prepared in accordance with the terms and conditions of the GP-0-15-002. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of this permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.

First Name

[illegible]

MI

--	--

1. Name

[illegible]

Signature

Date _____

		/			/				
--	--	---	--	--	---	--	--	--	--

25. Has a construction sequence schedule for the planned management practices been prepared? ☐ Yes ☐ No

☐ Yes☐ No

26. Select **all** of the erosion and sediment control practices that will be employed on the project site:

Temporary Structural

- ☐ Check Dams
- ☐ Construction Road Stabilization
- ☐ Dust Control
- ☐ Earth Dike
- ☐ Level Spreader
- ☐ Perimeter Dike/Swale
- ☐ Pipe Slope Drain
- ☐ Portable Sediment Tank
- ☐ Rock Dam
- ☐ Sediment Basin
- ☐ Sediment Traps
- ☐ Silt Fence
- ☐ Stabilized Construction Entrance
- ☐ Storm Drain Inlet Protection
- ☐ Straw/Hay Bale Dike
- ☐ Temporary Access Waterway Crossing
- ☐ Temporary Stormdrain
- ☐ Temporary Stormwater Detention
- ☐ Turbidity Curtain

Biotechnic

- Brush Matting
- Wattling

Other

[illegible]

Vegetative Measures

- ☐ Brush Mattings
- ☐ Dune Stabilization
- ☐ Grass Waterway
- ☐ Mowing
- ☐ Protecting Vegetation
- ☐ Recreation Area Improvement
- ☐ Seeding
- ☐ Shrub Plantings
- ☐ Straw Bale Dike
- ☐ Streambank Protection
- ☐ Temporary Seals
- ☐ Vegetating Waterways

Permanent Structural

- ☐ Debris Basin
- ☐ Diversion
- ☐ Grade Stabilization Structure
- ☐ Land Grading
- ☐ Lined Waterway (Rock)
- ☐ Paved Channel (Concrete)
- ☐ Paved Flume
- ☐ Retaining Wall
- ☐ Riprap Slope Protection
- ☐ Rock Outlet Protection
- ☐ Streambank Protection

Post-construction Stormwater Management Practice (SMP) Requirements

Important: Completion of Questions 27-39 is not required if response to Question 22 is No.

27. Identify all site planning practices that were used to prepare the final site plan/layout for the project.

- ☐ Preservation of Undisturbed Areas
- ☐ Preservation of Buffers
- ☐ Reduction of Clearing and Grading
- ☐ Locating Development in Less Sensitive Areas
- ☐ Roadway Reduction
- ☐ Sidewalk Reduction
- ☐ Driveway Reduction
- ☐ Cul-de-sac Reduction
- ☐ Building Footprint Reduction
- ☐ Parking Reduction

27a. Indicate which of the following all restoration criteria was used to address the requirements in Section 5.1.6 ("Soil Restoration" of the Design Manual (2010 version)).

- All disturbed areas will be restored in accordance with the Soil Restoration requirements in Table 5-1 of the Design Manual (see page 5-22).
- Compacted areas were considered as impervious cover when calculating the **WQv Requirement** and the compacted areas are assigned a post-construction Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) designation that is one level less permeable than existing conditions for hydrology analysis.

28. Provide the total Water Quality Volume (WQv) required for this project (based on the plan/la...).

Total WQv = 1.000

. acre-feet

29. Identify the RR techniques (Area Reduction), RR techniques (Volume Reduction) and standard SMPs with RRv Capacity in Table 1 (See Page 9) that were used to reduce the total WQ required (#28).

Also, provide in Table 1 the total impervious area that contributes runoff to each technique/practice selected. For the Area Reduction Techniques, provide the total contributing area (includes pervious area) and, if applicable, the total impervious area that contributes runoff to the technique/practice.

Note: Redevelopment projects shall use Tables 1 and 2 to identify the SMPs used to treat and/or reduce the WQv required. If runoff reduction techniques will not be used to reduce the required WQv, skip to question 33a after identifying the SMPs.

Table 1 - Runoff Reduction (RR) Techniques
and Standard Stormwater Management
Practices (SMPs)

RR Techniques (Area Reduction)	Total Contributing Area (acres)	Total Contributing Impervious Area (acres)
○ Conservation of Natural Areas (RR-1) ...	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	and/or <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Sheetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filters Strips (RR-2)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	and/or <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	and/or <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4) ..	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	and/or <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
RR Techniques (Volume Reduction)		
○ Vegetated Swale (RR-5)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Rain Garden (RR-6)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Stormwater Planter (RR-7)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Porous Pavement (RR-9)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Green Roof (RR-10)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity		
○ Infiltration Trench (I-1)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Infiltration Basin (I-2)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Dry Well (I-3)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Underground Infiltration System (I-4)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Bioretention (F-5)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Dry Swale (O-1)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Standard SMPs		
○ Micropool Extended Detention (P-1)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Wetland (W-1)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Extended Detention (P-2)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Multiple Pond System (P-4)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Pocket Pond (P-5)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Surface Sand Filter (F-1)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Underground Sand Filter (F-2)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Organic Filter (F-4)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Shallow Wetland (W-1)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Extended Detention Wetland (W-2)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Pond/Wetland System (W-3)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Pocket Wetland (W-4)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
○ Wet Swale (O-2)	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>

Table 2 - Alternative SMPs
(DO NOT INCLUDE PRACTICES BEING
USED FOR PRETREATMENT ONLY)

Alternative SMP		Total Contributing Impervious Area (acres)	
<input type="radio"/> Hydrodynamic			
<input type="radio"/> Wet Vault			
<input type="radio"/> Media Filter			
<input type="radio"/> Other			

Provide the name and manufacturer of the Alternative SMPs (e. proprietary practice(s)) being used for WQv treatment.

[illegible]

Note: Redevelopment projects which do not use RR techniques, shall use questions 28, 29, 33 and 33a to provide SMI based total WQv required and total WQv provided for the project.

30. Indicate the Total RRv provided by the RR techniques (a/Volume Reduction) and Standard SMPs with RRv capacity provided in question 29.

Total RRv provided

· acre-feet

31. Is the Total RRv provided (#20) greater than or equal to the total WQv required (#28).

If Yes, go to Question 36.
If No, go to Question 32

☐ Yes ☐ No

32. $P_{min} = \text{Minimum } P \text{ required based on HSG.}$
 $P_{min} = \text{Minimum } P \text{ Required (P) (0.95) (A_i) / 12, A_i = (S) (A_{ic})}$

Minimum RRv Required

--	--	--	--

acre-feet

- 32a. Is the Total RRV provided (#30) greater than or equal to the Minimum RRV Required (#32)?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If Yes, question 33.

Note: Use the space provided in question #39 to summarize the specific site limitations and justification for not reducing 100% of WQv required (#28). A detailed evaluation of the specific site limitations and justification for not reducing 100% of the WQv required (#28) must also be included in the SWPPP.

If No, sizing criteria has not been met, so NOI can not be processed. SWPPP preparer must modify design to meet sizing criteria.

37a. The need to meet the Qp and Qf criteria has been waived because:

- ☐ Site discharges directly to tidal waters or a fifth order or larger stream.
- ☐ Downstream analysis reveals that the Qp and Qf controls are not required

- [illegible]

39. Use this space to summarize the specific site conditions and justification for not reducing 100% of WQv required(#28). (See Section 32a)
This space can also be used for other pertinent project information.

40. Identify other DEC permits, existing and new, that are required for this project/facility.

- [illegible]

41. Does this project require US Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Permit? ☐ Yes ☒ No

If Yes, Indicate Size of Impact.

☐ Yes ☐ No

42. Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, additional land use control MS4?
(If no, skip question 43)

☐ Yes ☐ No

43. Has the "SWPPP Acceptance" form been signed by the principal executive officer or ranking elected official and submitted along with this NOI?

☐ Yes ☐ No

44. If this NOI is being submitted for the purpose of continuing or transferring coverage under a general permit for stormwater runoff from construction activities, please indicate the former SPDES number assigned.

N	Y	P				
---	---	---	--	--	--	--

N	Y	R					
---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--

Owner/Operator Certification

I have read or been advised of the permit conditions and believe that I understand them. I also understand that, under the terms of the permit, there may be reporting requirements. I hereby certify that this document and the corresponding documents were prepared under my direction or supervision. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. I further understand that coverage under the general permit will be identified in the acknowledgment that I will receive as a result of submitting this NOI and can be as long as sixty (60) business days as provided for in the general permit. I also understand that, by submitting this NOI, I am acknowledging that the SWPPP has been developed and will be implemented as the first element of construction, and agreeing to comply with all the terms and conditions of the general permit for which this NOI is being submitted.

Print First Name

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

MI

--

Print Last Name

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Owner/Operator Signature

--

Date

		/				
--	--	---	--	--	--	--

Owner/Operator Signature		Date	
<div></div>		<div></div>	<div></div>

MI

--	--

[illegible]

		/							
--	--	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--



Department of
Environmental
Conservation

NYS Department of Environmental Conservation
Division of Water
625 Broadway, 4th Floor
Albany, New York 12233-3505

MS4 Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Acceptance Form

for

Construction Activities Seeking Authorization Under SPDES General Permit

*(NOTE: Attach Completed Form to Notice Of Intent and Submit to Address Above)

I. Project Owner/Operator Information

1. Owner/Operator Name:

2. Contact Person:

3. Street Address:

4. City/State/Zip:

II. Project Site Information

5. Project/Site Name:

6. Street Address:

7. City/State/Zip:

III. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Review and Acceptance Information

8. SWPPP Reviewed by:

9. Title/Position:

10. Date Final SWPPP Reviewed and Accepted:

IV. Regulated MS4 Information

11. Name of MS4:

12. MS4 SPDES Permit Identification Number: NYR20A _____

13. Contact Person:

14. Street Address:

15. City/State/Zip:

16. Telephone Number:

MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form - continued

V. Certification Statement - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative

I hereby certify that the final Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for the construction project identified in question 5 has been reviewed and meets the substantive requirements in the SPDES General Permit For Stormwater Discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s). Note: The MS4, through the acceptance of the SWPPP, assumes no responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the design included in the SWPPP. In addition, review and acceptance of the SWPPP by the MS4 does not relieve the owner/operator or their SWPPP preparer of responsibility or liability for errors or omissions in the plan.

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Signature:

Date:

VI. Additional Information

APPENDIX 11

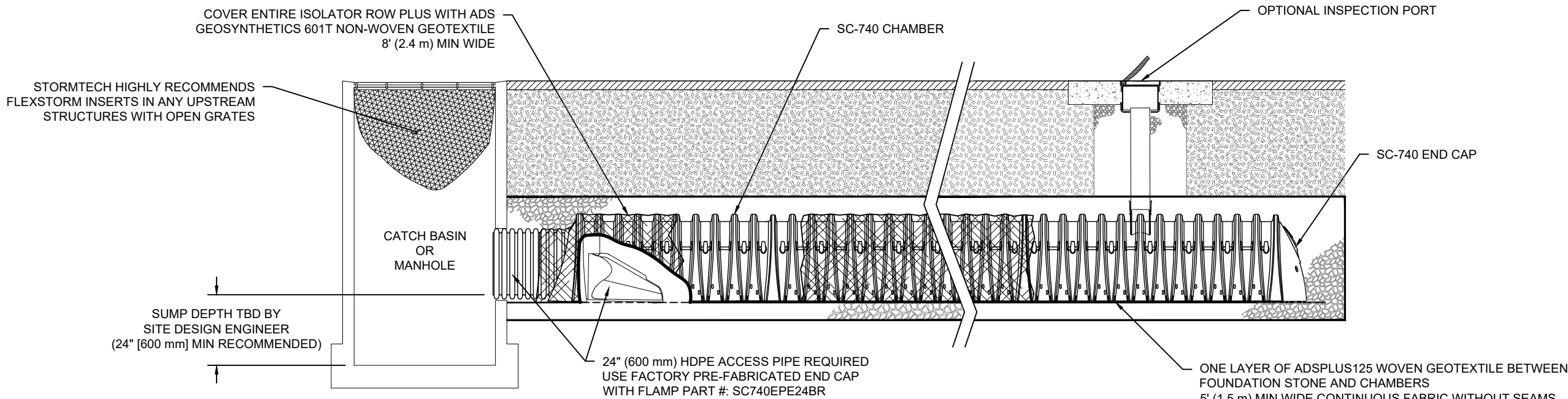
SYSTEM MAINTENANCE AND

OPERATION PROCEDURES,

CONSTRUCTION WASTE

MANAGEMENT & SPILL

PREVENTION PLANS



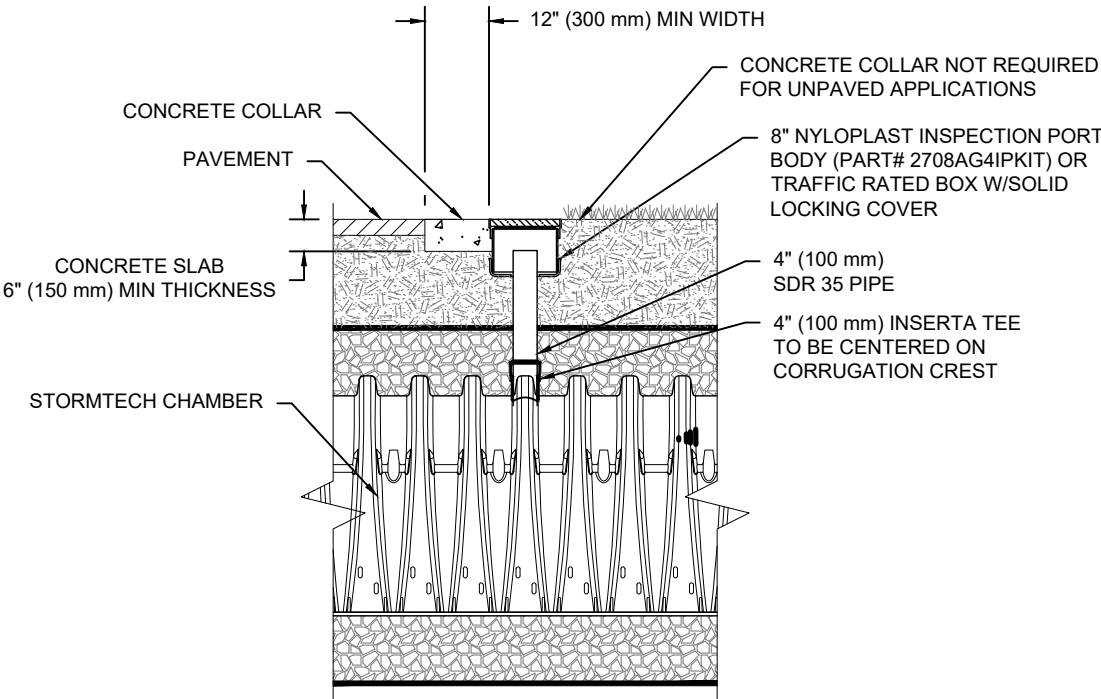
SC-740 ISOLATOR ROW PLUS DETAIL
NTS

INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

- STEP 1) INSPECT ISOLATOR ROW PLUS FOR SEDIMENT
- A. INSPECTION PORTS (IF PRESENT)
 - A.1. REMOVE/OPEN LID ON NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN
 - A.2. REMOVE AND CLEAN FLEXSTORM FILTER IF INSTALLED
 - A.3. USING A FLASHLIGHT AND STADIA ROD, MEASURE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT AND RECORD ON MAINTENANCE LOG
 - A.4. LOWER A CAMERA INTO ISOLATOR ROW PLUS FOR VISUAL INSPECTION OF SEDIMENT LEVELS (OPTIONAL)
 - A.5. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3.
 - B. ALL ISOLATOR PLUS ROWS
 - B.1. REMOVE COVER FROM STRUCTURE AT UPSTREAM END OF ISOLATOR ROW PLUS
 - B.2. USING A FLASHLIGHT, INSPECT DOWN THE ISOLATOR ROW PLUS THROUGH OUTLET PIPE
 - i) MIRRORS ON POLES OR CAMERAS MAY BE USED TO AVOID A CONFINED SPACE ENTRY
 - ii) FOLLOW OSHA REGULATIONS FOR CONFINED SPACE ENTRY IF ENTERING MANHOLE
 - B.3. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3.
- STEP 2) CLEAN OUT ISOLATOR ROW PLUS USING THE JETVAC PROCESS
- A. A FIXED CULVERT CLEANING NOZZLE WITH REAR FACING SPREAD OF 45" (1.1 m) OR MORE IS PREFERRED
 - B. APPLY MULTIPLE PASSES OF JETVAC UNTIL BACKFLUSH WATER IS CLEAN
 - C. VACUUM STRUCTURE SUMP AS REQUIRED
- STEP 3) REPLACE ALL COVERS, GRATES, FILTERS, AND LIDS; RECORD OBSERVATIONS AND ACTIONS.
- STEP 4) INSPECT AND CLEAN BASINS AND MANHOLES UPSTREAM OF THE STORMTECH SYSTEM.

NOTES

- INSPECT EVERY 6 MONTHS DURING THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION. ADJUST THE INSPECTION INTERVAL BASED ON PREVIOUS OBSERVATIONS OF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND HIGH WATER ELEVATIONS.
- CONDUCT JETTING AND VACTORING ANNUALLY OR WHEN INSPECTION SHOWS THAT MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY.



NOTE:
INSPECTION PORTS MAY BE CONNECTED THROUGH ANY CHAMBER CORRUGATION CREST.

4" PVC INSPECTION PORT DETAIL
(SC SERIES CHAMBER)
NTS

DONNELLY SUGARLOAF

TOWN OF CHESTER, NY

DATE:

DRAWN: PP

CHECKED: N/A

PROJECT #:

DESCRIPTION

CHK

DRW

DATE

StormTech®
Chamber System

888-892-2694 | WWW.STORMTECH.COM

4640 TRUEMAN BLVD
HILLIARD, OH 43026
1-800-733-7473

ADS

SHEET

4 OF 5

THIS DRAWING HAS BEEN PREPARED BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED TO ADS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER OR OTHER PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL REVIEW THIS DRAWING PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. IT IS THE ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER TO ENSURE THAT THE PRODUCT(S) DEPICTED AND ALL ASSOCIATED DETAILS MEET ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.

CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT & SPILL PREVENTION PLAN

Early in the construction activities, land clearing materials will be collected and recycled either off site or re-used on site as erosion control materials. During early phase construction activities, cardboard, concrete, metal, wood and general trash collection dumpsters will be on site for collection and processing. As the project progresses, concrete dumpsters will be changed over to drywall collection, site clearing dumpsters will be changed over to finish material containers, etc. Typically, (4) open top containers will be on site for the duration of the project. General waste and cardboard/paper containers will be on site for the duration of the project. The contractor will be responsible for organizing and placing containers on site and timely removal/replacement when containers are filled to capacity. As necessary, the contractor will provide areas of collection or hoppers for subcontractors to utilize for intermediate storage of construction and demolition (CD) materials. All containers will be clearly identified with signage indicating stored materials.

Those CD materials generated on this project will be salvaged and re-processed as listed. The contractor will research available processing sources specific to the job site and make all trades aware of project qualifying CD recyclable materials as follows:

Brick: Materials will be stored on site and palletized by processor who will resell as product.

Cardboard: Materials will be separated on the jobsite and stored within dedicated on-site dumpster and delivered loose to processor. Processor will bale materials and deliver/resell to end market users.

Concrete: Scrap and loose materials will either be crushed on site and used for aggregate or stored within dedicated on-site dumpster and delivered to processor. Processor will reuse or resell materials as clean fill back or crush and use for aggregate.

Metals: Materials will be sorted and stored within dedicated on-site dumpster and delivered to processor. Processor will sell materials to metal recyclers (steel, aluminum, brass, copper, lead, stainless).

Stone and Granite: Materials will be collected on site in piles or containers and processor will palletize and haul materials. Processor will re-sell as product or crushed and use as aggregate.

Plastic, paper goods, and aluminum cans: Materials will be collected on job site within construction trailers, cantina areas, etc. and stored in on-site trailers. Materials will be hauled/recycled by processor.

Drywall: Waste materials will be sorted and collected in dedicated on-site containers or materials will be ground on site and used as an erosion control product. Hauled materials to processor will be processed as a soil amendment or used in alternate fuel mixture.

Wood or Lumber: Materials will be sorted and stored on-site within dedicated on-site containers and either resold as retail lumber by processor or ground and mixed with commercial land

clearing and/or approved materials for erosion control applications. Lumber will need to be clean, no paint or other wood treatment.

Land Clearing Debris: Woody materials (stumps, large limbs) will be ground on-site and used for soil erosion control products or hauled to processor to be ground as re-sold as erosion control products.

Roofing Shingles: Materials will be stored on site and processed as temporary road base, mixed into hot asphalt mix or used as alternate fuel blend or hauled offsite via appropriate methods to an authorized disposal/recycling facility.

Fuel Tanks: On site storage of fuel chemicals shall be equipped with a spill kit. The contractor must provide secondary containment for storing any hazardous chemicals on site.

Equipment storage: All equipment stored on site shall be inspected daily by the contractor for any oil or lubricant spills or leaks. Any leaks shall be repaired immediately. In addition all equipment must be closely inspected prior to working in the Town R.O.W.

Spill Response: The contractor shall clean all spills immediately and shall report all spills to the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.
This Plan will be displayed in the construction jobsite trailer at all times.